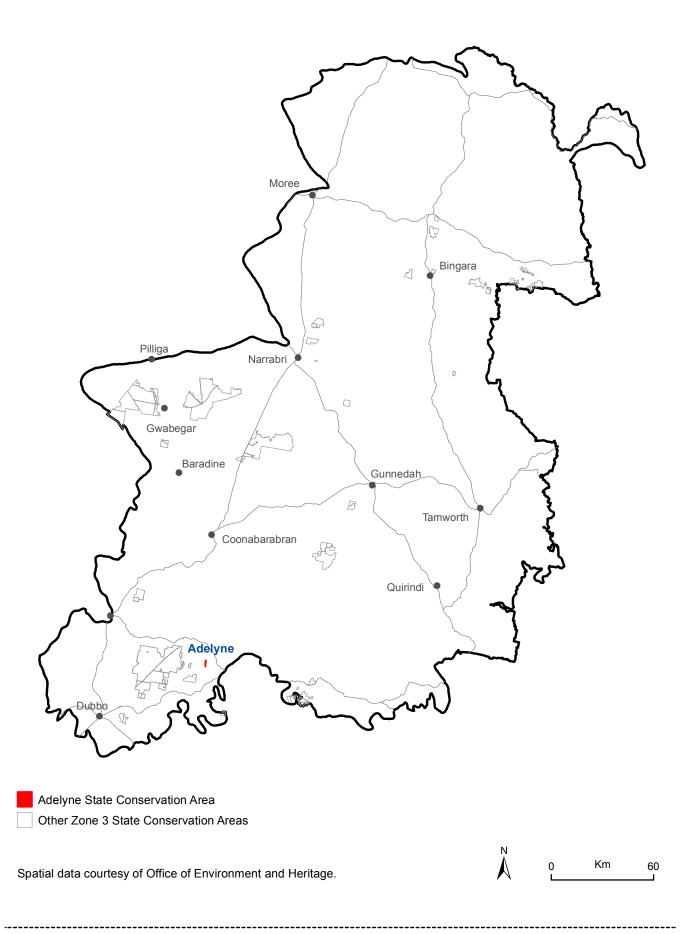
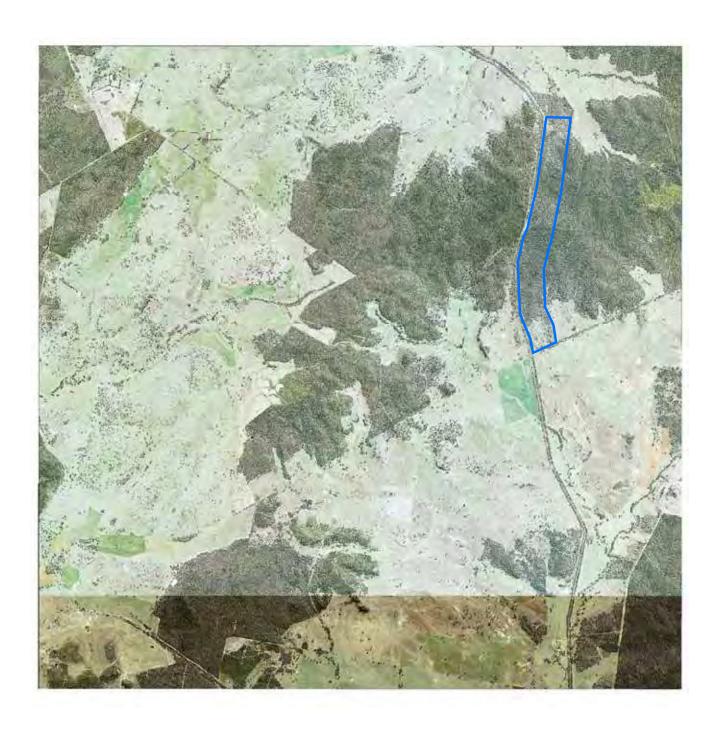
Adelyne State Conservation Area (148 hectares)

Location



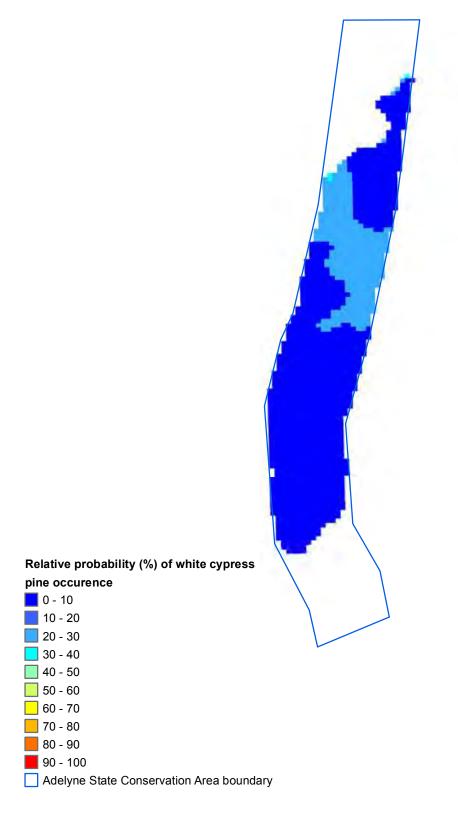
Aerial

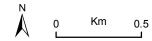


Adelyne State Conservation Area boundary

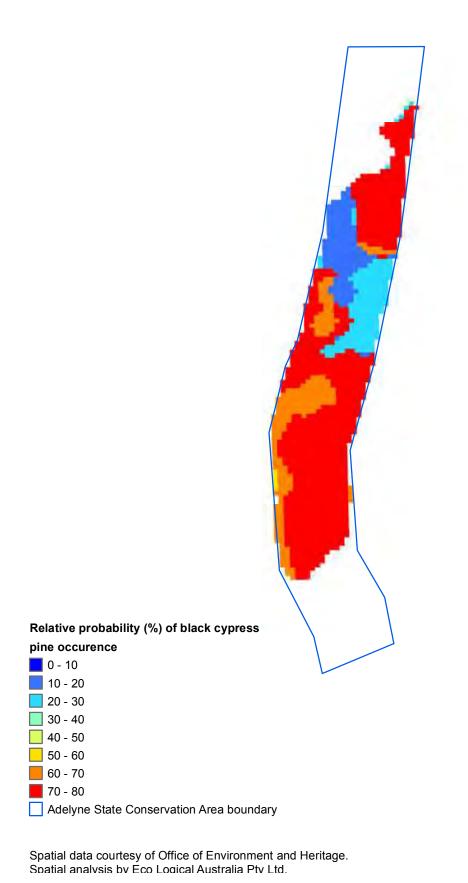


Predicted location - white cypress pine

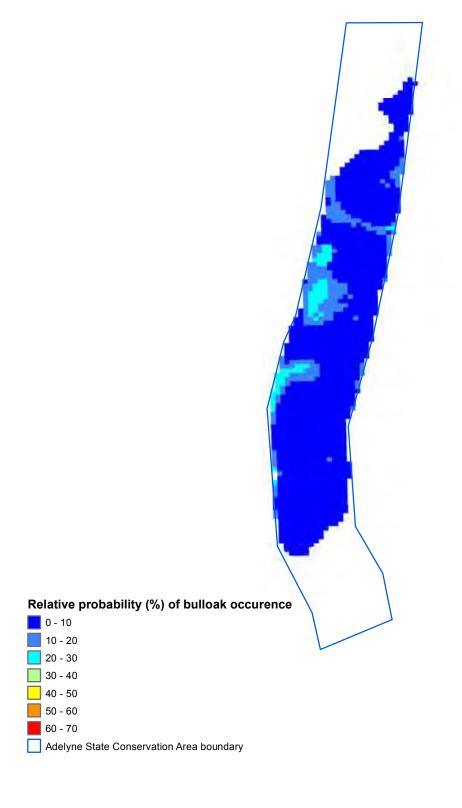




Predicted location - black cypress pine



Predicted location - bulloak



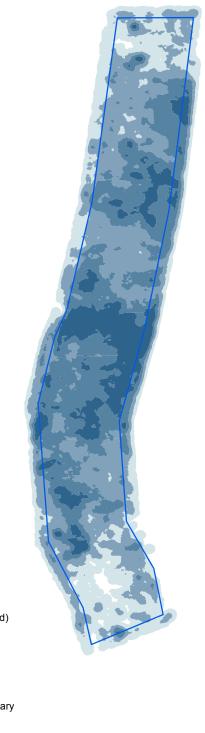


Continuous canopy density surface - cypress pine





Discrete canopy density classes - cypress pine



Canopy density classes

Class 0 (little or no cypress pine detected)

Density slice range 1 to 10

Density slice range 10 to 20

Density slice range 20 to 30

Density slice range 30 to 100

Adelyne State Conservation Area boundary



Summary statistics - spatial analysis

Area of cypress canopy classes (excludes areas affected by wildfire since 2009)		
Class	Total (hectares)	
Class 0 (little or no cypress detected)	4	
Class 1 (1-10 percent)	45	
Class 2 (11-20 percent)	67	
Class 3 (21-30 percent)	59	
Class 4 (>31 percent)	27	

Issues and confidence levels for ADS40 spatial products		
ADS40 image quality Issues Confidence levels		Confidence levels
High Image classification and mapping includes other species		Lower

Summary statistics - general

Lindsay types	Area (hectares)	Proportion of total (%)
Not Typed	145	-

NSW Vegetation classification and assessment (VCA) type	NSW TSC Act ¹	EPBC Act ²
VCA 281: Rough-Barked Apple - red gum - Yellow Box woodland on alluvial clay to loam soils on valley flats in the northern NSW South West Cypress and Brigalow Belt South Bioregions	yes	yes
VCA 440: Red Stringybark - Narrow-leaved Ironbark - Black Cypress Pine - hill red gum sandstone woodland of southern NSW Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	-	-

 $^{^{1}\,\}mathrm{NSW}$ Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995

 $^{^{2}}$ Australian Government Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999

Native species recorded			Number
Flora			-
Fauna			-
Threatened species			
Scientific name	Common name	NSW TSC Act ¹	EPBC Act ²
Flora			
-	-	-	-
Fauna			
-	-	-	-

Cultural heritage - Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal	Number of sites
AHIMS registered sites	0
Heritage items or places of historic significance	no information available

Current management plans	Status
Plan of management	no
Fire management strategy	June 2012
Regional pest management strategy	Northern plains region 2012-17

Fire history	Prescribed burn (hectares)	Wildfire (hectares)
2008-09 - 2012-13	-	-

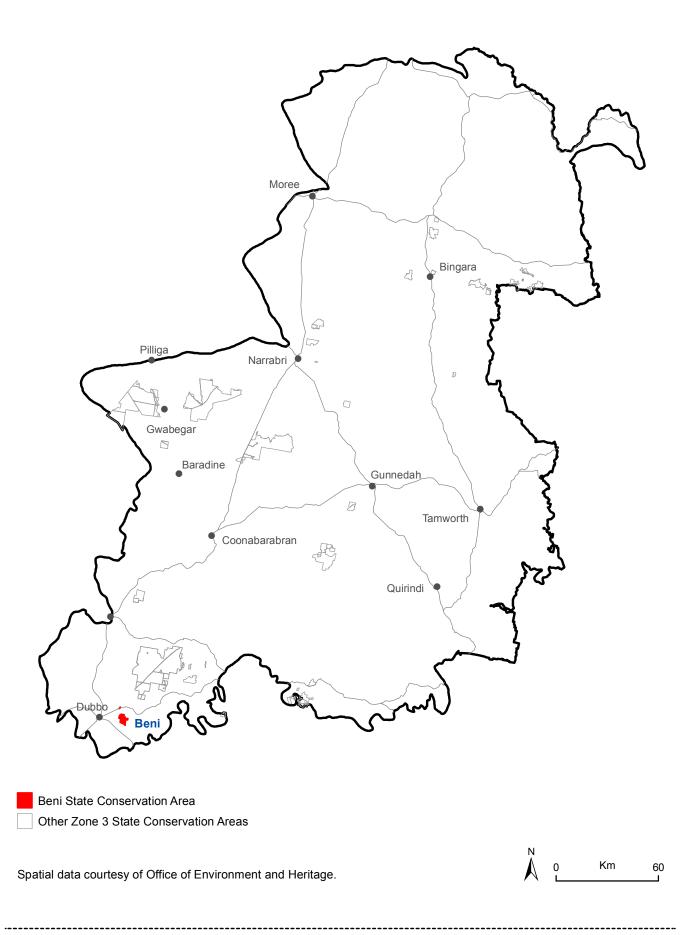
Mining	Number of titles
Exploration	1 coal, 1 petroleum
Application	none

Apiarist sites	
None	

......

Beni State Conservation Area (1,849 hectares)

Location



Aerial

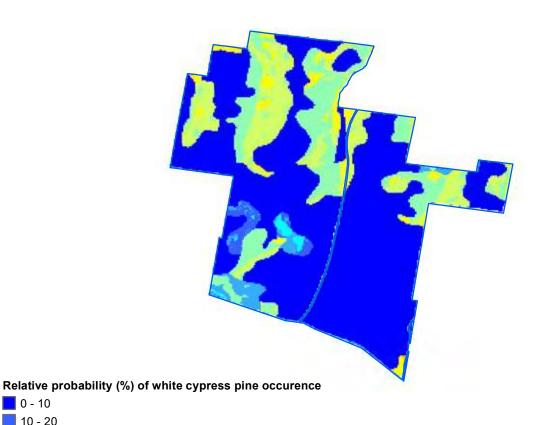


Beni State Conservation Area boundary



Predicted location - white cypress pine





0 - 10 10 - 20

20 - 30

30 - 40

40 - 50 50 - 60

60 - 70

70 - 80

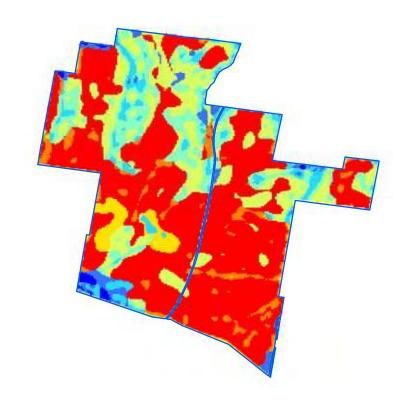
80 - 90 90 - 100

Beni State Conservation Area boundary



Predicted location - black cypress pine





Relative probability (%) of black cypress pine occurence

0 - 10 10 - 20

20 - 30

30 - 40

<u>40 - 50</u>

50 - 60 60 - 70

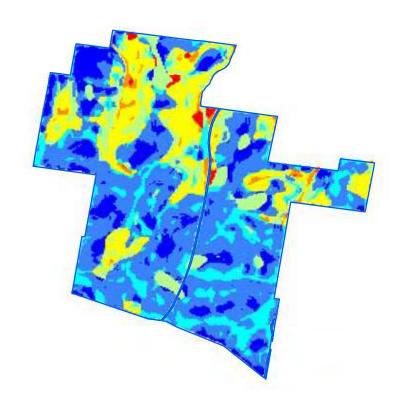
70 - 80

Beni State Conservation Area boundary



Predicted location - bulloak





Relative probability (%) of bulloak occurence

0 - 10
10 - 20
20 - 30
30 - 40
40 - 50
50 - 60
60 - 70

Beni State Conservation Area boundary



Continuous canopy density surface - cypress pine



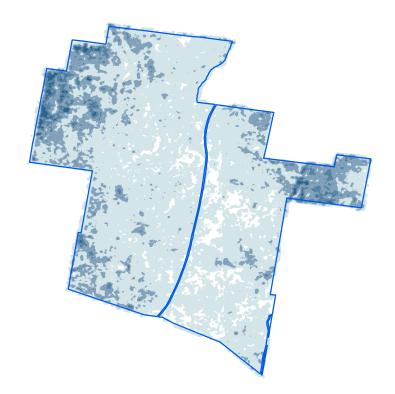


Beni State Conservation Area



Discrete canopy density classes - cypress pine





Canopy density classes

Class 0 (little or no cypress pine detected)

Density slice range 1 to 10

Density slice range 10 to 20

Density slice range 20 to 30

Density slice range 30 to 100

Beni State Conservation Area boundary



Summary statistics - spatial analysis

Area of cypress canopy classes (excludes areas affected by wildfire since 2009)		
Class	Total (hectares)	
Class 0 (little or no cypress detected)	198	
Class 1 (1-10 percent)	1,345	
Class 2 (11-20 percent)	301	
Class 3 (21-30 percent)	70	
Class 4 (>31 percent)	17	

Issues and confidence levels for	or ADS40 spatial products	
ADS40 image quality	Issues	Confidence levels
High	-	Higher

Summary statistics - general

Lindsay types	Area (hectares)	Proportion of total (%)
Black Pine - Narrowleaf Ironbark	458	25
Narrowleaf Ironbark - Black Pine	126	7
Narrowleaf Ironbark - Cypress Pine	510	28
White Box - White Cypress Pine (Lindsay Types)	6	<1
White Cypress Pine - Red Gum	7	<1
White Cypress Pine - Narrowleaf Ironbark	656	36
White Cypress Pine - Grey Box (Lindsay Types)	34	2
Not typed	30	2

NSW Vegetation classification and assessment (VCA) type	NSW TSC Act ¹	EPBC Act ²
VCA 470: Mugga Ironbark - Narrow-leaved Ironbark - Buloke - Black Cypress Pine shrub grass open forest in the Goonoo forests and surrounding region, southern Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	-	-
VCA 468: Narrow-leaved Ironbark - Black Cypress Pine +/- Blakely's Red Gum shrubby open forest on sandstone low hills in the southern Brigalow Belt South Bioregion (including Goonoo)	-	-
VCA 473: Red gum - Rough-barked Apple - Narrow-leaved Ironbark - cypress pine grassy open forest on flats and drainage lines in the Goonoo and surrounding forests, southern Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	-	-
VCA 435: White Box - White Cypress Pine shrub grass hills woodland in the Brigalow Belt South and Nandewar Bioregions	yes	yes
VCA 469: White Cypress Pine - Narrow-leaved Ironbark - Buloke grassy open forest of the Dubbo region, southern Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	-	-

 $^{^{1}\,\}mathrm{NSW}$ Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995

 $^{^{2}}$ Australian Government $\it Environment$ Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999

Native species recorded			Number
Flora			174
Fauna			76
Threatened species			
Scientific name	Common name	NSW TSC Act ¹	EPBC Act ²
Flora			
-	-	-	-
Fauna			
Chthonicola sagittata	Speckled warbler	V	-
Pomatostomus temporalis temporalis	Grey-crowned babbler (eastern subspecies)	V	-
Daphoenositta chrysoptera	Varied sittella	V	-
Petroica boodang	Scarlet robin	V	-
Petaurus norfolcensis	Squirrel glider	V	-
Lophoictinia isura	Square-tailed kite	V	-

Summary statistics - general

Cultural heritage - Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal	Number of sites
AHIMS registered sites	3
Heritage items or places of historic significance	3

Current management plans	Status
Plan of management	no
Fire management strategy	June 2009
Regional pest management strategy	Northern plains region 2012-17

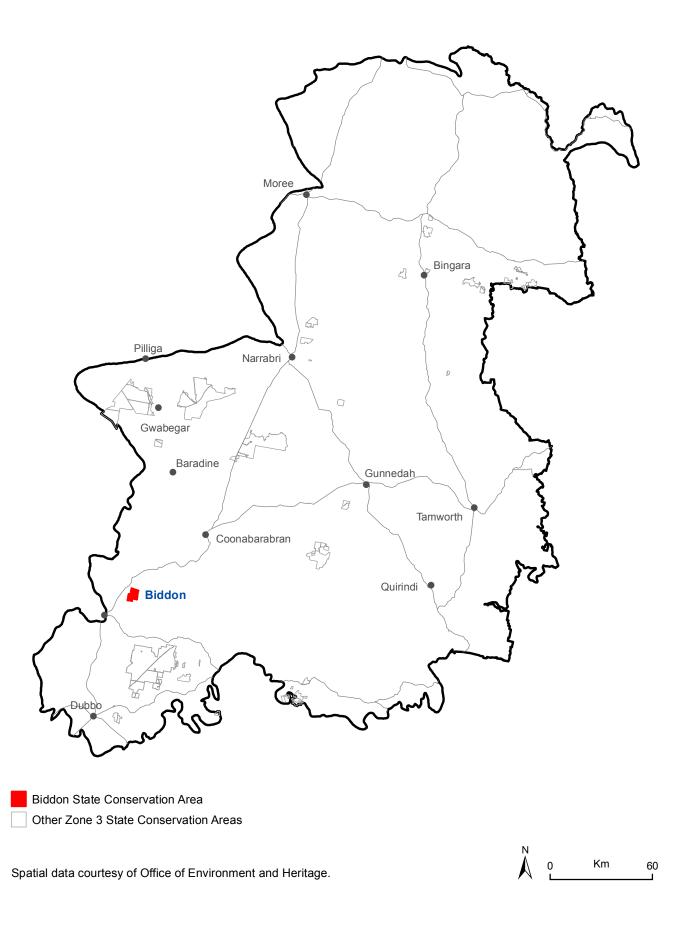
Fire history	Prescribed burn (hectares)	Wildfire (hectares)
2010-11	9	-
2012-13	26	-

Mining	Number of titles
Exploration	none
Application	1 petroleum

Apiarist sites	
None	

Biddon State Conservation Area (3,352 hectares)

Location



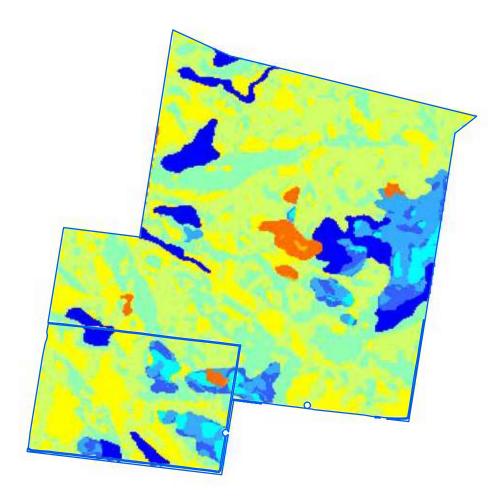
Aerial



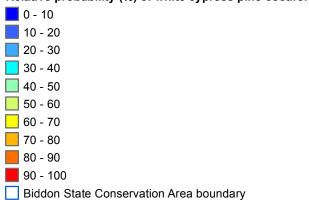
Biddon State Conservation Area boundary

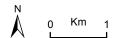


Predicted location - white cypress pine

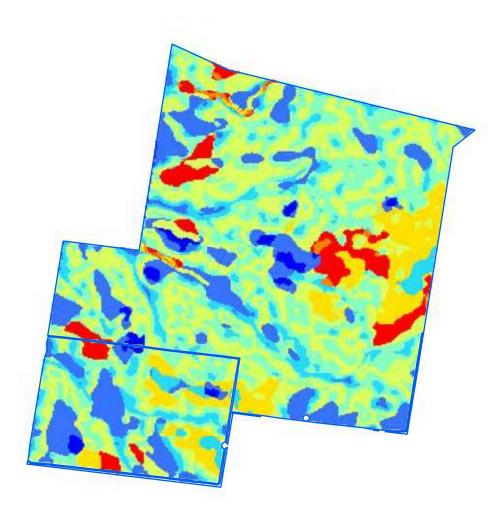






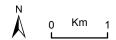


Predicted location - black cypress pine

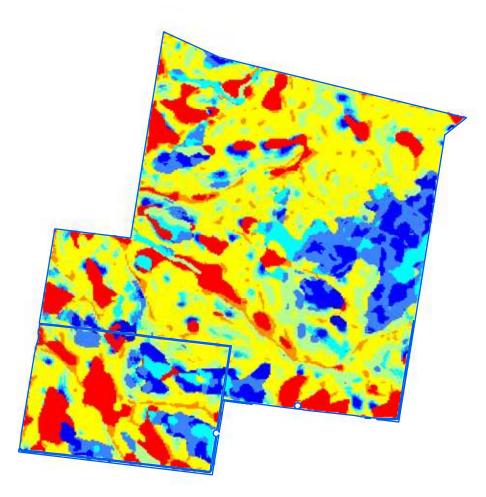


Relative probability (%) of black cypress pine occurence

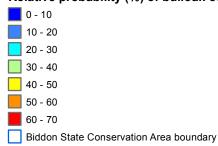
0 - 10
 10 - 20
 20 - 30
 30 - 40
 40 - 50
 50 - 60
 60 - 70
 70 - 80
 Biddon State Conservation Area boundary



Predicted location - bulloak

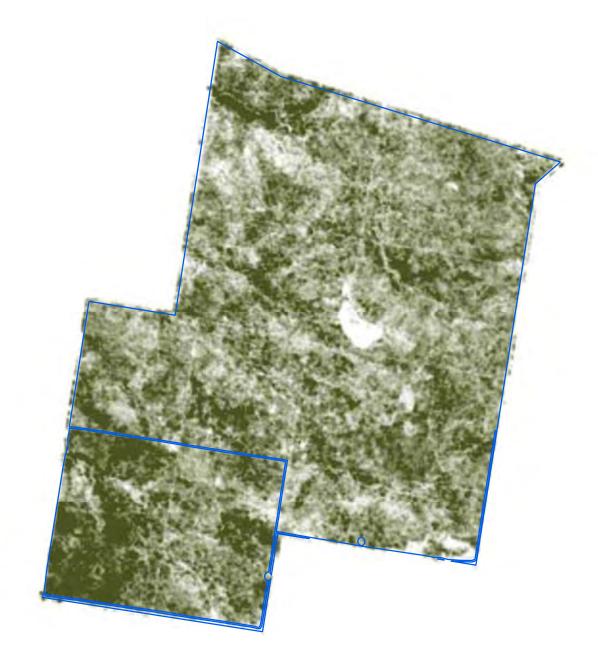


Relative probability (%) of bulloak occurence





Continuous canopy density surface - cypress pine



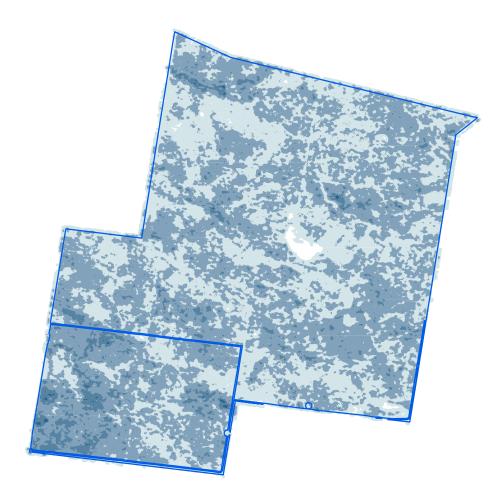
More dense canopy

Less dense canopy

Biddon State Conservation Area boundary



Discrete canopy density classes - cypress pine



Canopy density classes

Class 0 (little or no cypress pine detected)

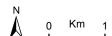
Density slice range 1 to 10

Density slice range 10 to 20

Density slice range 20 to 30

Density slice range 30 to 100

Biddon State Conservation Area boundary



Summary statistics - spatial analysis

Area of cypress canopy classes (excludes areas affected by wildfire since 2009)		
Class	Total (hectares)	
Class 0 (little or no cypress detected)	48	
Class 1 (1-10 percent)	1,438	
Class 2 (11-20 percent)	1,786	
Class 3 (21-30 percent)	207	
Class 4 (>31 percent)	7	

Issues and confidence levels for ADS40 spatial products		
ADS40 image quality	Issues	Confidence levels
High	-	Higher

Summary statistics - general

Lindsay types	Area (hectares)	Proportion of total (%)
Red Gum - Roughbark Apple - White Cypress Pine (Lindsay Types)	4	<1
Red Gum - Narrowleaf Ironbark - White Cypress Pine (Lindsay Types)	120	4
Red Gum - Narrowleaf Ironbark - Cypress Pine	7	<1
Broom (Melaleuca uncinata)	62	2
Narrowleaf Ironbark (Lindsay Types)	26	1
Narrowleaf Ironbark - Forest Oak - White Cypress Pine (Lindsay Types)	2,153	65
Mallee (Lindsay Types)	2	<1
Broadleaf Ironbark - Red Gum	22	1
Broadleaf Ironbark - Black Pine	201	6
White Cypress Pine - Red Gum - Roughbark Apple (Lindsay Types)	5	<1
White Cypress Pine - Narrowleaf Ironbark - Red Gum (Lindsay Types)	3	<1
White Cypress Pine - Narrowleaf Ironbark - Forest Oak (Lindsay Types)	674	20
Pilliga Box - White Cypress Pine (Lindsay Types)	29	1
White Cypress Pine - Pilliga Box (Lindsay Types)	15	<1

NSW Vegetation classification and assessment (VCA) type	NSW TSC Act ¹	EPBC Act ²
VCA 467: Blue-leaved Ironbark - Black Cypress Pine shrubby sandstone open forest in the southern BBS Bioregion (including Goonoo)	-	-
VCA 141: Broombush - wattle very tall shrubland of the Pilliga to Goonoo regions, Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	-	-
VCA 256: Green Mallee tall mallee woodland on rises in the Pilliga - Goonoo regions, southern BBS Bioeregion	-	-
VCA 470: Mugga Ironbark - Narrow-leaved Ironbark - Buloke - Black Cypress Pine shrub grass open forest in the Goonoo forests and surrounding region, southern BBS Bioregion	-	-
VCA 468: Narrow-leaved Ironbark - Black Cypress Pine +/- Blakely's Red Gum shrubby open forest on sandstone low hills in the southern BBS Bioregion (including Goonoo)	-	-
VCA 88: Pilliga Box - White Cypress Pine - Buloke shrubby woodland in the Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	-	-
VCA 473: Red gum - Rough-barked Apple - Narrow-leaved Ironbark - cypress pine grassy open forest on flats and drainage lines in the Goonoo and surrounding forests, southern BBS Bioregion	-	-
VCA 425: Spur-wing Wattle heath on sandstone substrates in the Goonoo - Pilliga forests, Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	-	-
VCA 469: White Cypress Pine - Narrow-leaved Ironbark - Buloke grassy open forest of the Dubbo region, southern Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	-	-

 $^{^{1}\,\}mathrm{NSW}$ Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995

 $^{^2\,}Australian\,Government\,\textit{Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation}\,Act\,1999$

Native species recorded	Number
Flora	283
Fauna	113

Summary statistics - general

Threatened species			
Scientific name	Common name	NSW TSC Act ¹	EPBC Act ²
Flora			
-	-	-	-
Fauna			
Calyptorhynchus lathami	Glossy black-cockatoo	V	-
Ninox connivens	Barking owl	V	-
Climacteris picumnus victoriae	Brown treecreeper (eastern subspecies)	V	-
Chthonicola sagittata	Speckled warbler	V	-
Pomatostomus temporalis temporalis	Grey-crowned babbler (eastern subspecies)	V	-
Daphoenositta chrysoptera	Varied sittella	V	-
Phascolarctos cinereus	Koala	V	V

Cultural heritage - Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal	Number of sites
AHIMS registered sites	42
Heritage items or places of historic significance	3

Current management plans	Status
Plan of management	October 2012

The Biddon State Conservation Area (3,352 hectares) is located 15km north-west of Gilgandra, in the Pilliga sub-region of the Brigalow Belt South Bioregion. In the long term it is intended for Biddon State Conservation Area to become a national park and due to this the management of the area will be guided as far as possible by the management principles for national parks.

Specific management directions: Management of the state conservation area will focus on the protection of the significant vegetation communities, the protection of Aboriginal heritage, and encouragement of the use of the state conservation area for educational purposes. Major strategies to achieve these objectives are:

- on-going fire management so that people and property are protected from wildfire, and the state conservation area's conservation values are maintained;
- on-going control of weeds and pest animal species to minimise their impact on the state conservation area's values;
- protection and, where necessary, restoration of natural vegetation;
- protection of cultural heritage places with community involvement, in particular from members of the local Aboriginal community; and
- provision for opportunities for low key, independent recreation.

Fire management strategy	April 2013
Regional pest management strategy	Northern plains region 2012-17

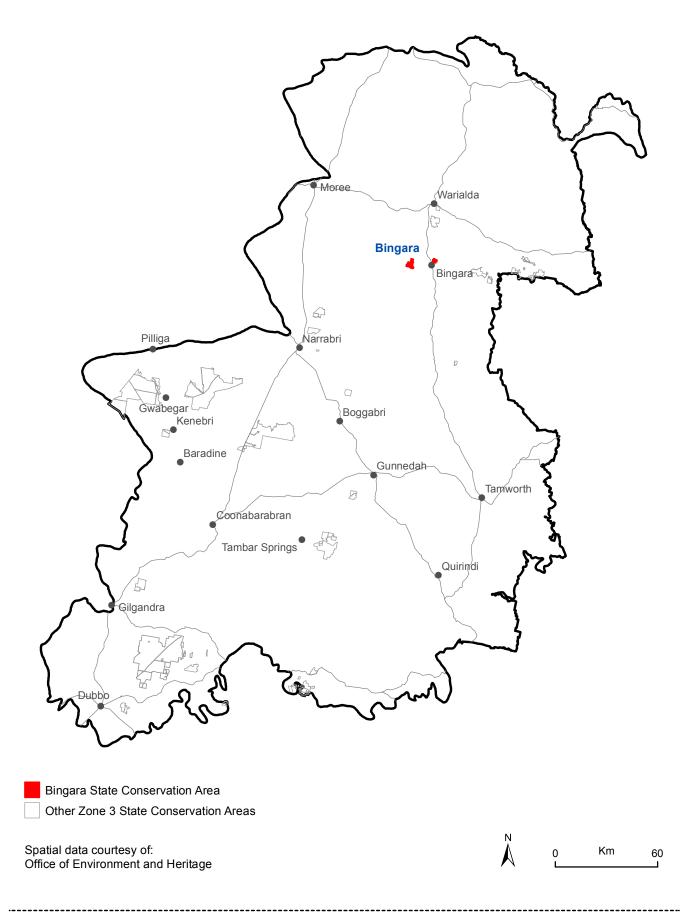
Fire history	Prescribed burn (hectares)	Wildfire (hectares)
2005-06	11	-

Mining	Number of titles
Exploration	1 petroleum
Application	none

Apiarist sites	
None	

Bingara State Conservation Area (1,979 hectares)

Location



Aerial





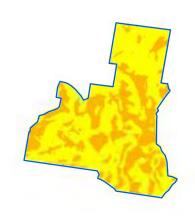
Bingara State Conservation Area boundary

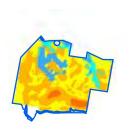
ADS40 Airborne Digital Sensor data. Spatial data courtesy of Office of Environment and Heritage. Spatial analysis by Remote Census Pty Ltd (2014).



0 Km

Predicted location - white cypress pine





Relative probability (%) of white cypress pine occurence

0 - 10 10 - 20

20 - 30 30 - 40

40 - 50

50 - 60

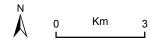
60 - 70

70 - 80

80 - 90

90 - 100

Bingara State Conservation Area boundary



Predicted location - black cypress pine





Relative probability (%) of black cypress pine occurence

0 - 10

10 - 20

20 - 30

30 - 40

40 - 50

50 - 60

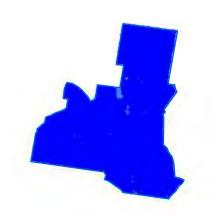
60 - 70

70 - 80

Bingara State Conservation Area boundary



Predicted location - bulloak





Relative probability (%) of bulloak occurence





Continuous canopy density surface - cypress pine





- More dense canopy

 Less dense canopy
- Bingara State Conservation Area boundary



Discrete canopy density classes - cypress pine





Canopy density classes

Class 0 (little or no cypress pine detected)

Density slice range 1 to 10

Density slice range 10 to 20

Density slice range 20 to 30

Density slice range 30 to 100

Bingara State Conservation Area boundary



Bingara State Conservation Area

Summary statistics - spatial analysis

Area of cypress canopy classes (excludes areas affected by wildfire since 2009)		
Class	Total (hectares)	
Class 0 (little or no cypress detected)	146	
Class 1 (1-10 percent)	875	
Class 2 (11-20 percent)	678	
Class 3 (21-30 percent)	315	
Class 4 (>31 percent)	113	

Issues and confidence levels for ADS40 spatial products		
ADS40 image quality Issues Confidence levels		
Medium Image classification and mapping Lower includes other species		oping Lower

Bingara State Conservation Area

Summary statistics - general

Lindsay types	Area (hectares)	Proportion of total (%)
White Box	30	2
Western Red Gums - White Box (E.albens)	7	<1
White Cypress Pine (<i>Callitris glaucophylla</i>) in association with Silverleaved Ironbark (<i>E. melanophloia</i>) - Tumbledown Red Gum (<i>E. dealbata</i>)	46	2
White Cypress Pine (<i>Callitris glaucophylla</i>) - Silverleaved Ironbark (<i>E. melanophloia</i>) in association with Western Scrub	12	1
White Cypress Pine (Callitris glaucophylla) - Silverleaved Ironbark (E. melanophloia)	228	11
Silverleaved Ironbark (E.melanophloia) over Western Scrub	39	2
Silverleaved Ironbark (E. melanophloia) - White Box (E. albens)	32	2
Caley's Ironbark (E. caleyi) - Tumbledown Red Gum (E. dealbata)	42	2
Silverleaved Ironbark (E.melanophloia) - Tumbledown Red Gum (E.dealbata)	19	1
Silverleaved Ironbark	55	3
Silverleaved Ironbark (E.melanophloia), cleared areas present	1	<1
Cleared with Settlements, Roads, Gravels Pits, etc	2	<1
Water Surfaces	2	<1
Not typed	1,467	74

NSW Vegetation classification and assessment (VCA) type	NSW TSC Act ¹	EPBC Act ²
VCA 112: Black Tea-tree - River Oak - Wilga riparian low forest/shrubland wetland of rich soil depressions in the Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	-	-
VCA 445: Brigalow viney scrub open forest on loamy soils in low hill landscapes in the northern Brigalow Belt South Bioregion NSW	yes	yes
VCA 147: Mock Olive - Wilga - Peach Bush - Carissa semi-evergreen vine thicket (dry rainforest) mainly on basalt soils in the Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	yes	yes
VCA 528: Mugga Ironbark - Blakely's Red Gum open forest of the Nandewar and New England Tablelands Bioregions	nominated	-
VCA 88: Pilliga Box - White Cypress Pine - Buloke shrubby woodland in the Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	-	-
VCA 511: Queensland Bluegrass - Redleg Grass - Rats Tail Grass - spear grass - panic grass derived grassland of the Nandewar and Brigalow Belt South Bioregions	-	-
VCA 78: River Red Gum riparian tall woodland / open forest wetland in the Nandewar and Brigalow Belt South Bioregions	-	-
VCA 598: Silver-leaved Ironbark - White Box - White Cypress Pine viney scrub woodland in the Nandewar and Brigalow Belt South Bioregions	-	-
VCA 594: Silver-leaved Ironbark - White Cypress Pine shrubby open forest of Brigalow Belt South and Nandewar Bioregions	-	-
VCA 460: Tumbledown Gum - ironbark - Porcupine Grass hummock grassland / low woodland of the Mount Kaputar to Bingara region, Nandewar Bioregion	-	-
VCA 562: Tumbledown Red Gum - White Cypress Pine - Caley's Ironbark shrubby open forest of the Nandewar and western New England Tablelands Bioregions	-	-
VCA 597: White Box - cypress pine - Silver-leaved Ironbark shrub grass open forest / woodland of the northern Brigalow Belt South and Nandewar Bioregions	-	-

Bingara State Conservation Area

Summary statistics - general

NSW Vegetation classification and assessment (VCA) type	NSW TSC Act ¹	EPBC Act ²
VCA 564: White Cypress Pine - Silver-leaved Ironbark - Caley's Ironbark open forest of the central Nandewar and western New England Tablelands Bioregions	-	-
VCA 547: Wild Quince - Mock Olive - Rusty Fig - Iamboto - Sweet Pittosporum dry rainforest of rocky and scree areas of the Nandewar and New England Tablelands Bioregions	yes	yes

¹NSW Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995

² Australian Government Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999

Native species recorded			Number
Flora			335
Fauna			38
Threatened species			
Scientific name	Common name	NSW TSC Act ¹	EPBC Act ²
Flora			
-	-	-	-
Fauna			
Alectura lathami	Australian brush-turkey population in the Nandewar and Brigalow Belt South Bioregions	E2	-
Neophema pulchella	Turquoise parrot	V	-
Climacteris picumnus victoriae	Brown treecreeper (eastern subspecies)	V	-
Chthonicola sagittata	Speckled warbler	V	-
Melithreptus gularis gularis	Black-chinned honeyeater (eastern subspecies)	V	-
Stagonopleura guttata	Diamond firetail	V	-
Petaurus norfolcensis	Squirrel glider	V	-

Cultural heritage - Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal	Number of sites
AHIMS registered sites	2
Heritage items or places of historic significance	no information available

Current management plans	Status
Plan of management	no
Fire management strategy	June 2008
Regional pest management strategy	Northern plains region 2012-17

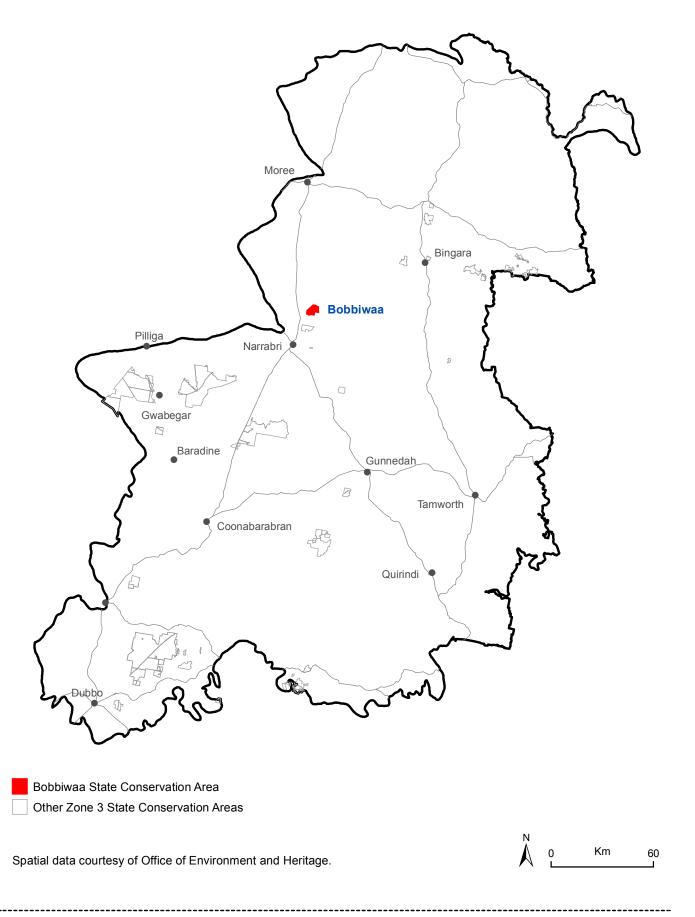
Fire history	Prescribed burn (hectares)	Wildfire (hectares)
2011-12	6	-

Mining	Number of titles
Exploration	1 petroleum, 3 mineral
Application	1 petroleum

Apiarist sites	
1	

Bobbiwaa State Conservation Area (2,688 hectares)

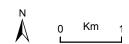
Location



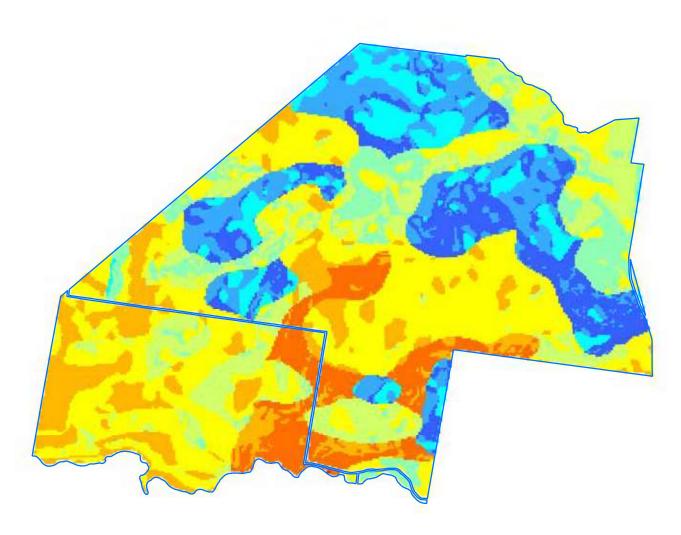
Aerial

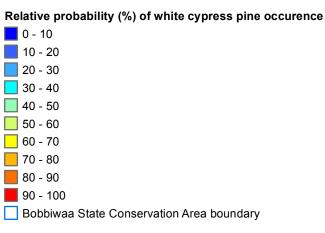


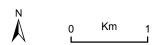
Bobbiwaa State Conservation Area boundary



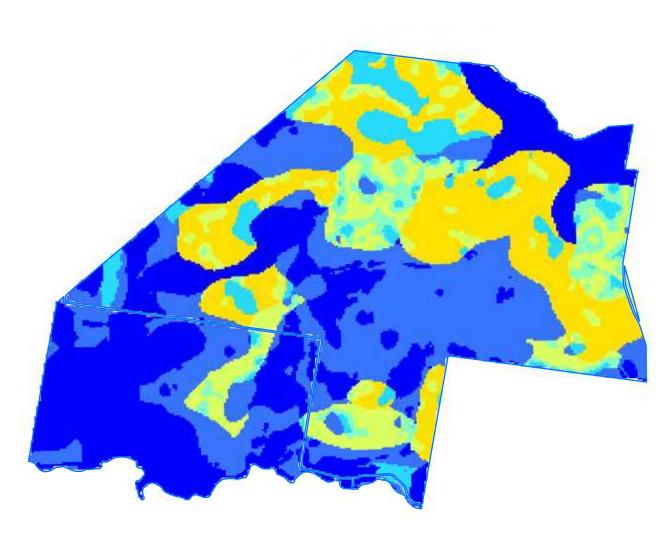
Predicted location - white cypress pine

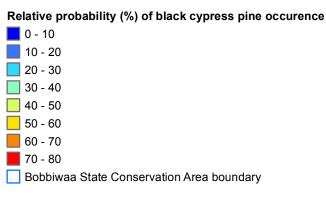






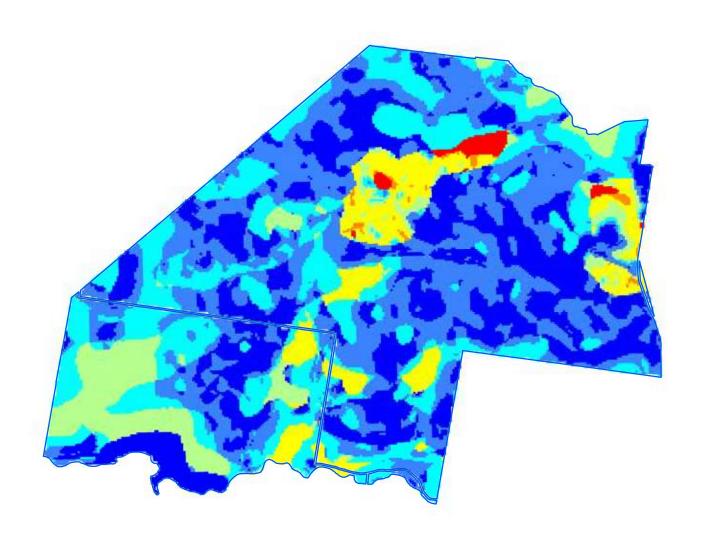
Predicted location - black cypress pine







Predicted location - bulloak

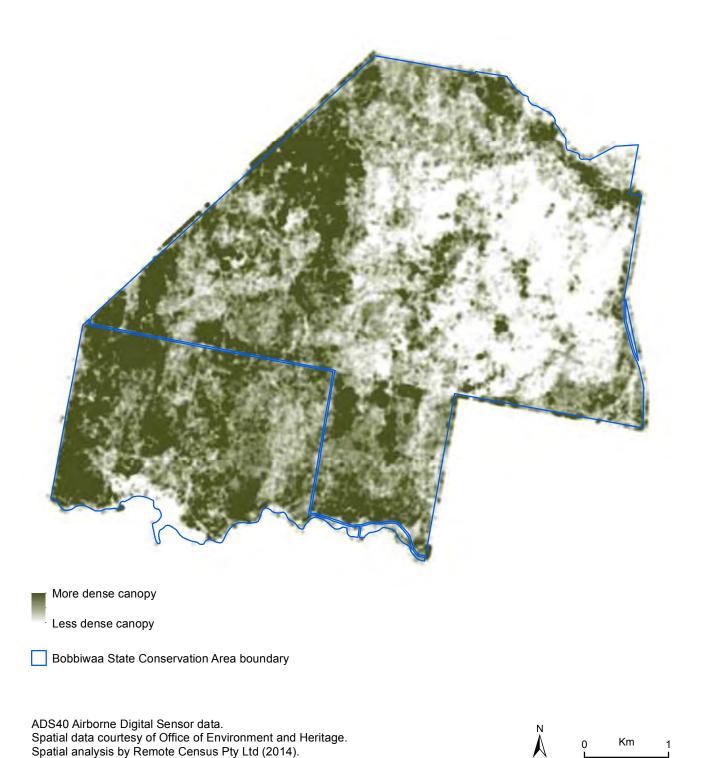


Relative probability (%) of bulloak occurence

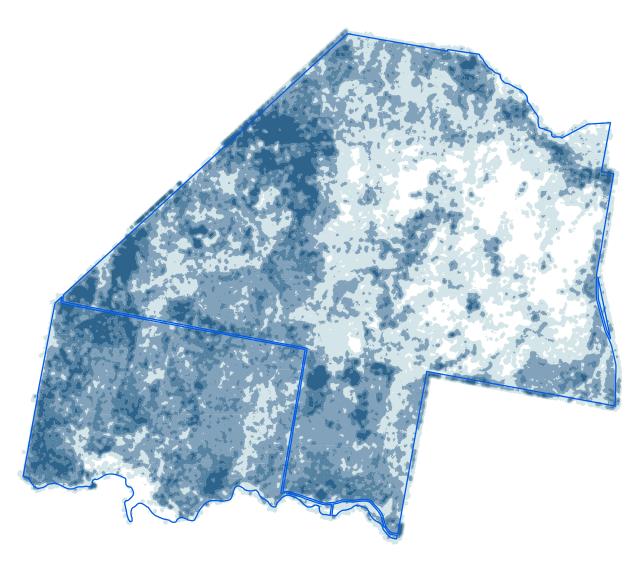




Continuous canopy density surface - cypress pine



Discrete canopy density classes - cypress pine



Canopy density classes

Class 0 (little or no cypress pine detected)

Density slice range 1 to 10

Density slice range 10 to 20

Density slice range 20 to 30

Density slice range 30 to 100

Bobbiwaa State Conservation Area boundary



Summary statistics - spatial analysis

Area of cypress canopy classes (excludes areas affected by wildfire since 2009)		
Class	Total (hectares)	
Class 0 (little or no cypress detected)	304	
Class 1 (1-10 percent)	888	
Class 2 (11-20 percent)	941	
Class 3 (21-30 percent)	475	
Class 4 (>31 percent)	213	

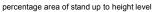
Issues and confidence levels for ADS40 spatial products			
ADS40 image quality	Issues	Confidence levels	
High	-	Higher	

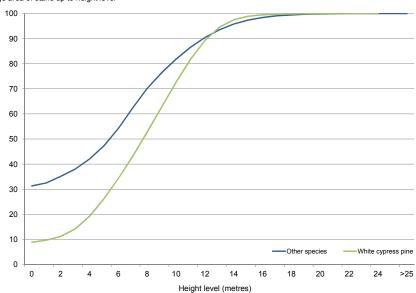
Summary statistics - spatial analysis

Light detection and ranging (LiDAR) data and analysis

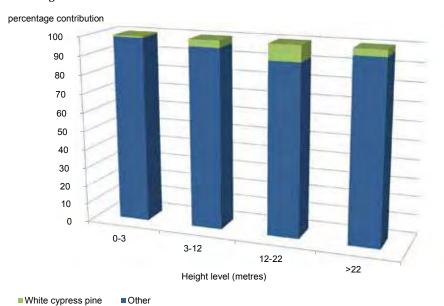
Cumulative height and percentage cover charts show the average cumulative height for white cypress pine and other species, averaged over the State Conservation Area. The figures also show the relative proportion of white cypress pine cover and other species' cover within four height classes, averaged over the State Conservation Area.

Cumulative height chart





Percentage cover chart



Key insights include:

- Higher proportion of mid-size white cypress pine and fewer small and large white cypress trees (note relatively steep slope of cypress curve between 6 and 14 metres, which contains about 70 percent of total cypress cover).
- Relatively little area of white cypress pine cover in the 0 3 metre height range.
- Most white cypress pine cover occurs in the 12 22 metre height range.
- Average white cypress pine cover contribution is 3.1 percent across all height classes.

Summary statistics - general

Lindsay types	Area (hectares)	Proportion of total (%)
Not typed	27	1
Belah (Lindsay Types)	34	1
Red Gum - Bloodwood - Black Pine	43	2
Red Gum - Bloodwood - White Cypress Pine (Lindsay Types)	665	25
Narrowleaf Ironbark - Forest Oak - White Cypress Pine (Lindsay Types)	63	2
White Cypress Pine - Red Gum - Smoothbark Apple (Lindsay Types)	173	7
Cypress Pine - Red Gum (blakeyi) - Forest Oak	247	9
White Cypress Pine - Narrowleaf Ironbark - Forest Oak (Lindsay Types)	147	6
Bimble Box - White Cypress Pine (Lindsay Types)	151	6
Pilliga Box - White Cypress Pine (Lindsay Types)	80	3
White Cypress Pine - White Box (Lindsay Types)	15	1
White Cypress Pine - Silverleaf Ironbark (Lindsay Types)	717	27
White Cypress Pine - Bimble Box (Lindsay Types)	112	4
White Cypress Pine - Pilliga Box (Lindsay Types)	121	5
White Cypress Pine - Bloodwood - Red Gum (Lindsay Types)	14	1
Evidence of clearing by man (Lindsay Types)	51	2

NSW Vegetation classification and assessment (VCA) type	NSW TSC Act ¹	EPBC Act ²
VCA 112: Black Tea-tree - River Oak - Wilga riparian low forest/shrubland wetland of rich soil depressions in the Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	-	1
VCA 428: Carbeen - White Cypress Pine - Curracabah - White Box tall woodland on sand in the Narrabri - Warialda region of the Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	yes	-
VCA 398: Narrow-leaved Ironbark - White Cypress Pine - Buloke tall open forest on lower slopes and flats in the Pilliga Scrub and surrounding forests in the central north Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	-	-
VCA 56: Poplar Box - Belah woodland on clay-loam soils on alluvial plains of north-central NSW	-	•
VCA 78: River Red Gum riparian tall woodland / open forest wetland in the Nandewar and Brigalow Belt South Bioregions	-	-
VCA 422: Smooth-barked Apple - cypress pine - Narrow-leaved Ironbark - White Bloodwood tall heathy woodland of the Pilliga forests to Warialda region, Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	-	-
VCA 27: Weeping Myall open woodland of the Darling Riverine Plains and Brigalow Belt South Bioregions	yes	yes
VCA 145: Western Rosewood - Wilga - Wild Orange - Belah low woodland of the Brigalow Belt South and eastern Darling Riverine Plains Bioregions	-	-
VCA 431: White Bloodwood - Dirty Gum - cypress pine shrubby low woodland on sandy soils in the Narrabri to Warialda region, Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	-	-
VCA 418: White Cypress Pine - Silver-leaved Ironbark - Wilga shrub grass woodland of the Narrabri-Yetman region, Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	-	-

¹NSW Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995

 $^{^{2}}$ Australian Government $\it Environment$ Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999

Summary statistics - general

Native species recorded			Number
Flora			286
Fauna			111
Threatened species			
Scientific name	Common name	NSW TSC Act ¹	EPBC Act ²
Flora			
-	-	-	-
Fauna			
Glossopsitta pusilla	Little lorikeet	V	-
Neophema pulchella	Turquoise parrot	V	-
Ninox connivens	Barking owl	V	-
Tyto novaehollandiae	Masked owl	V	-
Climacteris picumnus victoriae	Brown treecreeper (eastern subspecies)	V	-
Chthonicola sagittata	Speckled warbler	V	-
Daphoenositta chrysoptera	Varied sittella	V	-
Phascolarctos cinereus	Koala	V	V
Petaurus norfolcensis	Squirrel glider	V	-
Saccolaimus flaviventris	Yellow-bellied sheathtail-bat	V	-
Nyctophilus corbeni	Corben's long-eared bat	V	V

Cultural heritage - Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal	Number of sites
AHIMS registered sites	4
Heritage items or places of historic significance	1

Current management plans	Status
Plan of management	no
Fire management strategy	April 2009
Regional pest management strategy	Northern plains region 2012-17

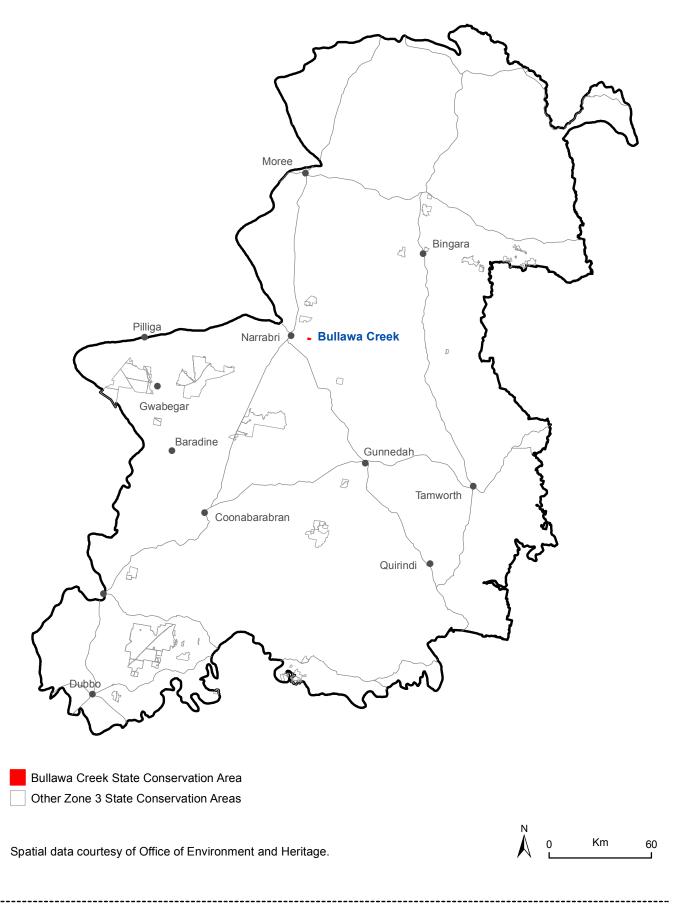
Fire history	Prescribed burn (hectares)	Wildfire (hectares)
2008-09	488	-
2012-13	-	1

Mining	Number of titles
Exploration	2 petroleum
Application	none

Apiarist sites	
None	

Bullawa Creek State Conservation Area (99 hectares)

Location



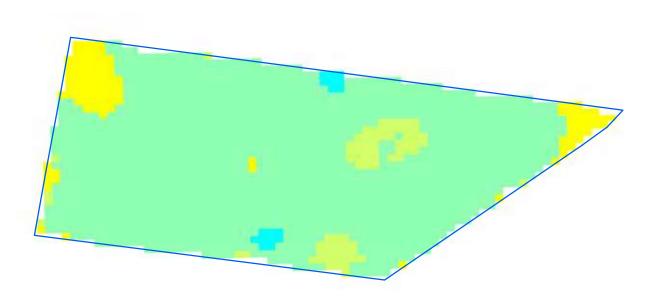
Aerial

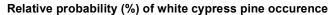


Bullawa Creek State Conservation Area boundary



Predicted location - white cypress pine







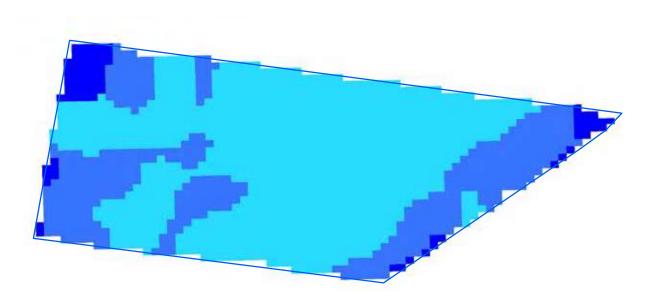
60 - 70

70 - 80 80 - 90

90 - 100
Bullawa Creek State Conservation Area boundary



Predicted location - black cypress pine



Relative probability (%) of black cypress pine occurence

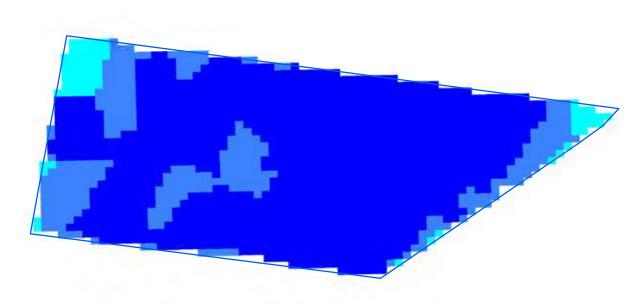
0 - 10 10 - 20 20 - 30 30 - 40 40 - 50 50 - 60 60 - 70 70 - 80

Spatial data courtesy of Office of Environment and Heritage. Spatial analysis by Eco Logical Australia Pty Ltd.

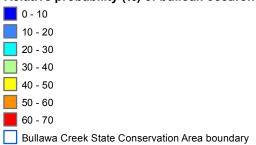
Bullawa Creek State Conservation Area boundary

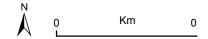


Predicted location - bulloak

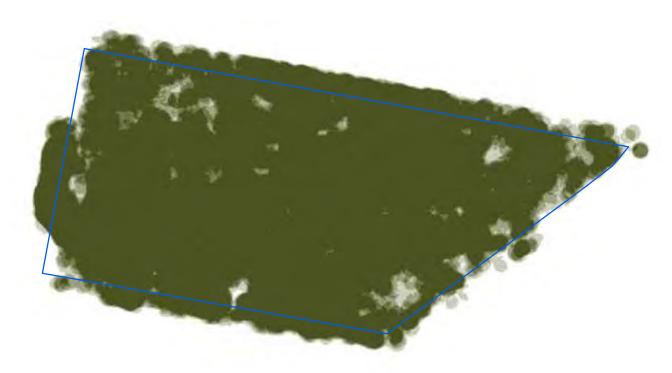


Relative probability (%) of bulloak occurence





Continuous canopy density surface - cypress pine



More dense canopy
Less dense canopy

Bullawa Creek State Conservation Area boundary



Discrete canopy density classes - cypress pine



Canopy density classes

Class 0 (little or no cypress pine detected)

Density slice range 1 to 10

Density slice range 10 to 20

Density slice range 20 to 30

Density slice range 30 to 100

Bullawa Creek State Conservation Area boundary



Summary statistics - spatial analysis

Area of cypress canopy classes (excludes areas affected by wildfire since 2009)		
Class	Total (hectares)	
Class 0 (little or no cypress detected)	1	
Class 1 (1-10 percent)	63	
Class 2 (11-20 percent)	46	
Class 3 (21-30 percent)	11	
Class 4 (>31 percent)	1	

Issues and confidence levels for ADS40 spatial products			
ADS40 image quality	Issues	Confidence levels	
Medium	-	Lower	

Summary statistics - general

Lindsay types	Area (hectares)	Proportion of total (%)
Not typed	99	-

NSW Vegetation classification and assessment (VCA) type	NSW TSC Act ¹	EPBC Act ²
VCA 411: Buloke - White Cypress Pine woodland on outwash plains in the Pilliga Scrub and Narrabri regions, Brigalow Belt South bioregion	-	-
VCA 408: Dirty Gum (Baradine Gum) - Black Cypress Pine - White Bloodwood shrubby woodland on of the Pilliga forests and surrounding region	-	-
VCA 430: Motherumbah - red gum - White Cypress Pine tall shrubland of the Narrabri to Warialda region, Brigalow Belt South bioregion	-	-
VCA 413: Silver-leaved Ironbark - White Cypress Pine - box dry shrub grass woodland of the Pilliga Scrub - Warialda region, Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	-	-

¹NSW Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995

² Australian Government Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999

Native species recorded			Number
Flora			127
Fauna			19
Threatened species			
Scientific name	Common name	NSW TSC Act ¹	EPBC Act ²
Flora			
-	-	-	-
Fauna			
Climacteris picumnus victoriae	Brown treecreeper (eastern subspecies)	V	-

Cultural heritage - Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal	Number of sites
AHIMS registered sites	5
Heritage items or places of historic significance	0

Current management plans	Status
Plan of management	November 2012

Bullawa Creek state conservation area (99 hectares) is located 10km east of Narribri.

Specific management directions: In addition to the general principles for the management of state conservation areas, the management of Bullawa Creek State Conservation Area will focus on the protection of vegetation communities, the protection of Aboriginal heritage and encouraging the use of the reserve for educational purposes. Major strategies to achieve these objectives are:

- protection of natural values from weeds, feral animals and wildfire;
- protection of Aboriginal sites in consultation with the Aboriginal community, including facilitating access to the sites by members of the local Aboriginal community;
- research into the reserve's natural and cultural values, particularly establishing the reserve's importance as a refuge
 and possible impacts by neighbouring land uses; and
- provision of opportunities for educational and low impact nature-based recreation.

Fire management strategy September 2008
Regional pest management strategy Northern plains region 2012-17

Summary statistics - general

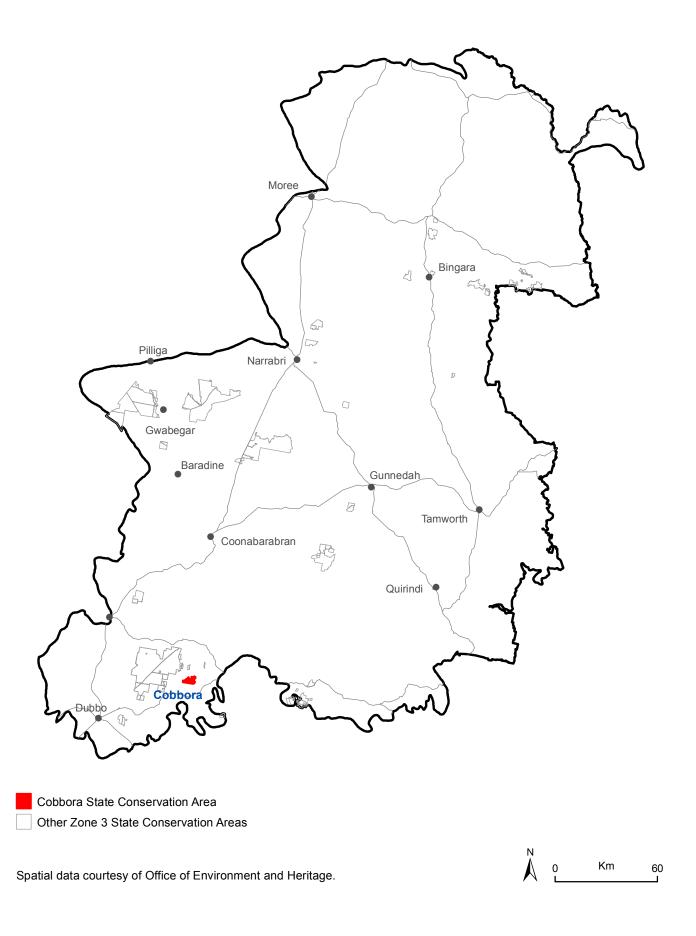
Fire history	Prescribed burn (hectares)	Wildfire (hectares)
2008-09 - 2012-13	-	-

Mining	Number of titles
Exploration	1 coal, 1 petroleum
Application	none

Apiarist sites	
None	

Cobbora State Conservation Area (2,261 hectares)

Location



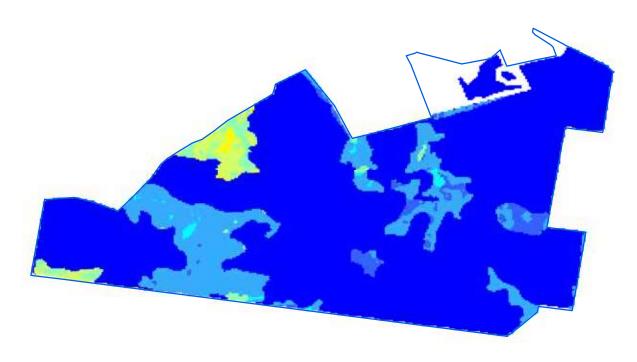
Aerial



Cobbora State Conservation Area boundary



Predicted location - white cypress pine





0 - 10 10 - 20

20 - 30

30 - 40

40 - 50

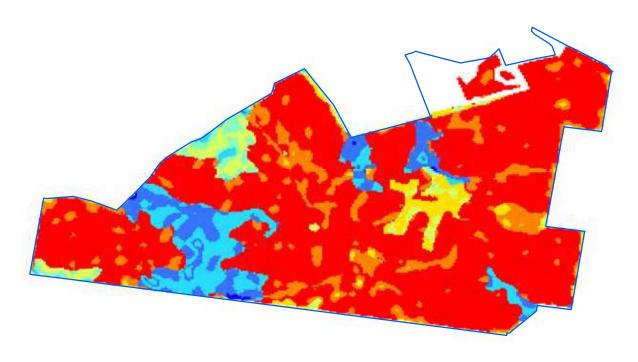
<mark>| 7</mark>0 - 80

80 - 90

90 - 100
Cobbora State Conservation Area boundary



Predicted location - black cypress pine



Relative probability (%) of black cypress pine occurence

0 - 10 10 - 20

20 - 30

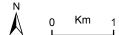
30 - 40

40 - 50

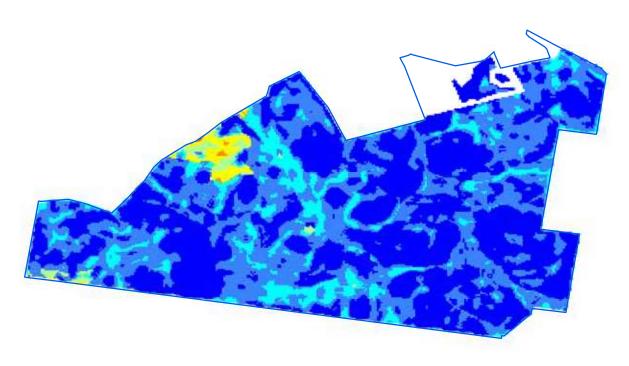
50 - 60

60 - 70

70 - 80 Cobbora State Conservation Area boundary



Predicted location - bulloak

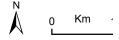


Relative probability (%) of bulloak occurence

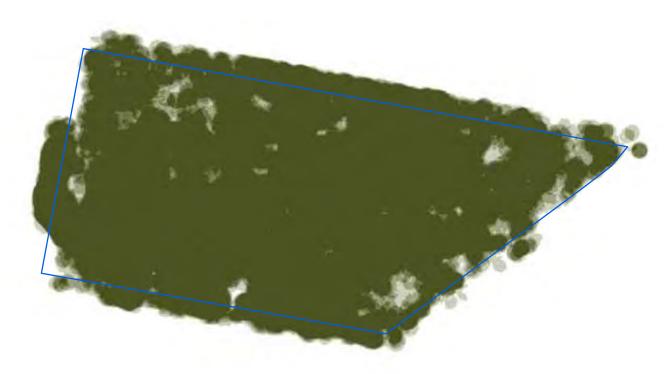
30 - 40 40 - 50

50 - 60 60 - 70

Cobbora State Conservation Area boundary



Continuous canopy density surface - cypress pine



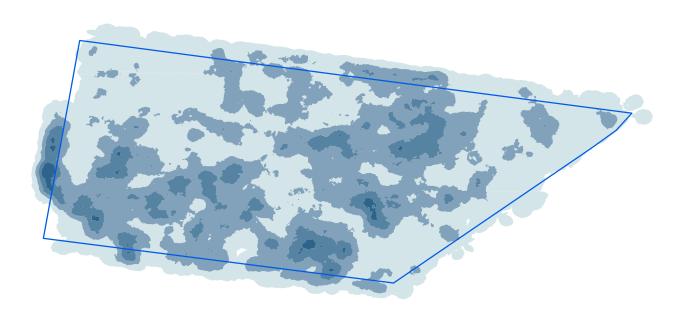
More dense canopy

Less dense canopy

Bullawa Creek State Conservation Area boundary



Discrete canopy density classes - cypress pine



Canopy density classes

Class 0 (little or no cypress pine detected)

Density slice range 1 to 10

Density slice range 10 to 20

Density slice range 20 to 30

Density slice range 30 to 100

Bullawa Creek State Conservation Area boundary



Summary statistics - spatial analysis

Area of cypress canopy classes (excludes areas affected by wildfire since 2009)		
Class	Total (hectares)	
Class 0 (little or no cypress detected)	794	
Class 1 (1-10 percent)	1,273	
Class 2 (11-20 percent)	234	
Class 3 (21-30 percent)	24	
Class 4 (>31 percent)	3	

Issues and confidence levels for ADS40 spatial products		
ADS40 image quality	Issues	Confidence levels
Medium-high	-	Higher

Summary statistics - general

Lindsay type	Area (hectares)	Proportion of total (%)
Not typed	2,261	-

NSW Vegetation classification and assessment (VCA) type	NSW TSC Act ¹	EPBC Act ²
VCA 467: Blue-leaved Ironbark - Black Cypress Pine shrubby sandstone open forest in the southern Brigalow Belt South Bioregion (including Goonoo)	-	-
VCA 473: Red gum - Rough-barked Apple - Narrow-leaved Ironbark - cypress pine grassy open forest on flats and drainage lines in the Goonoo and surrounding forests, southern Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	-	-
VCA 440: Red Stringybark - Narrow-leaved Ironbark - Black Cypress Pine - hill red gum sandstone woodland of southern NSW Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	-	-
VCA 281: Rough-Barked Apple - red gum - Yellow Box woodland on alluvial clay to loam soils on valley flats in the northern NSW South West Cypress and Brigalow Belt South Bioregions	yes	yes
VCA 469: White Cypress Pine - Narrow-leaved Ironbark - Buloke grassy open forest of the Dubbo region, southern Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	-	-

¹NSW Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995

 $^{^{2}}$ Australian Government Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999

Native species recorded			Number
Flora			231
Fauna			98
Threatened species			
Scientific name	Common name	NSW TSC Act ¹	EPBC Act ²
Flora			
Zieria ingramii	Keith's zieria	E1	E
Philotheca ericifolia	-	-	V
Fauna			
Calyptorhynchus lathami	Glossy black-cockatoo	V	-
Ninox connivens	Barking owl	V	-
Chthonicola sagittata	Speckled warbler	V	-
Daphoenositta chrysoptera	Varied sittella	V	-

Cultural heritage - Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal	Number of sites
AHIMS registered sites	0
Heritage items or places of historic significance	0

Current management plans	Status
Plan of management	no
Fire management strategy	no
Regional pest management strategy	Northern plains region 2012-17

Summary statistics - general

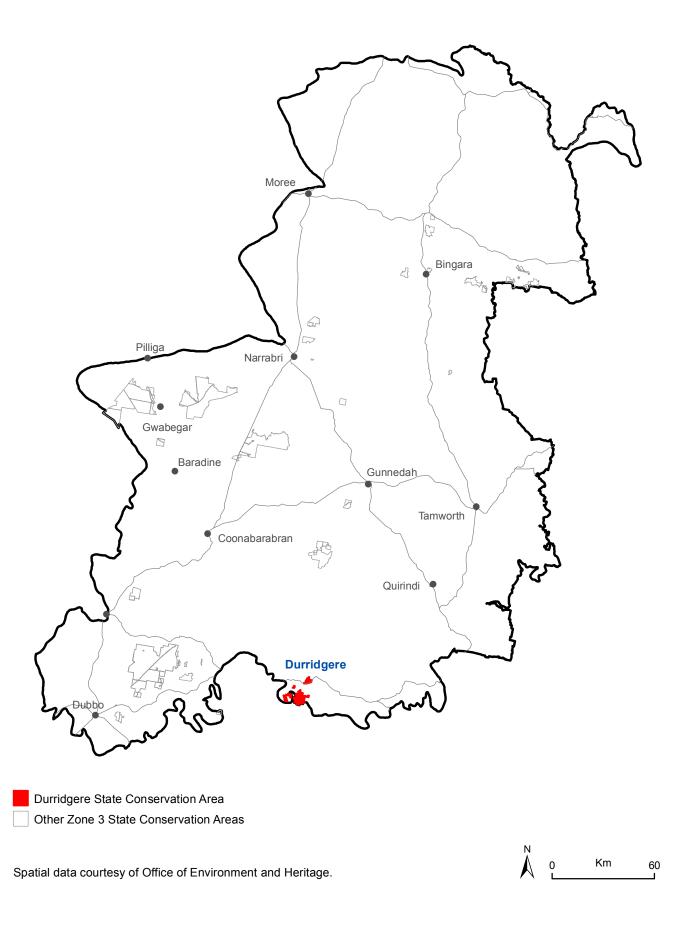
Fire history	Prescribed burn (hectares)	Wildfire (hectares)
2011-12	9	-

Mining	Number of titles
Exploration	1 coal, 1 petroleum
Application	none

Apiarist sites	
None	

Durridgere State Conservation Area (6,172 hectares)

Location



Durridgere State Conservation Area

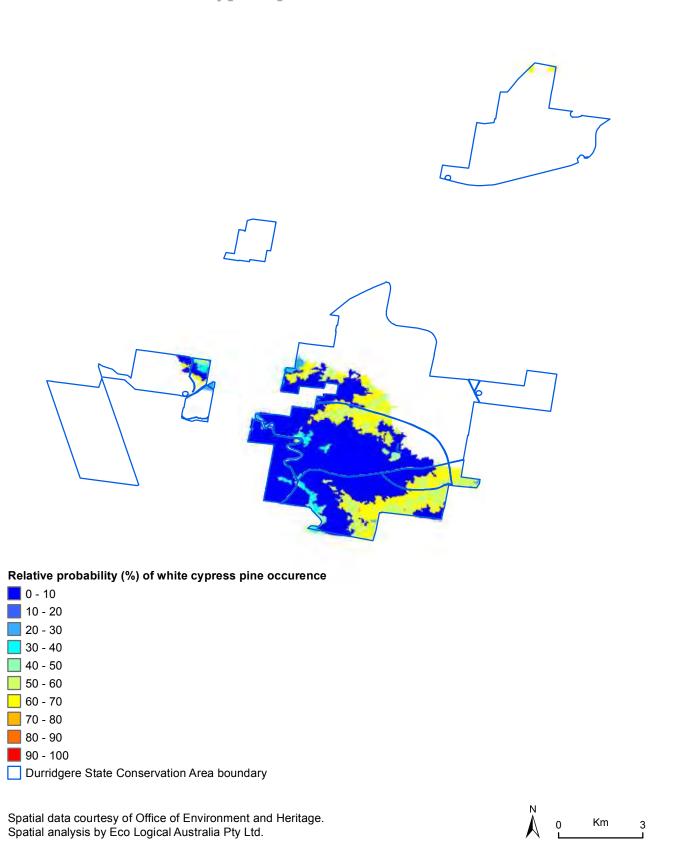
Aerial



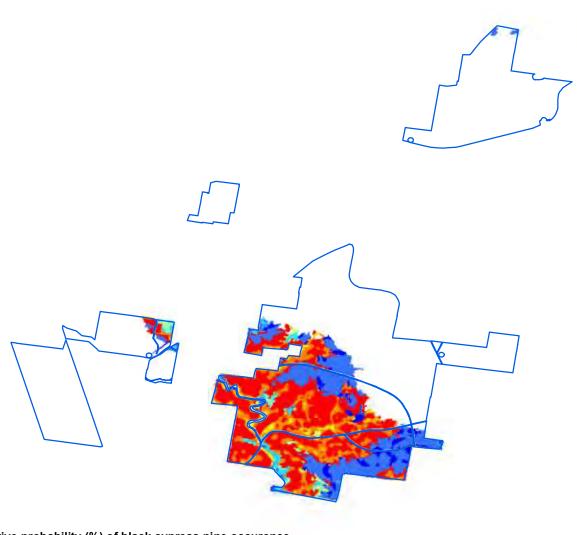
Durridgere State Conservation Area boundary



Predicted location - white cypress pine



Predicted location - black cypress pine



Relative probability (%) of black cypress pine occurence

0 - 10 10 - 20

20 - 30

30 - 40

40 - 50 50 - 60

60 - 70

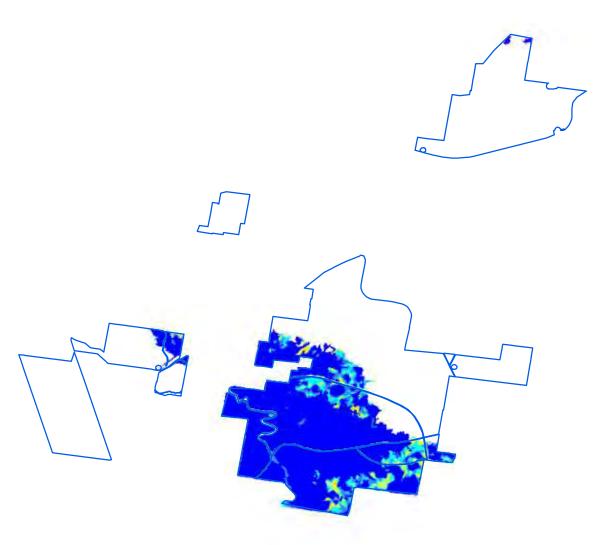
70 - 80

☐ Durridgere State Conservation Area boundary

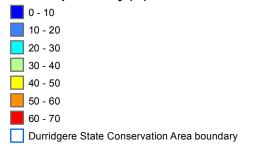
Spatial data courtesy of Office of Environment and Heritage. Spatial analysis by Eco Logical Australia Pty Ltd.



Predicted location - bulloak



Relative probability (%) of bulloak occurence



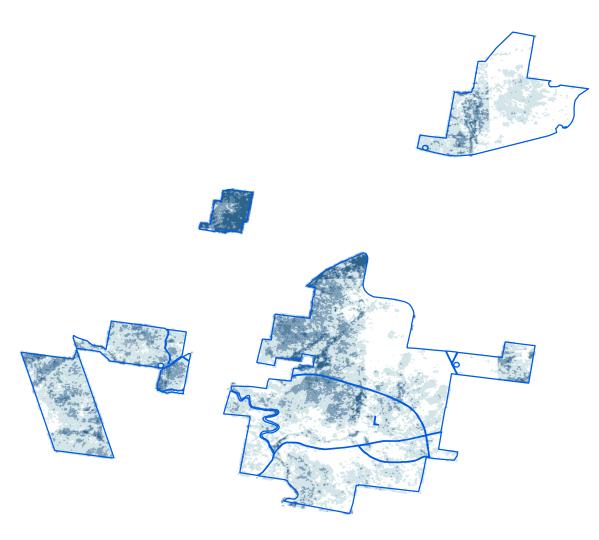
Spatial data courtesy of Office of Environment and Heritage. Spatial analysis by Eco Logical Australia Pty Ltd.



Continuous canopy density surface - cypress pine



Discrete canopy density classes - cypress pine



Canopy density classes

Class 0 (little or no cypress pine detected)

Density slice range 1 to 10

Density slice range 10 to 20

Density slice range 20 to 30

Density slice range 30 to 100

Durridgere State Conservation Area boundary

ADS40 Airborne Digital Sensor data. Spatial data courtesy of Office of Environment and Heritage. Spatial analysis by Remote Census Pty Ltd (2014).



Summary statistics - spatial analysis

Area of cypress canopy classes (excludes areas affected by wildfire since 2009)		
Class	Total (hectares)	
Class 0 (little or no cypress detected)	2,680	
Class 1 (1-10 percent)	2,826	
Class 2 (11-20 percent)	970	
Class 3 (21-30 percent)	301	
Class 4 (>31 percent)	216	

Issues and confidence levels for	· ADS40 spatial products	
ADS40 image quality	Issues	Confidence levels
Medium-high	Image classification and mapping includes other species	Lower

Lindsay type	Area (hectares)	Proportion of total (%)
Not typed	6,134	-

NSW Vegetation classification and assessment (VCA) type	NSW TSC Act ¹	EPBC Act ²
VCA 480: Black Cypress Pine - ironbark -/+ Narrow-leaved Wattle low open forest mainly on Narrabeen Sandstone in the Upper Hunter region of the Sydney Basin Bioregion	-	1
VCA 467: Blue-leaved Ironbark - Black Cypress Pine shrubby sandstone open forest in the southern Brigalow Belt South Bioregion (including Goonoo)	-	-
VCA 477: Inland Scribbly Gum - Red Stringybark - Black Cypress Pine - Red Ironbark open forest on sandstone hills in the southern Brigalow Belt South and northern NSW South West Cypress Bioregions	-	1
VCA 482: Mugga Ironbark - Black Cypress Pine shrub/grass open forest of the upper Hunter Valley, mainly Sydney Basin Bioregion	-	-
VCA 479: Narrow-leaved Ironbark- Black Cypress Pine - stringybark +- Grey Gum +- Narrow-leaved Wattle shrubby open forest on sandstone hills in the southern Brigalow Belt South - Sydney Basin Bioregions	-	-
VCA 478: Red Ironbark - Black Cypress Pine - stringybark -/+ Narrow-leaved Wattle shrubby open forest on sandstone in the Gulgong - Mendooran region, southern Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	-	-
VCA 440: Red Stringybark - Narrow-leaved Ironbark - Black Cypress Pine - hill red gum sandstone woodland of southern NSW Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	-	1
VCA 481: Rough-barked Apple - Blakely's Red Gum - Narrow-leaved Stringybark +/- Grey Gum sandstone riparian grass fern open forest on in the southern Brigalow Belt South and Upper Hunter regions	-	-

¹NSW Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995

 $^{^{2}}$ Australian Government Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999

Native species recorded			Number
Flora			-
Fauna			-
Threatened species			
Scientific name	Common name	NSW TSC Act ¹	EPBC Act ²
Flora			
-	-	-	-
Fauna			
-	-	-	-

Cultural heritage - Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal	Number of sites
AHIMS registered sites	19
Heritage items or places of historic significance	2

Current management plans	Status
Plan of management	no
Fire management strategy	June 2009
Regional pest management strategy	Blue Mountains region 2012-17

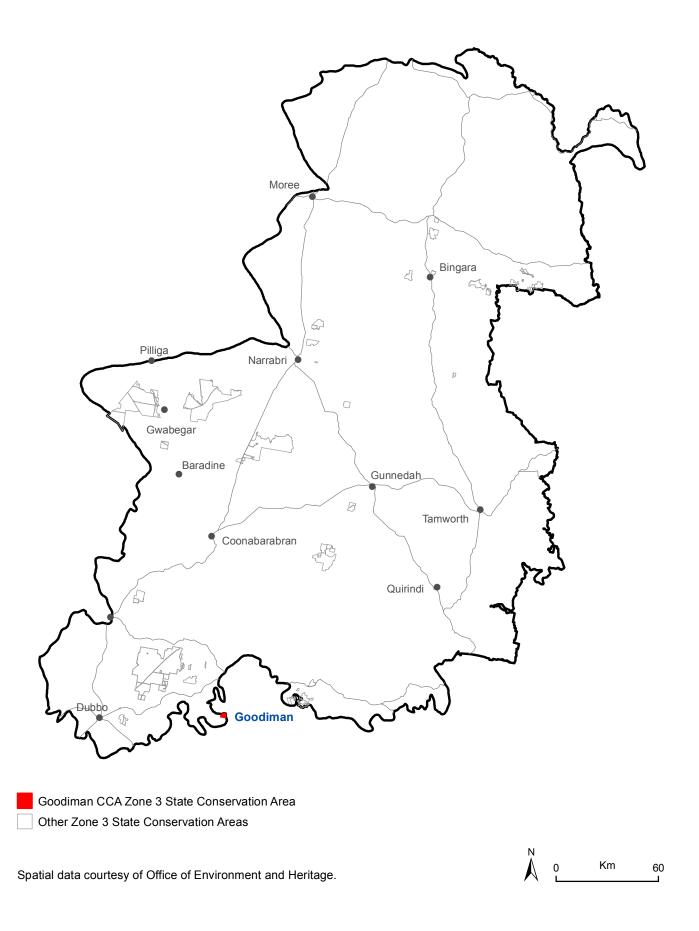
Fire history	Prescribed burn (hectares)	Wildfire (hectares)
2006-07	347	-
2007-08	599	-
2012-13	645	-

Mining	Number of titles
Exploration	4 coal (1 actively mining), 2 petroleum, 2 mineral
Application	none

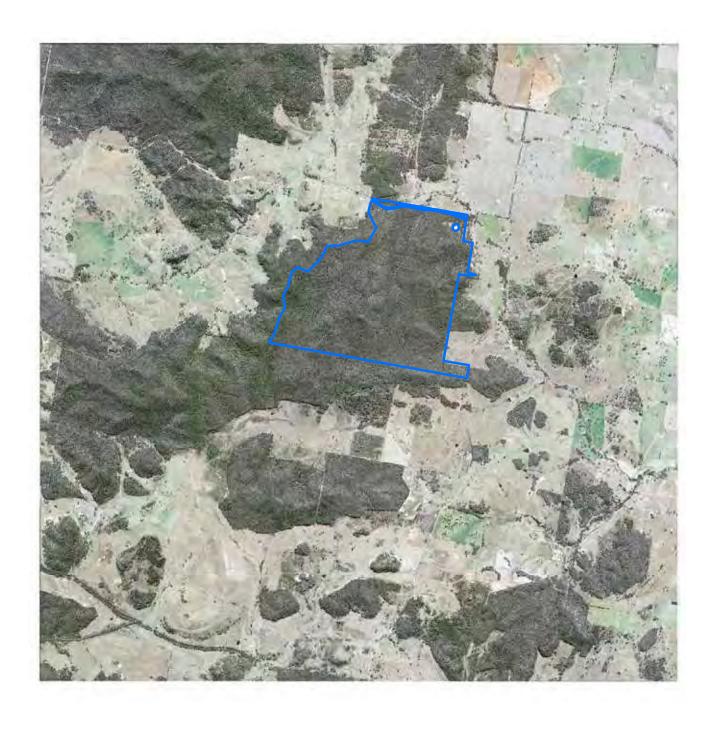
Apiarist sites	
6	

Goodiman State Conservation Area (569 hectares)

Location

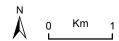


Aerial

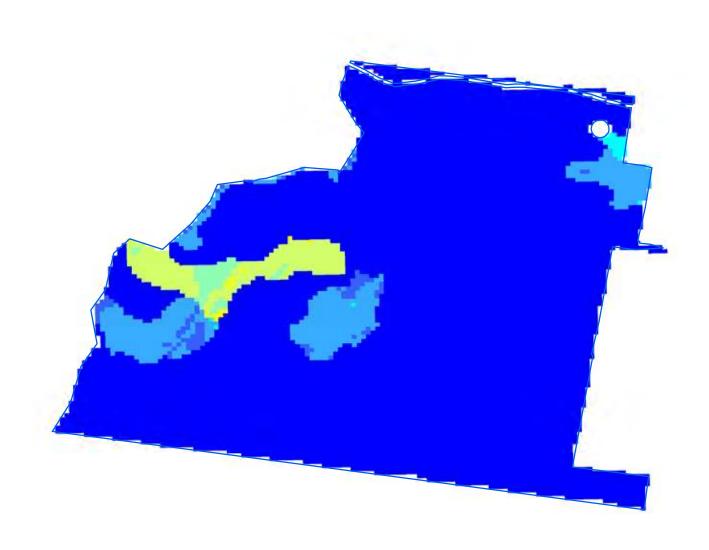


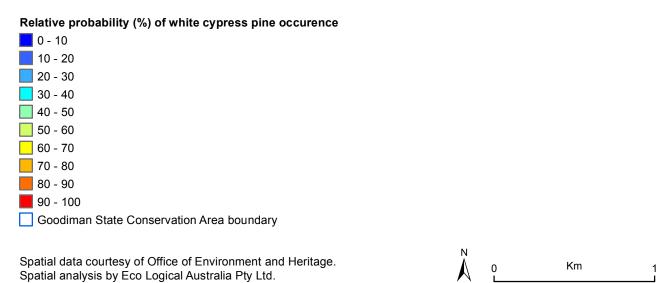
Goodiman State Conservation Area boundary

ADS40 Airborne Digital Sensor data. Spatial data courtesy of Office of Environment and Heritage. Spatial analysis by Remote Census Pty Ltd (2014).

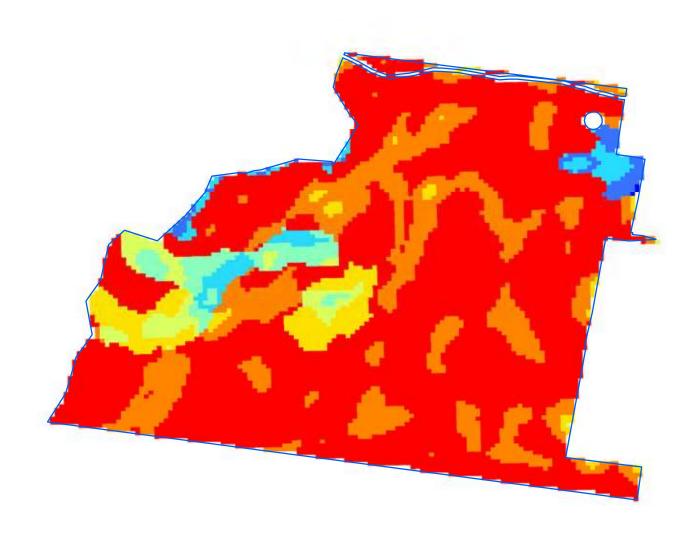


Predicted location - white cypress pine





Predicted location - black cypress pine



Relative probability (%) of black cypress pine occurence 0 - 10

10 - 20

20 - 30

30 - 40 40 - 50

50 - 60

60 - 70

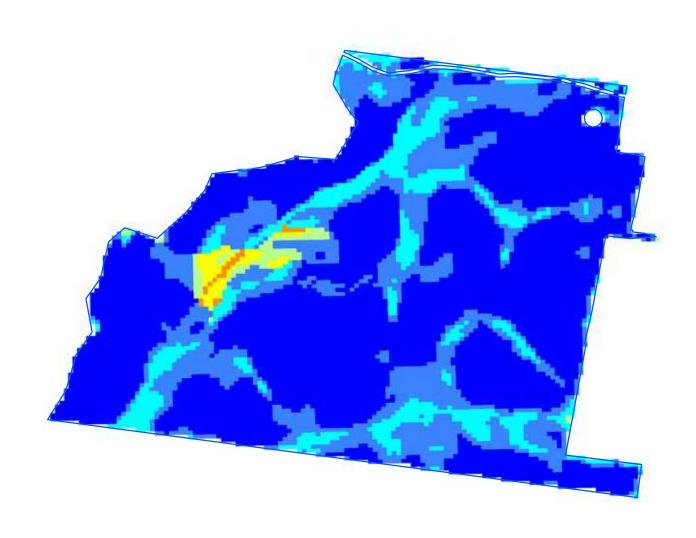
70 - 80

Goodiman State Conservation Area boundary

Spatial data courtesy of Office of Environment and Heritage. Spatial analysis by Eco Logical Australia Pty Ltd.



Predicted location - bulloak



Relative probability (%) of bulloak occurence 0 - 10

10 - 20 20 - 30 30 - 40 40 - 50 50 - 60

60 - 70
Goodiman State Conservation Area boundary

Spatial data courtesy of Office of Environment and Heritage. Spatial analysis by Eco Logical Australia Pty Ltd.



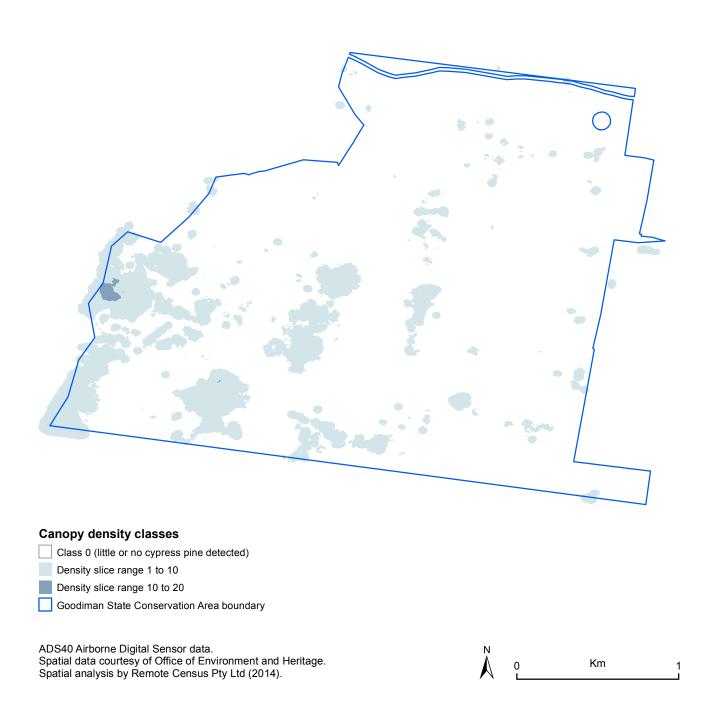
Continuous canopy density surface - cypress pine



ADS40 Airborne Digital Sensor data. Spatial data courtesy of Office of Environment and Heritage. Spatial analysis by Remote Census Pty Ltd (2014).



Discrete canopy density classes - cypress pine



Summary statistics - spatial analysis

Area of cypress canopy classes (excludes areas affected by wildfire since 2009)		
Class	Total (hectares)	
Class 0 (little or no cypress detected)	491	
Class 1 (1-10 percent)	86	
Class 2 (11-20 percent)	1	
Class 3 (21-30 percent)	0	
Class 4 (>31 percent)	0	

Issues and confidence levels for	or ADS40 spatial products	
ADS40 image quality	Issues	Confidence levels
High	-	Higher

Lindsay types	Area (hectares)	Proportion of total (%)
Not typed	565	-

NSW Vegetation classification and assessment (VCA) type	NSW TSC Act ¹	EPBC Act ²
VCA 467: Blue-leaved Ironbark - Black Cypress Pine shrubby sandstone open forest in the southern Brigalow Belt South Bioregion (including Goonoo)	-	-
VCA 477: Inland Scribbly Gum - Red Stringybark - Black Cypress Pine - Red Ironbark open forest on sandstone hills in the southern Brigalow Belt South and northern NSW South West Cypress Bioregions	-	-
VCA 479: Narrow-leaved Ironbark- Black Cypress Pine - stringybark +- Grey Gum +- Narrow-leaved Wattle shrubby open forest on sandstone hills in the southern Brigalow Belt South - Sydney Basin Bioregions	-	-
VCA 478: Red Ironbark - Black Cypress Pine - stringybark -/+ Narrow-leaved Wattle shrubby open forest on sandstone in the Gulgong - Mendooran region, southern Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	-	1
VCA 440: Red Stringybark - Narrow-leaved Ironbark - Black Cypress Pine - hill red gum sandstone woodland of southern NSW Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	-	,
VCA 281: Rough-Barked Apple - red gum - Yellow Box woodland on alluvial clay to loam soils on valley flats in the northern NSW South West Cypress and Brigalow Belt South Bioregions	yes	yes
VCA 461: Tumbledown Gum woodland on hills in the northern NSW Southwestern Slopes and southern Brigalow Belt South Bioregions	-	-

¹NSW Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995

 $^{^{2}}$ Australian Government Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999

Native species recorded			Number
Flora			102
Fauna			5
Threatened species			
Scientific name	Common name	NSW TSC Act ¹	EPBC Act ²
Flora			
Acacia ausfeldii	Ausfeld's wattle	V	-
Fauna			
Ninox strenua	Powerful owl	V	-

Cultural heritage - Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal	Number of sites
AHIMS registered sites	0
Heritage items or places of historic significance	0

Current management plans	Status
Plan of management	no
Fire management strategy	June 2009
Regional pest management strategy	Northern plains region 2012-17

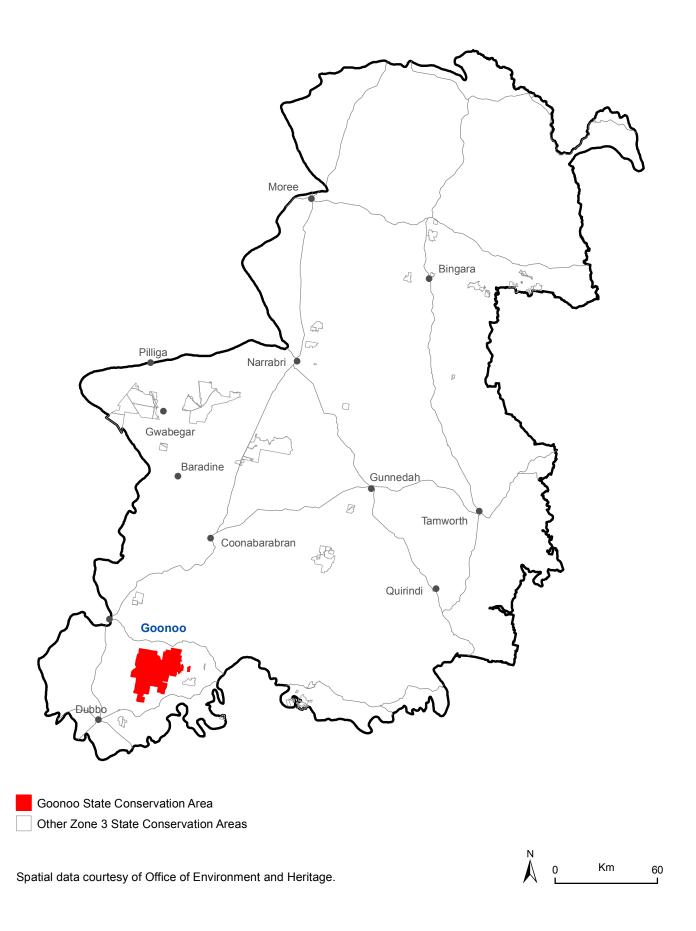
Fire history	Prescribed burn (hectares)	Wildfire (hectares)
2006-07	179	-
2009-10	-	1

Mining	Number of titles
Exploration	2 coal, 1 mineral
Application	1 petroleum

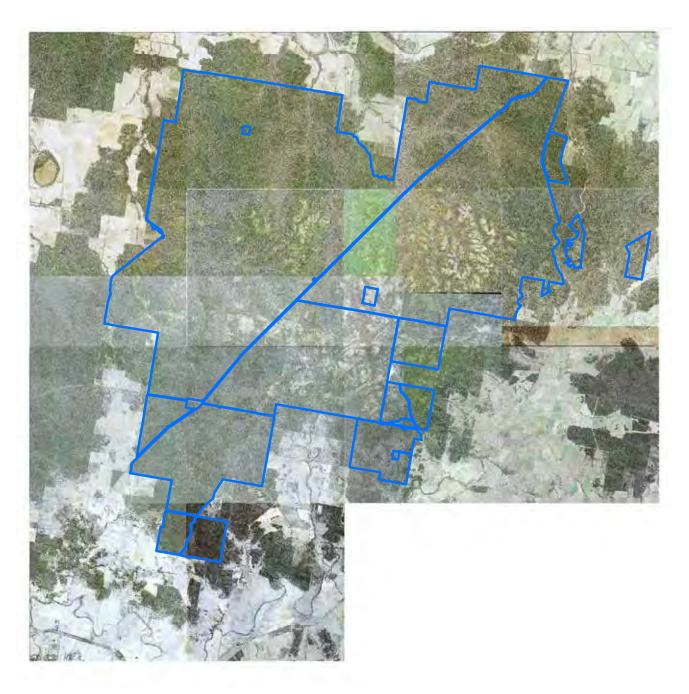
Apiarist sites	
None	

Goonoo State Conservation Area (54,522 hectares)

Location



Aerial

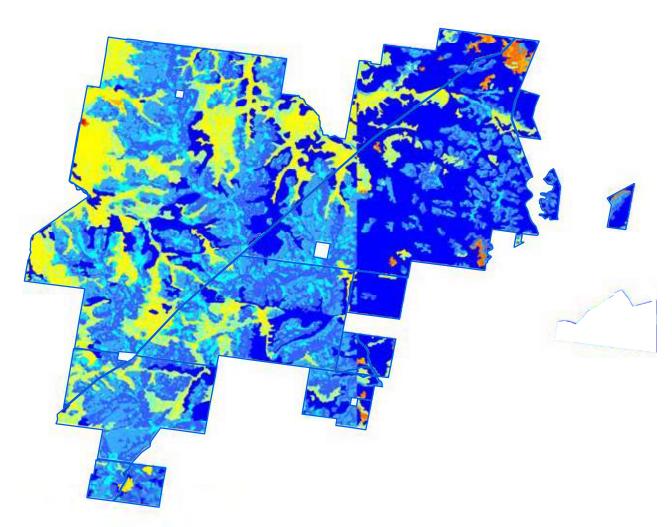


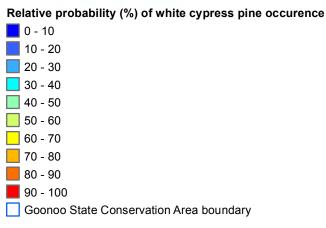
Goonoo State Conservation Area boundary

ADS40 Airborne Digital Sensor data. Spatial data courtesy of Office of Environment and Heritage. Spatial analysis by Remote Census Pty Ltd (2014).

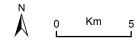


Predicted location - white cypress pine

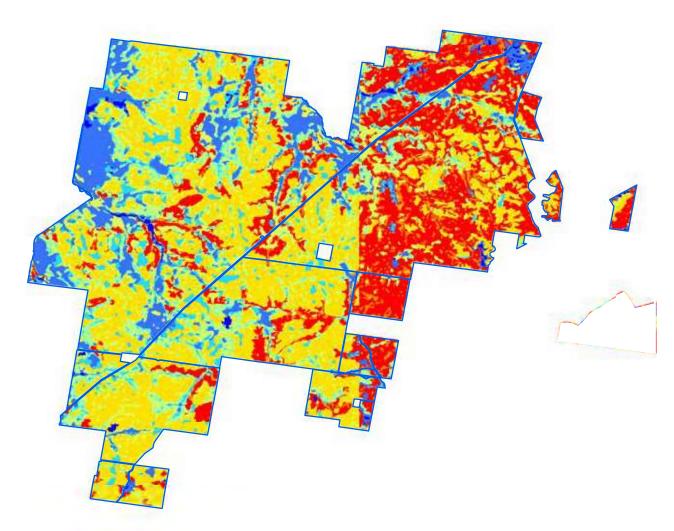




Spatial data courtesy of Office of Environment and Heritage. Spatial analysis by Eco Logical Australia Pty Ltd.



Predicted location - black cypress pine



Relative probability (%) of black cypress pine occurence

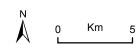


50 - 60

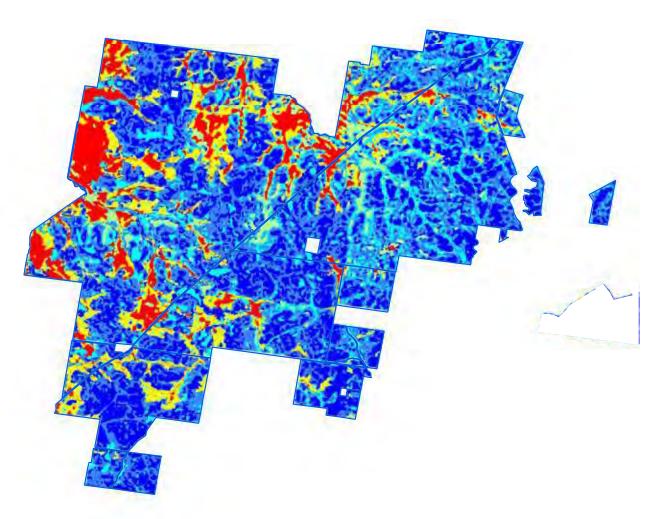
60 - 70 70 - 80

Goonoo State Conservation Area boundary

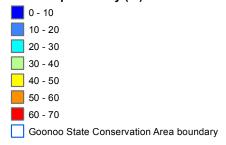
Spatial data courtesy of Office of Environment and Heritage. Spatial analysis by Éco Logical Australia Pty Ltd.



Predicted location - bulloak



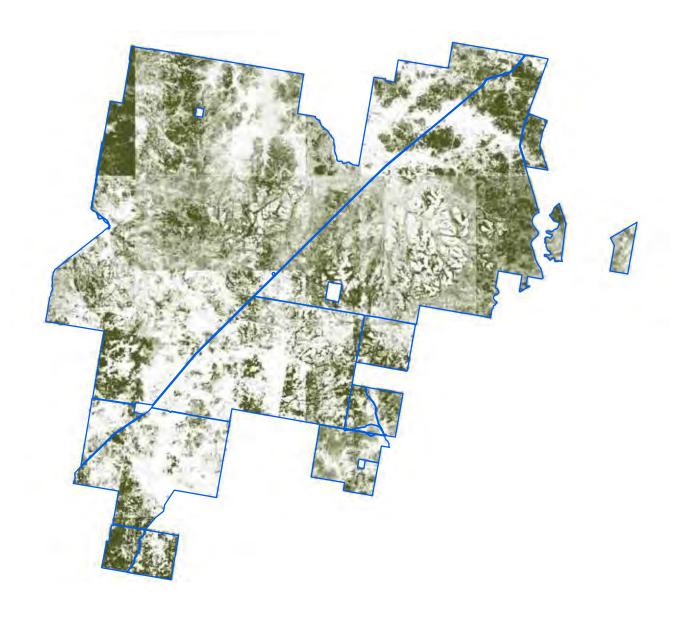
Relative probability (%) of bulloak occurence



Spatial data courtesy of Office of Environment and Heritage. Spatial analysis by Eco Logical Australia Pty Ltd.



Continuous canopy density surface - cypress pine

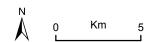


More dense canopy

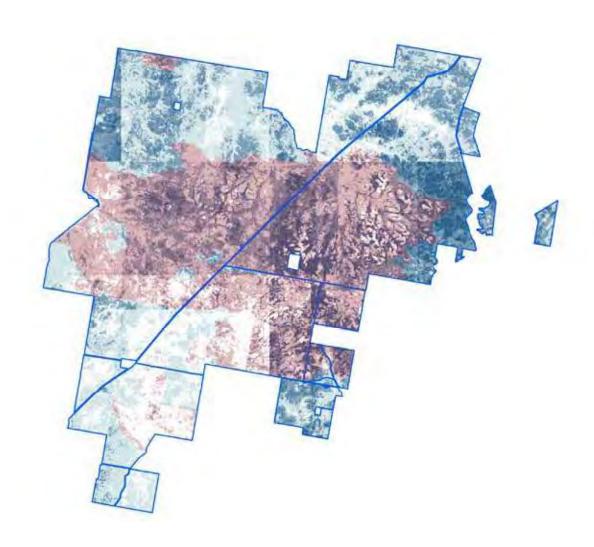
Less dense canopy

Goonoo State Conservation Area boundary

ADS40 Airborne Digital Sensor data. Spatial data courtesy of Office of Environment and Heritage. Spatial analysis by Remote Census Pty Ltd (2014).



Discrete canopy density classes - cypress pine



Wildfire since 2004-05

Canopy density classes

- Class 0 (little or no cypress pine detected)
- Density slice range 1 to 10
- Density slice range 10 to 20
- Density slice range 20 to 30
- Density slice range 30 to 100
- Goonoo State Conservation Area boundary

ADS40 Airborne Digital Sensor data. Spatial data courtesy of Office of Environment and Heritage. Spatial analysis by Remote Census Pty Ltd (2014).



Summary statistics - spatial analysis

Area of cypress canopy classes (excludes areas affected by wildfire since 2009)		
Class	Total (hectares)	
Class 0 (little or no cypress detected)	4,887	
Class 1 (1-10 percent)	13,649	
Class 2 (11-20 percent)	3,171	
Class 3 (21-30 percent)	2,635	
Class 4 (>31 percent)	1,142	

Issues and confidence levels for ADS40 spatial products		
ADS40 image quality	Issues	Confidence levels
Low-high	Fire regrowth	Lower

Lindsay types	Area (hectares)	Proportion of total (%)
Heavy undergrowth with concentrations of Black Cypress Pine. Undergrowth species include Broom, various species of Acacia & Dwarf Oak, Sifton Bush Eucalypts (Lindsay Types)	2,042	4
Timber cover other than Pine (Lindsay Types)	7,056	13
Predominantly Eucalypt forest but containing some unidentified Cypress Pine (Lindsay Types)	10,593	20
Country carrying unidentified Cypress Pine: either pure, scattered or very scattered (Lindsay Types)	8,110	15
Broom, Various Species of Acacia and Dwarf Oak, Sifton Bush and Eucalypts: all very stunted (Lindsay Types)	3,264	6
Cleared	14	<1
Not Typed	23,232	43

NSW Vegetation classification and assessment (VCA) type	NSW TSC Act ¹	EPBC Act ²
VCA 467: Blue-leaved Ironbark - Black Cypress Pine shrubby sandstone open forest in the southern Brigalow Belt South Bioregion (including Goonoo)	-	-
VCA 141: Broombush - wattle very tall shrubland of the Pilliga to Goonoo regions, Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	-	-
VCA 471: Dwyers Red Gum - Black Cypress Pine - ironbark low woodland on sandstone hillcrests in the Dubbo - Gilgandra region, south-western Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	-	-
VCA 202: Fuzzy Box woodland on colluvium and alluvial flats in the Brigalow Belt South (including Pilliga) and Nandewar Bioregions	yes	-
VCA 256: Green Mallee tall mallee woodland on rises in the Pilliga - Goonoo regions, southern Brigalow Belt South Bioeregion	-	-
VCA 470: Mugga Ironbark - Narrow-leaved Ironbark - Buloke - Black Cypress Pine shrub grass open forest in the Goonoo forests and surrounding region, southern Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	-	ı
VCA 468: Narrow-leaved Ironbark - Black Cypress Pine +/- Blakely's Red Gum shrubby open forest on sandstone low hills in the southern Brigalow Belt South Bioregion (including Goonoo)	-	,
VCA 473: Red gum - Rough-barked Apple - Narrow-leaved Ironbark - cypress pine grassy open forest on flats and drainage lines in the Goonoo and surrounding forests, southern Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	-	-
VCA 399: Red gum - Rough-barked Apple +/- tea tree sandy creek woodland (wetland) in the Pilliga - Goonoo sandstone forests, Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	-	-
VCA 440: Red Stringybark - Narrow-leaved Ironbark - Black Cypress Pine - hill red gum sandstone woodland of southern NSW Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	-	-
VCA 81: Western Grey Box - cypress pine shrub grass shrub tall woodland in the Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	yes	yes
VCA 405: White Bloodwood - Red Ironbark - cypress pine shrubby sandstone woodland of the Pilliga Scrub and surrounding regions	-	-
VCA 458: White Cypress Pine - Buloke - White Box shrubby open forest on hills in the Liverpool Plains - Dubbo region, Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	-	-
VCA 469: White Cypress Pine - Narrow-leaved Ironbark - Buloke grassy open forest of the Dubbo region, southern Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	-	-

¹NSW Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995

² Australian Government Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999

Native species recorded			Number
Flora			523
Fauna			184
Threatened species			
Scientific name	Common name	NSW TSC Act ¹	EPBC Act ²
Flora			
Pomaderris queenslandica	Scant pomaderris	E1	-
Zieria ingramii	Keith's zieria	E1	Е
Indigofera efoliata	Leafless indigo	E1	E
Tylophora linearis	-	V	E
Homoranthus darwinioides	-	V	V
Rulingia procumbens	-	V	V
Fauna			
Leipoa ocellata	Malleefowl	E1	V
Anthochaera phrygia	Regent honeyeater	E4A	E
Hieraaetus morphnoides	Little eagle	V	-
Falco subniger	Black falcon	V	-
Glossopsitta pusilla	Little lorikeet	V	-
Climacteris picumnus victoriae	Brown treecreeper (eastern subspecies)	V	-
Chthonicola sagittata	Speckled warbler	V	-
Grantiella picta	Painted honeyeater	V	-
Melithreptus gularis gularis	Black-chinned honeyeater (eastern subspecies)	V	-
Pomatostomus temporalis temporalis	Grey-crowned babbler (eastern subspecies)	V	-
Daphoenositta chrysoptera	Varied sittella	V	-
Pachycephala inornata	Gilbert's whistler	V	-
Melanodryas cucullata cucullata	Hooded robin (south-eastern form)	V	-
Dasyurus maculatus	Spotted-tailed quoll	V	Е
Phascolarctos cinereus	Koala	V	V
Cercartetus nanus	Eastern pygmy-possum	V	-
Saccolaimus flaviventris	Yellow-bellied sheathtail-bat	V	-
Chalinolobus picatus	Little pied bat	V	-
Nyctophilus corbeni	Corben's long-eared bat	V	V
Calyptorhynchus lathami	Glossy black-cockatoo	V	
Lophoictinia isura	Square-tailed kite	V	
Neophema pulchella	Turquoise parrot	V	
Ninox connivens	Barking owl	V	-
Tyto novaehollandiae	Masked owl	V	-

Cultural heritage - Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal	Number of sites
AHIMS registered sites	97
Heritage items or places of historic significance	10

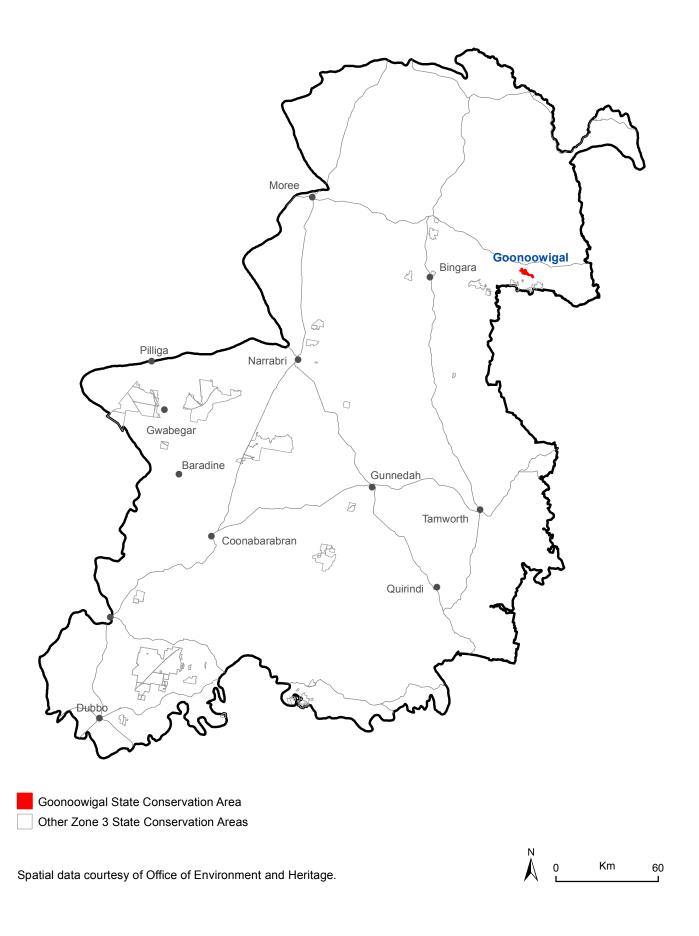
Current management plans	Status
Plan of management	no
Fire management strategy	August 2009
Regional pest management strategy	Northern plains region 2012-17

Fire history	Prescribed burn (hectares)	Wildfire (hectares)
2004-05	658	1,656
2005-06	3,329	247
2006-07	-	33
2007-08	-	24,851
2010-11	92	-
2011-12	611	-
2012-13	1,272	-

Mining	Number of titles	
Exploration	2 coal, 1 petroleum, 1 mineral	
Application	1 petroleum	

Apiarist sites		
128		

Goonoowigal State Conservation Area (1,055 hectares) Location

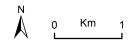


Aerial

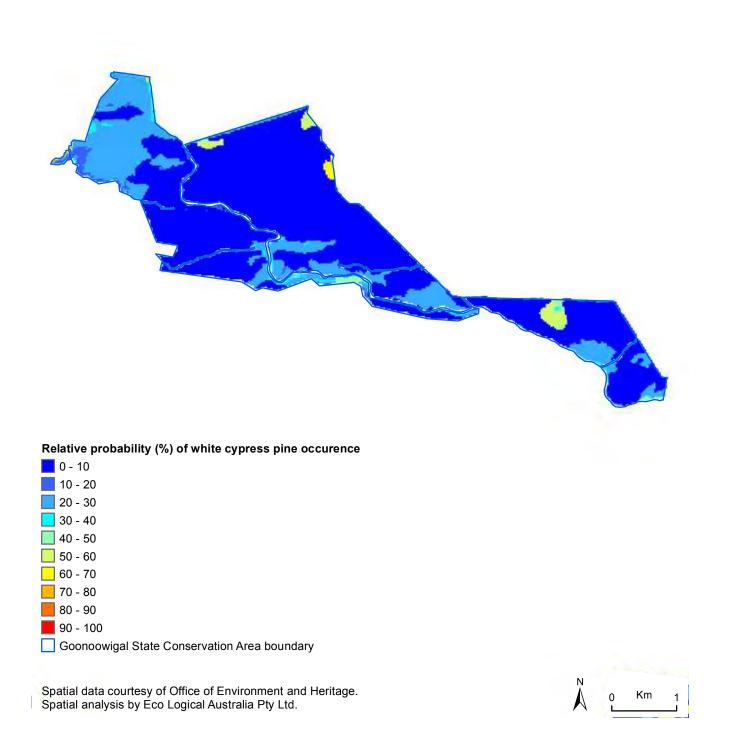


Goonoowigal State Conservation Area boundary

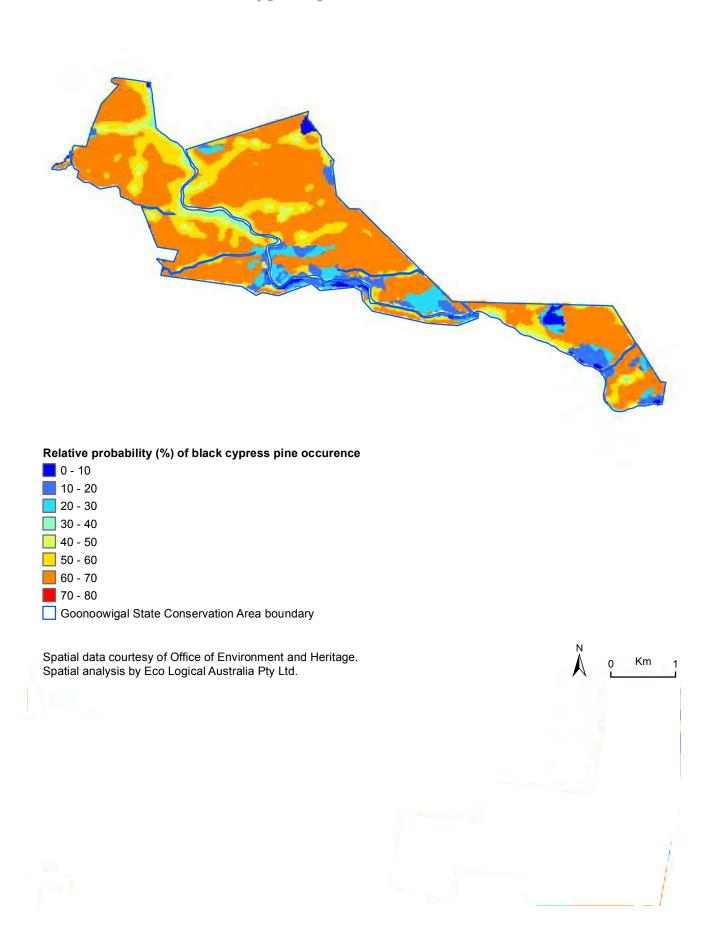
ADS40 Airborne Digital Sensor data. Spatial data courtesy of Office of Environment and Heritage. Spatial analysis by Remote Census Pty Ltd (2014).



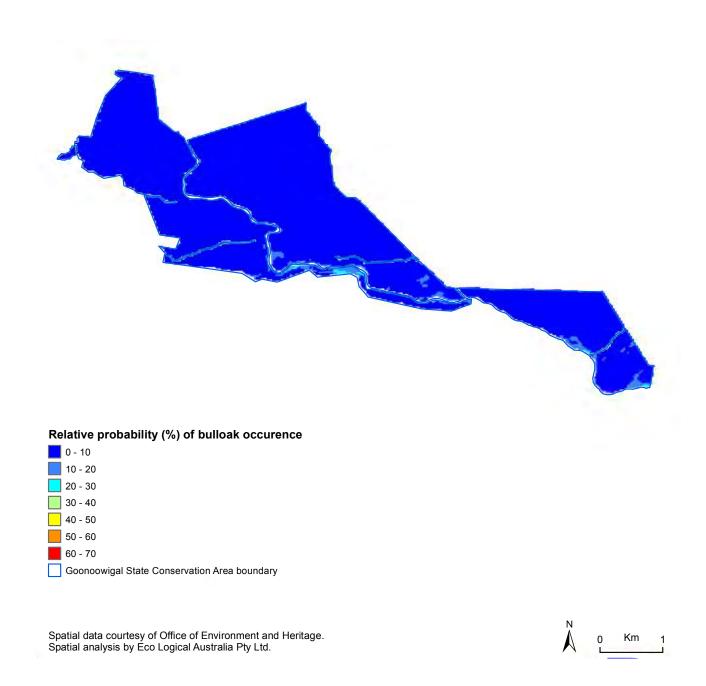
Predicted location - white cypress pine



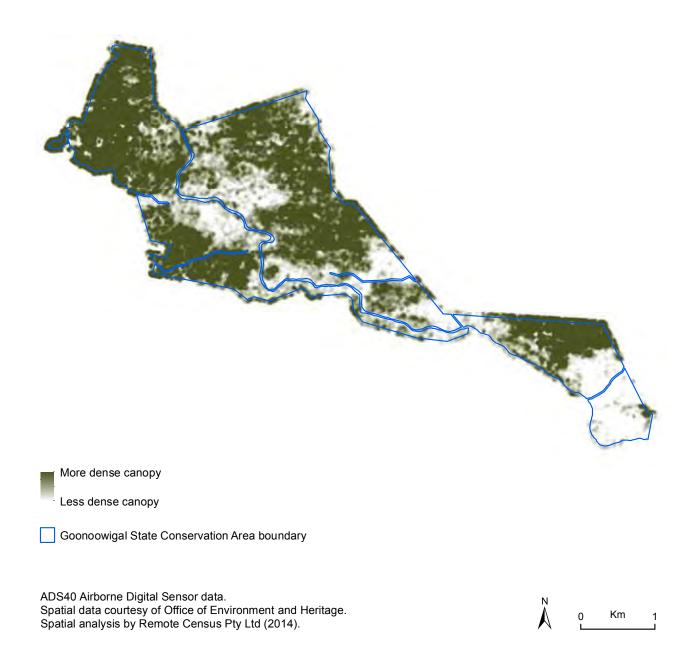
Predicted location - black cypress pine



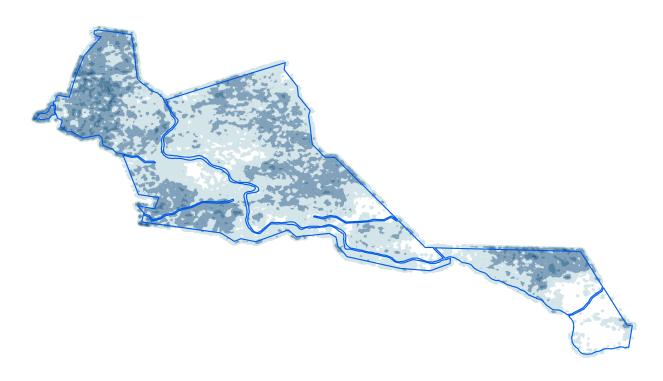
Predicted location - bulloak



Continuous canopy density surface - cypress pine



Discrete canopy density classes - cypress pine



Canopy density classes

Class 0 (little or no cypress pine detected)

Density slice range 1 to 10

Density slice range 10 to 20

Density slice range 20 to 30

Density slice range 30 to 100

Goonoowigal State Conservation Area boundary

ADS40 Airborne Digital Sensor data.

Spatial data courtesy of Office of Environment and Heritage. Spatial analysis by Remote Census Pty Ltd (2014).



Goonoowigal State Conservation Area

Summary statistics - spatial analysis

Area of cypress canopy classes (excludes areas affected by wildfire since 2009)		
Class	Total (hectares)	
Class 0 (little or no cypress detected)	130	
Class 1 (1-10 percent)	635	
Class 2 (11-20 percent)	383	
Class 3 (21-30 percent)	61	
Class 4 (>31 percent)	3	

Issues and confidence levels for ADS40 spatial products		
ADS40 image quality	Issues	Confidence levels
High	Image classification and mapping includes other species	Lower

Goonoowigal State Conservation Area

Lindsay types	Area (hectares)	Proportion of total (%)
Not typed	1,051	1

NSW Vegetation classification and assessment (VCA) type	NSW TSC Act ¹	EPBC Act ²
VCA 504: Black Cypress Pine - Rough-barked Apple - stringybark shrubby open forest of the Nandewar and western New England Tablelands Bioregions	-	-
VCA 509: Blakely's Red Gum - White Cypress Pine - Rough-barked Apple grassy open forest of drainage lines of the northern Nandewar and New England Tablelands Bioregions	yes	yes
VCA 519: Heathy shrubland on granitic substrates in the Howell area in the New England Tablelands Bioregion	yes	-
VCA 538: Rough-barked Apple - Blakely's Red Gum open forest of the Nandewar and western New England Tablelands Bioregions	yes	yes
VCA 544: Rough-barked Apple -/+ cypress pine +/- Blakely's Red Gum riparian open forest / woodland of the Nandewar and New England Tableland Bioregions	yes	yes
VCA 578: Tumbledown Red Gum - Black Cypress Pine - Caley's Ironbark shrubby open forest of the Nandewar and western New England Tablelands Bioregions	-	-

 $^{^1} NSW$ Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995

 $^{^2\,}Australian\,Government\,\textit{Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation}\,Act\,1999$

Native species recorded			Number
Flora			343
Fauna			90
Threatened species			
Scientific name	Common name	NSW TSC Act ¹	EPBC Act ²
Flora			
Eucalyptus mckieana	McKie's stringybark	V	V
Homoranthus prolixus	Granite homoranthus	V	V
Polygala linariifolia	Native milkwort	E1	-
Macrozamia humilis	Inverell cycad	E1	-
Fauna			
Glossopsitta pusilla	Little lorikeet	V	-
Neophema pulchella	Turquoise parrot	V	-
Climacteris picumnus victoriae	Brown treecreeper (eastern subspecies)	V	-
Stagonopleura guttata	Diamond firetail	V	-
Petaurus norfolcensis	Squirrel glider	V	-

Cultural heritage - Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal	Number of sites
AHIMS registered sites	1
Heritage items or places of historic significance	no information available

Goonoowigal State Conservation Area

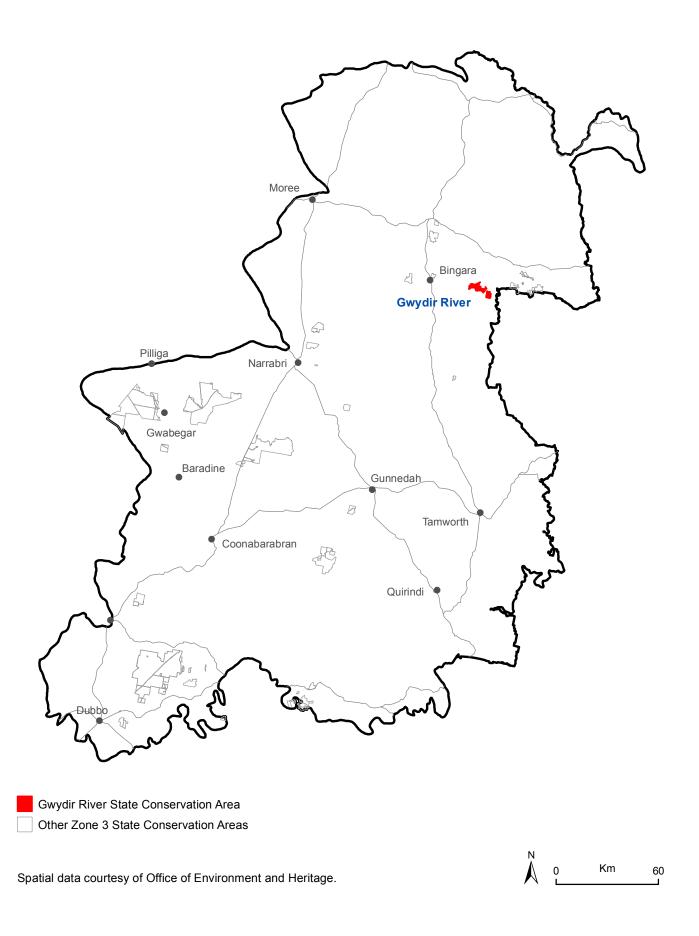
Current management plans	Status
Plan of management	no
Fire management strategy	June 2008
Regional pest management strategy	Northern tablelands region 2012-17

Fire history	Prescribed burn (hectares)	Wildfire (hectares)
2005-06	-	50

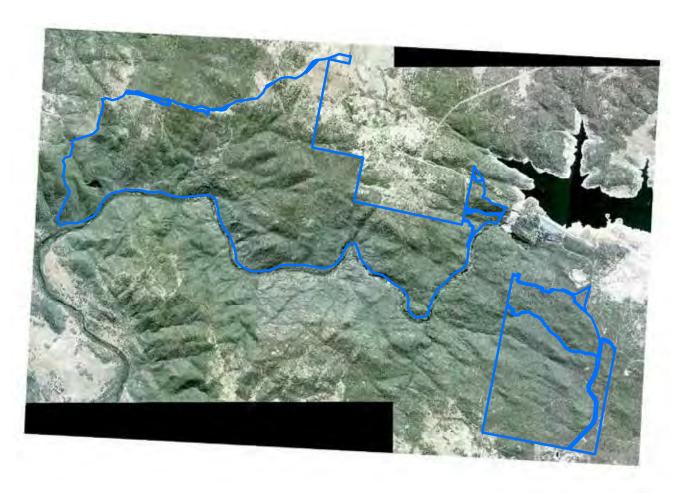
Mining	Number of titles
Exploration	1 petroleum, 1 mineral
Application	none

Apiarist sites	
None	

Gwydir River State Conservation Area (2,607 hectares) Location



Aerial

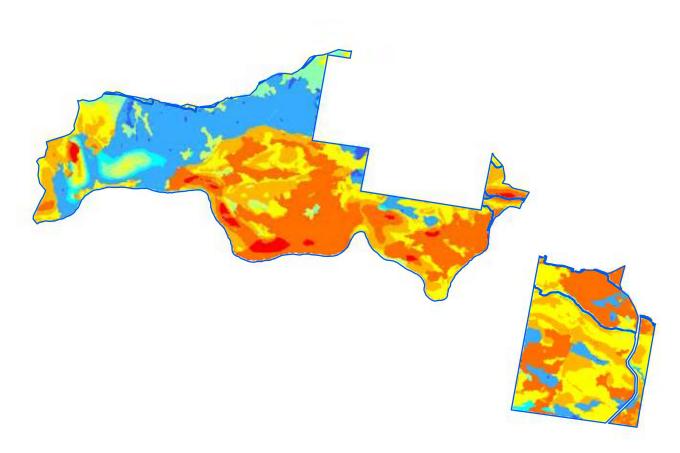


Gwydir River State Conservation Area boundary

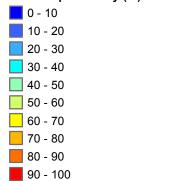
ADS40 Airborne Digital Sensor data. Spatial data courtesy of Office of Environment and Heritage. Spatial analysis by Remote Census Pty Ltd (2014).



Predicted location - white cypress pine



Relative probability (%) of white cypress pine occurence



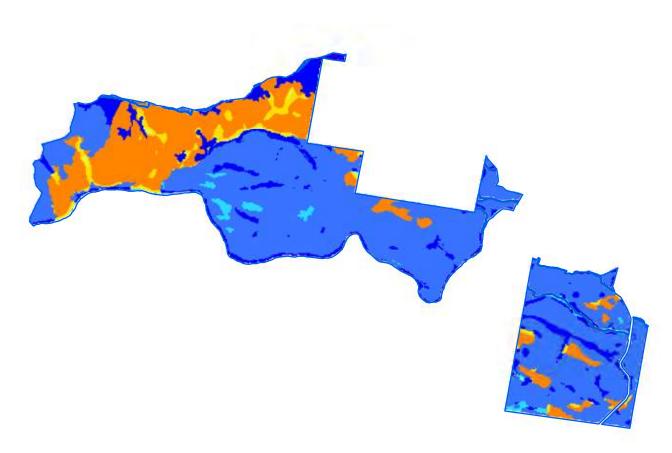
Spatial data courtesy of Office of Environment and Heritage.

Gwydir River State Conservation Area boundary

Spatial analysis by Eco Logical Australia Pty Ltd.



Predicted location - black cypress pine



Relative probability (%) of black cypress pine occurence

0 - 10

10 - 20

20 - 30

30 - 40

40 - 50

50 - 60

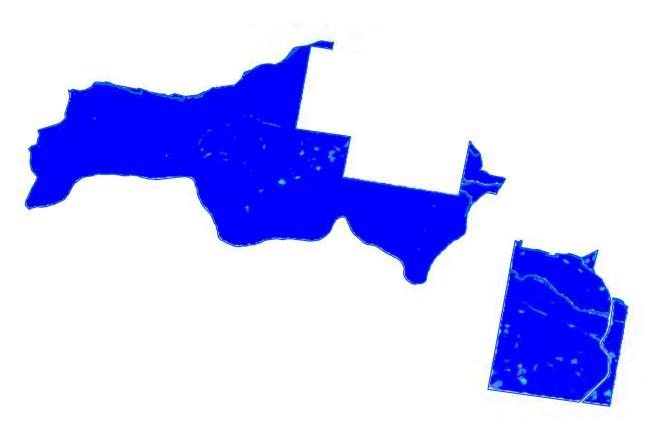
60 - 70

70 - 80

Gwydir River State Conservation Area boundary



Predicted location - bulloak

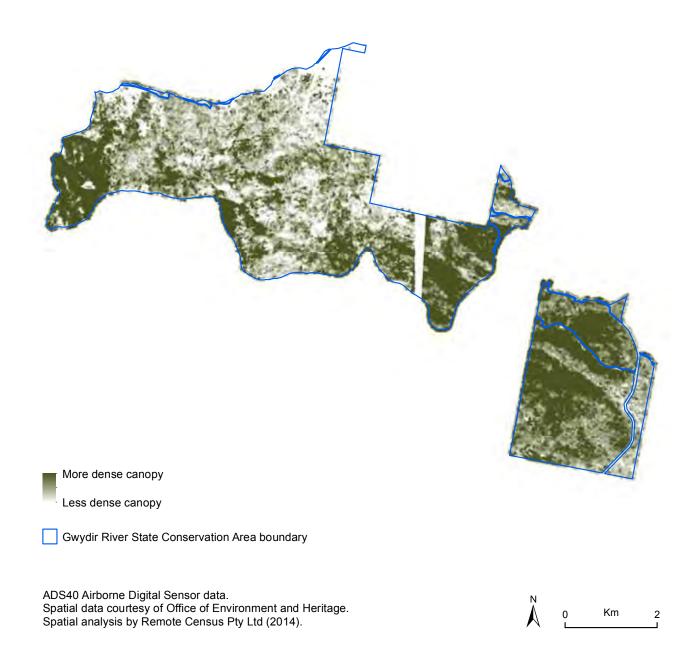


Relative probability (%) of bulloak occurence

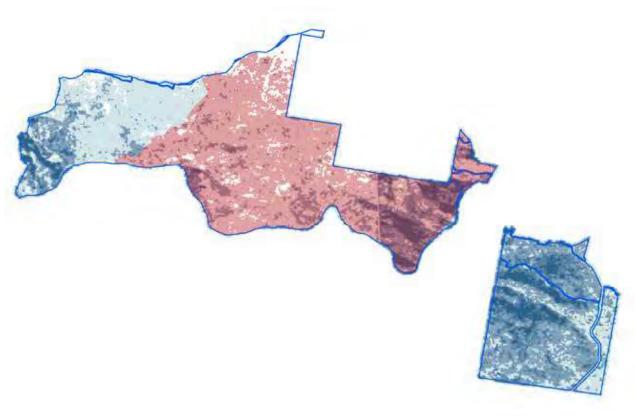




Continuous canopy density surface - cypress pine



Discrete canopy density classes - cypress pine



Wildfire since 2004-05

Canopy density classes

- Class 0 (little or no cypress pine detected)
- Density slice range 1 to 10
- Density slice range 10 to 20
- Density slice range 20 to 30
- Density slice range 30 to 100
- Gwydir River State Conservation Area boundary

ADS40 Airborne Digital Sensor data. Spatial data courtesy of Office of Environment and Heritage. Spatial analysis by Remote Census Pty Ltd (2014).



Summary statistics - spatial analysis

Area of cypress canopy classes (excludes areas affected by wildfire since 2009)		
Class	Total (hectares)	
Class 0 (little or no cypress detected)	82	
Class 1 (1-10 percent)	827	
Class 2 (11-20 percent)	620	
Class 3 (21-30 percent)	272	
Class 4 (>31 percent)	145	

Issues and confidence levels for ADS40 spatial products		
ADS40 image quality	Issues	Confidence levels
Medium	Image classification and mapping includes other species	Lower

Lindsay types	Area (hectares)	Proportion of total (%)
Roughbarked Apple (Angophora floribunda)	13	<1
Roughbarked Apple (<i>Angophora floribunda</i>) in association with Blakelys Red Gum (<i>E.blakelyi</i>)	8	<1
Blakely's Red Gum (E.blakelyi)	3	<1
Black Cypress Pine	20	1
Black Cypress Pine (<i>Callitris endlicheri</i>) in association with Youmans' Stringybark (<i>E. youmannii</i>)	4	<1
Black Cypress Pine (Callitris endlicheri) - Caley's Ironbark (E. caleyi)	7	<1
Black Cypress Pine (<i>Callitris endlicheri</i>) - Caley's Ironbark (<i>E. caleyi</i>) in association with White Cypress Pine (<i>Callitris glaucophylla</i>)	11	<1
Black Cypress Pine (Callitris endlicheri) - Caley's Ironbark (E. caleyi), on rocky terrain	33	1
Black Cypress Pine (Callitris endlicheri) - Silverleaved Ironbark (E. melanophloia), on rocky terrain	12	<1
Black Cypress Pine - White Cypress Pine	13	<1
White Cypress Pine	734	21
White Cypress Pine (Callitris glaucophylla) in association with Roughbarked Apple (Angophora floribunda)	6	<1
White Cypress Pine (Callitris glaucophylla) alternating with areas of rock	4	<1
White Cypress Pine (Callitris glaucophylla) on rocky terrain	21	1
White Cypress Pine (Callitris glaucophylla) - Caley's Ironbark (E. caleyi)	500	15
White Cypress Pine (<i>Callitris glaucophylla</i>) - Caley's Ironbark (<i>E. caleyi</i>) in association with (<i>Angophora floribunda</i>)	4	<1
White Cypress Pine (<i>Callitris glaucophylla</i>) - Caley's Ironbark (<i>E. caleyi</i>) in association with Black Cypress Pine (<i>Callitris endlicheri</i>)	81	2
White Cypress Pine (<i>Callitris glaucophylla</i>) - Caley's Ironbark (<i>E. caleyi</i>) alternating with rock	94	3
White Cypress Pine (<i>Callitris glaucophylla</i>) - Caley's Ironbark (<i>E. caleyi</i>) on rocky terrain	136	4
White Cypress Pine (<i>Callitris glaucophylla</i>) - Silverleaved Ironbark (<i>E. melanophloia</i>)	307	9
White Cypress Pine (<i>Callitris glaucophylla</i>) - Silverleaved Ironbark (<i>E. melanophloia</i>), alternating with rock	1	<1
White Cypress Pine (<i>Callitris glaucophylla</i>) - Silverleaved Ironbark (<i>E. melanophloia</i>), on rocky terrain	36	1
White Cypress Pine (Callitris glaucophylla) - White Box (E. albens)	31	1
White Cypress Pine (Callitris glaucophylla) - Yellow Box (E.meliodora)	9	<1
White Cypress Pine - Black Cypress Pine	178	5
White Cypress Pine (<i>Callitris glaucophylla</i>) - Black Cypress Pine (<i>Callitris endlicheri</i>) in association with Silverleaved Ironbark (<i>E. melanophloia</i>)	17	1
White Cypress Pine (Callitris glaucophylla) - Bancrofts Red Gum (E. bancroftii)	4	<1
White Cypress Pine (Callitris glaucophylla) - Tumbledown Red Gum (E. dealbata)	4	<1

Lindsay types	Area (hectares)	Proportion of total (%)
River Red Gum (E. camaldulensis) in association with River Oak (Casuarina cunninghamiana)	2	<1
Caley's Ironbark (E. caleyi) - Tumbledown Red Gum (E. dealbata)	9	<1
Caley's Ironbark (E. caleyi) - Tumbledown Red Gum (E. dealbata) on rocky terrain	28	1
River Oak (Casuarina cunninghamiana) in association with River Red Gum (E. camaldulensis)	1	<1
Wattle (Acacia sp.) on rocky terrain	2	<1
Settlements, Roads, Gravel Pits, etc.	3	<1
Heath / Rock	1	<1
Heath, on rocky terrain	1	<1
Rock	40	1
Untyped	1,040	30

NSW Vegetation classification and assessment (VCA) type	NSW TSC Act ¹	EPBC Act ²
VCA 509: Blakely's Red Gum - White Cypress Pine - Rough-barked Apple grassy open forest of drainage lines of the northern Nandewar and New England Tablelands Bioregions	yes	yes
VCA 519: Heathy shrubland on granitic substrates in the Howell area in the New England Tablelands Bioregion	yes	-
VCA 582: Sedgeland fens wetland of impeded drainage of the Nandewar and New England Tablelands Bioregions	nominated	-
VCA 594: Silver-leaved Ironbark - White Cypress Pine shrubby open forest of Brigalow Belt South and Nandewar Bioregions	-	1
VCA 542: Stringybark - Rough-barked Apple - cypress pine shrubby open forest of the eastern Nandewar and western New England Tablelands Bioregions	-	-
VCA 562: Tumbledown Red Gum - White Cypress Pine - Caley's Ironbark shrubby open forest of the Nandewar and western New England Tablelands Bioregions	-	•
VCA 564: White Cypress Pine - Silver-leaved Ironbark - Caley's Ironbark open forest of the central Nandewar and western New England Tablelands Bioregions	-	1
VCA 547: Wild Quince - Mock Olive - Rusty Fig - Iamboto - Sweet Pittosporum dry rainforest of rocky and scree areas of the Nandewar and New England Tablelands Bioregions	yes	yes

¹NSW Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995

² Australian Government Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999

Native species recorded	Number
Flora	448
Fauna	21

Threatened species			
Scientific name	Common name	NSW TSC Act ¹	EPBC Act ²
Flora			
Polygala linariifolia	Native milkwort	E1	-
Fauna			
Neophema pulchella	Turquoise parrot	V	
Tyto novaehollandiae	Masked owl	V	1
Climacteris picumnus victoriae	Brown treecreeper (eastern subspecies)	V	
Chthonicola sagittata	Speckled warbler	V	-
Stagonopleura guttata	Diamond firetail	V	-

Cultural heritage - Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal	Number of sites
AHIMS registered sites	5
Heritage items or places of historic significance	no information available

Current management plans	Status
Plan of management	no
Fire management strategy	August 2006
Regional pest management strategy	Northern tablelands region 2012-17

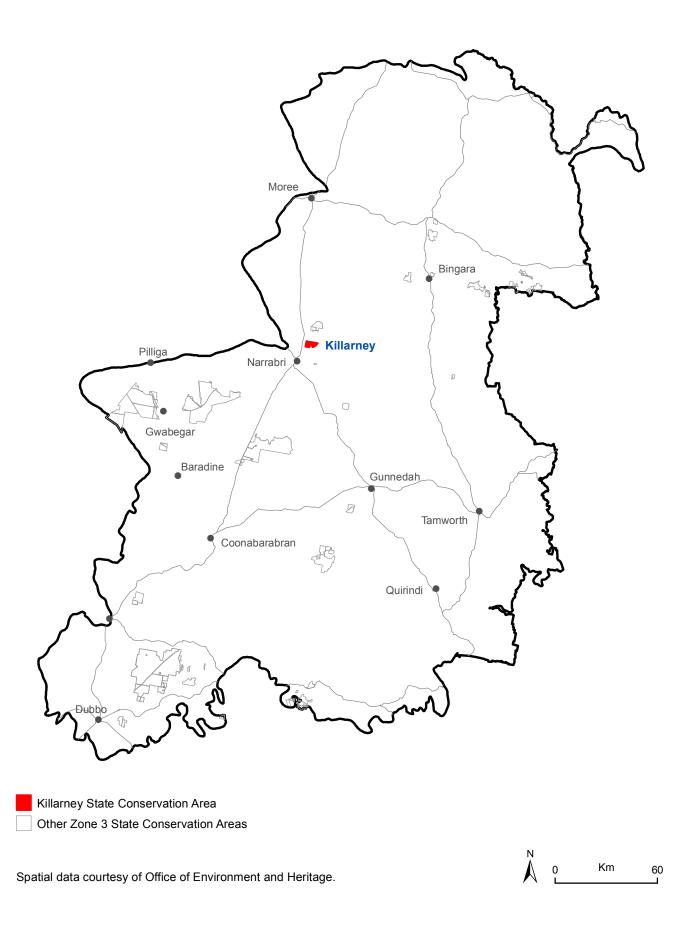
Fire history	Prescribed burn (hectares)	Wildfire (hectares)
2009-10	-	1,780
2012-13	97	2
2013-14	101	-

Mining	Number of titles
Exploration	1 mineral
Application	none

Apiarist sites	
14	

Killarney State Conservation Area (1,858 hectares)

Location



Aerial

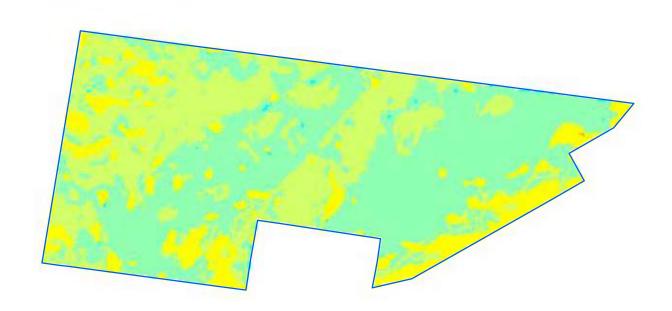


Killarney State Conservation Area boundary

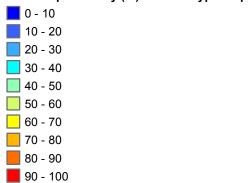
ADS40 Airborne Digital Sensor data. Spatial data courtesy of Office of Environment and Heritage. Spatial analysis by Remote Census Pty Ltd (2014).



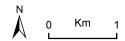
Predicted location - white cypress pine



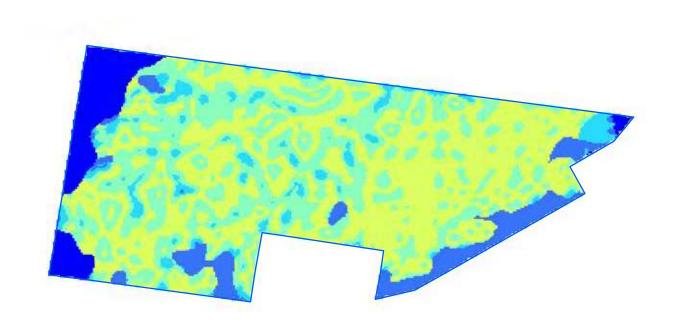
Relative probability (%) of white cypress pine occurence



Killarney State Conservation Area boundary



Predicted location - black cypress pine



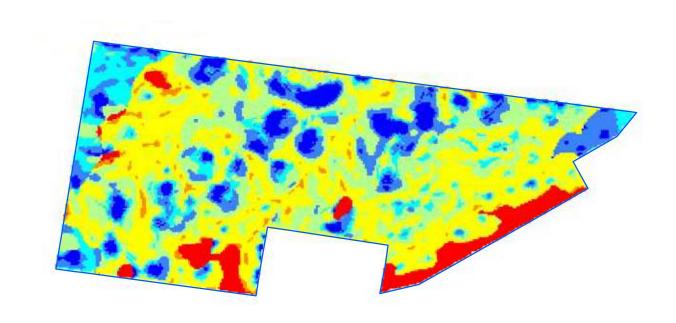


0 - 10 10 - 20 20 - 30 30 - 40 40 - 50 50 - 60 60 - 70 70 - 80

☐ Killarney State Conservation Area boundary



Predicted location - bulloak



Relative probability (%) of bulloak occurence

0 - 10 10 - 20 20 - 30 30 - 40 40 - 50 50 - 60

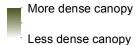
60 - 70

Killarney State Conservation Area boundary



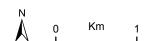
Continuous canopy density surface - cypress pine



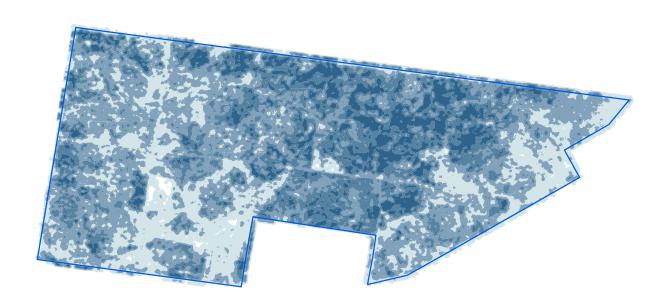


Killarney State Conservation Area boundary

ADS40 Airborne Digital Sensor data. Spatial data courtesy of Office of Environment and Heritage. Spatial analysis by Remote Census Pty Ltd (2014).



Discrete canopy density classes - cypress pine



Canopy density classes

- Class 0 (little or no cypress pine detected)
- Density slice range 1 to 10
- Density slice range 10 to 20
- Density slice range 20 to 30
- Density slice range 30 to 100
- Killarney State Conservation Area boundary

ADS40 Airborne Digital Sensor data. Spatial data courtesy of Office of Environment and Heritage. Spatial analysis by Remote Census Pty Ltd (2014).



Summary statistics - spatial analysis

Area of cypress canopy classes (excludes areas affected by wildfire since 2009)		
Class	Total (hectares)	
Class 0 (little or no cypress detected)	11	
Class 1 (1-10 percent)	503	
Class 2 (11-20 percent)	742	
Class 3 (21-30 percent)	487	
Class 4 (>31 percent)	224	

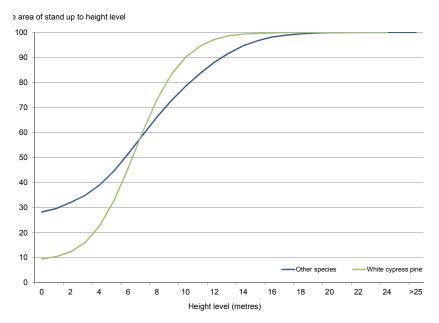
Issues and confidence levels f	or ADS40 spatial products	
ADS40 image quality	Issues	Confidence levels
High	-	Higher

Summary statistics - spatial analysis

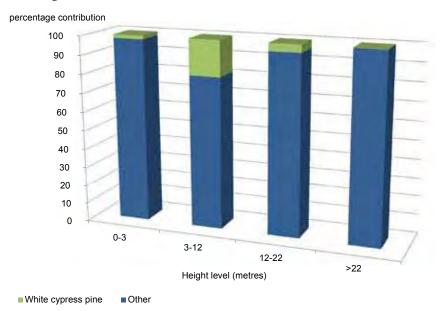
Light detection and ranging (LiDAR) data and analysis

Cumulative height and percentage cover charts show the average cumulative height for white cypress pine and other species, averaged over the State Conservation Area. The figures also show the relative proportion of white cypress pine cover and other species' cover within four height classes, averaged over the State Conservation Area.

Cumulative height chart



Percentage cover chart



Key insights include:

- Higher proportion of mid-size white cypress pine and fewer small and large white cypress trees (note relatively steep slope of cypress curve between 6 and 12 metres, which contains about 70 percent of total cypress cover).
- Relatively little area of white cypress pine cover in the 0 3 metre height range.
- Most white cypress pine cover occurs in the 3 12 metre height range.
- Average white cypress pine cover contribution is 5.6 percent across all height classes.

Lindsay types	Area (hectares)	Proportion of total (%)
Red Gum (E. blakelyi) (Blakely's Red Gum) (Lindsay Types)	26	1
Black Pine - Narrowleaf Ironbark - Red Gum (Lindsay Types)	406	22
Narrowleaf Ironbark - Forest Oak - White Cypress Pine (Lindsay Types)	169	9
White Cypress Pine - Narrowleaf Ironbark - Red Gum (Lindsay Types)	457	25
White Cypress Pine - Narrowleaf Ironbark - Forest Oak (Lindsay Types)	655	35
Pilliga Box - White Cypress Pine (Lindsay Types)	64	3
White Cypress Pine - White Box (Lindsay Types)	11	1
White Cypress Pine - Pilliga Box (Lindsay Types)	69	4

NSW Vegetation classification and assessment (VCA) type	NSW TSC Act ¹	EPBC Act ²
VCA 411: Buloke - White Cypress Pine woodland on outwash plains in the Pilliga Scrub and Narrabri regions, Brigalow Belt South bioregion	-	-
VCA 428: Carbeen - White Cypress Pine - Curracabah - White Box tall woodland on sand in the Narrabri - Warialda region of the Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	yes	-
VCA 408: Dirty Gum (Baradine Gum) - Black Cypress Pine - White Bloodwood shrubby woodland on of the Pilliga forests and surrounding region	-	-
VCA 432: Dwyers Red Gum - Dirty (Baradine) Gum - cypress pine shrubby woodland of the Narrabri region of the Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	-	-
VCA 398: Narrow-leaved Ironbark - White Cypress Pine - Buloke tall open forest on lower slopes and flats in the Pilliga Scrub and surrounding forests in the central north Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	-	-
VCA 373: Narrow-leaved Ironbark - White Cypress Pine -/+ Buloke tall open forest or woodland of the Warialda to Yetman region, Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	-	-
VCA 88: Pilliga Box - White Cypress Pine - Buloke shrubby woodland in the Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	-	-
VCA 56: Poplar Box - Belah woodland on clay-loam soils on alluvial plains of north-central NSW	-	-
VCA 422: Smooth-barked Apple - cypress pine - Narrow-leaved Ironbark - White Bloodwood tall heathy woodland of the Pilliga forests to Warialda region, Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	-	- -

¹NSW Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995

 $^{^{2}\,\}mathrm{Australian}$ Government Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999

Native species recorded	Number
Flora	218
Fauna	63

Threatened species			
Scientific name	Common name	NSW TSC Act ¹	EPBC Act ²
Flora			
-	-	-	-
Fauna			
Neophema pulchella	Turquoise Parrot	V	-
Climacteris picumnus victoriae	Brown Treecreeper (eastern subspecies)	V	-
Grantiella picta	Painted Honeyeater	V	-
Melanodryas cucullata cucullata	Hooded Robin (south-eastern form)	V	-
Phascolarctos cinereus	Koala	V	V

Cultural heritage - Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal	Number of sites
AHIMS registered sites	1
Heritage items or places of historic significance	0

Current management plans	Status
Plan of management	no
Fire management strategy	April 2009
Regional pest management strategy	Northern plains region 2012-17

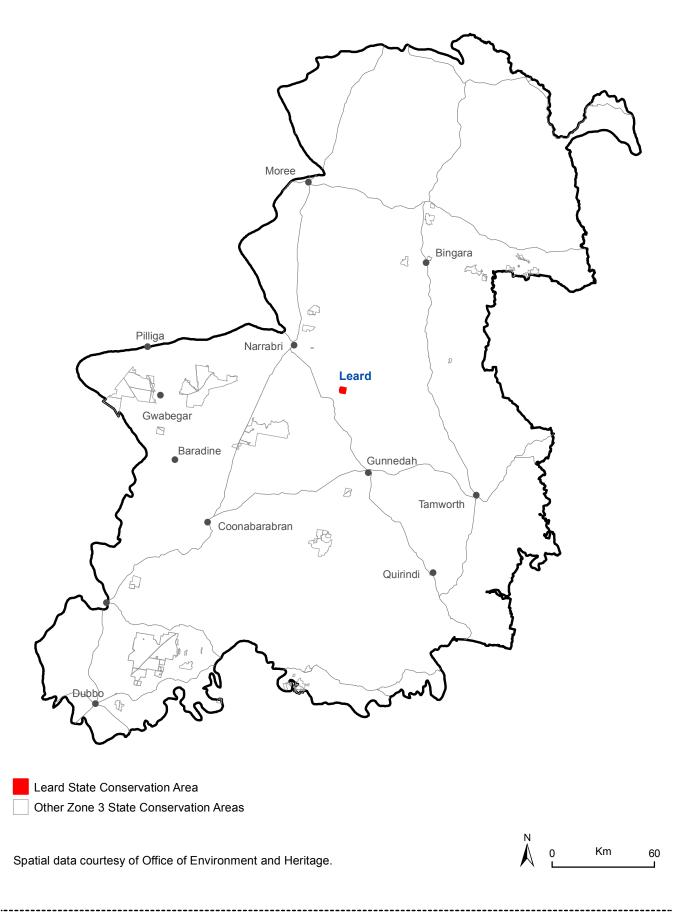
Fire history	Prescribed burn (hectares)	Wildfire (hectares)
2007-08	113	-
2008-09	338	-
2009-10	-	-

Mining	Number of titles
Exploration	1 petroleum
Application	none

Apiarist sites	
None	

Leard State Conservation Area (1,176 hectares)

Location

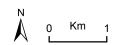


Aerial

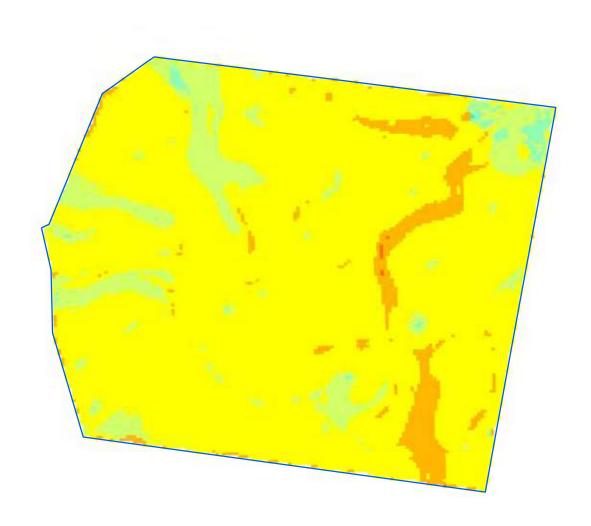


Leard State Conservation Area boundary

ADS40 Airborne Digital Sensor data. Spatial data courtesy of Office of Environment and Heritage. Spatial analysis by Remote Census Pty Ltd (2014).



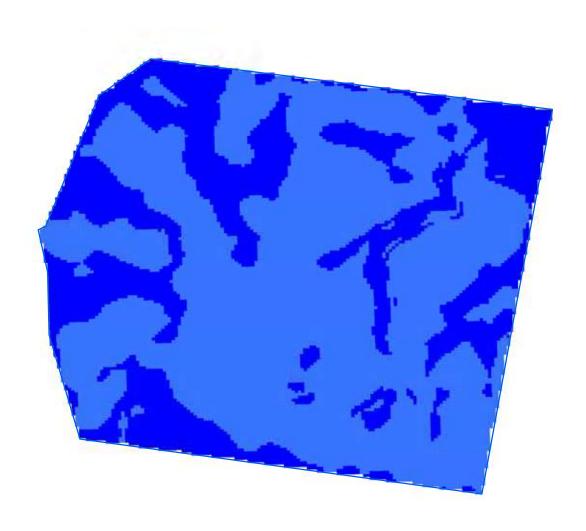
Predicted location - white cypress pine



Relative probability (%) of white cypress pine occurence 0 - 10 10 - 20 20 - 30 30 - 40 **40 - 50** 50 - 60 60 - 70 70 - 80 80 - 90 90 - 100 Leard State Conservation Area boundary



Predicted location - black cypress pine



Relative probability (%) of black cypress pine occurence

0 - 10 10 - 20 20 - 30

30 - 40 40 - 50

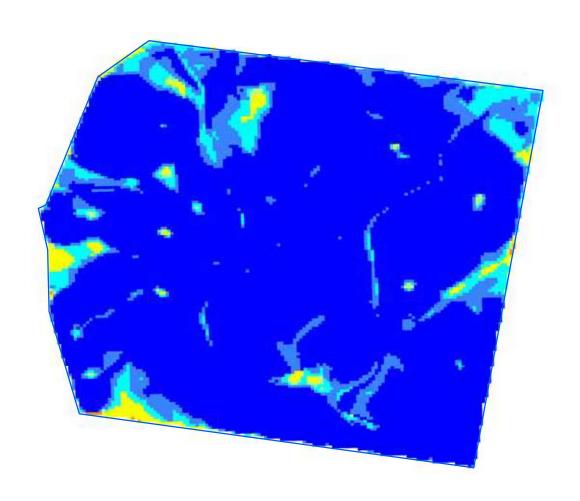
50 - 60

60 - 70 70 - 80

Leard State Conservation Area boundary



Predicted location - bulloak

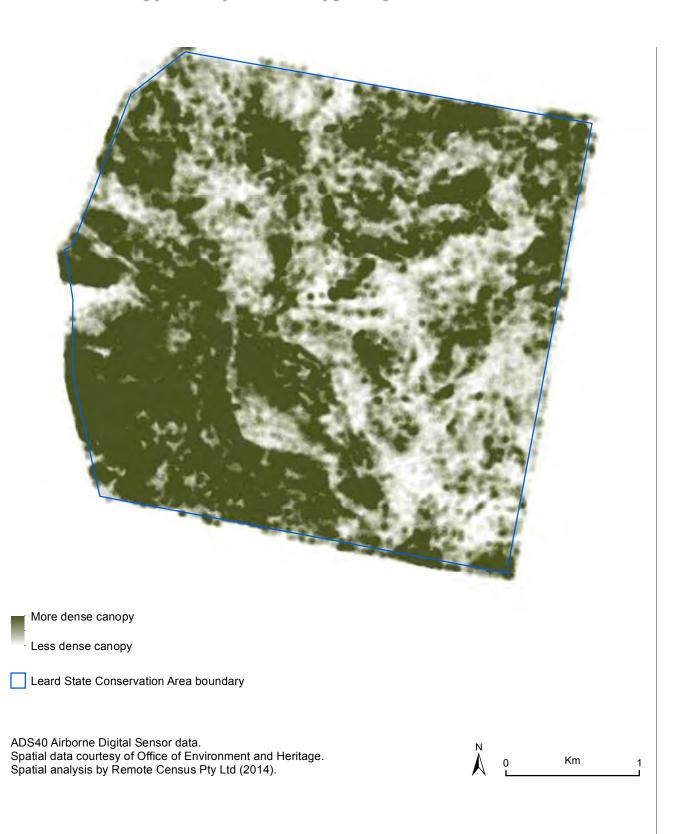


Relative probability (%) of bulloak occurence

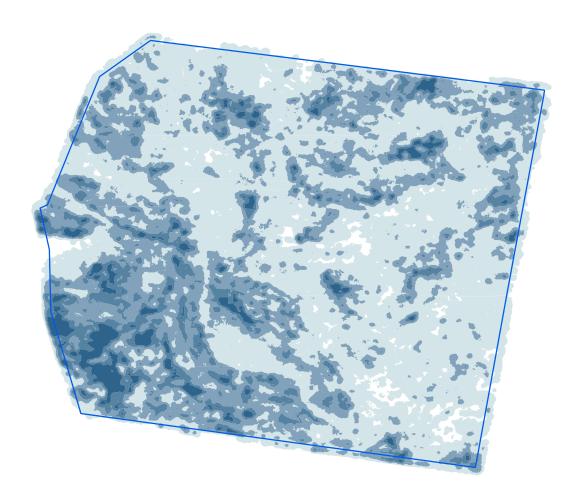




Continuous canopy density surface - cypress pine



Discrete canopy density classes - cypress pine



Canopy density classes

Class 0 (little or no cypress pine detected)

Density slice range 1 to 10

Density slice range 10 to 20

Density slice range 20 to 30

Density slice range 30 to 100

Leard State Conservation Area boundary

ADS40 Airborne Digital Sensor data. Spatial data courtesy of Office of Environment and Heritage. Spatial analysis by Remote Census Pty Ltd (2014).



Summary statistics - spatial analysis

Area of cypress canopy classes (excludes areas affected by wildfire since 20	009)
Class	Total (hectares)
Class 0 (little or no cypress detected)	31
Class 1 (1-10 percent)	667
Class 2 (11-20 percent)	371
Class 3 (21-30 percent)	130
Class 4 (>31 percent)	41

Issues and confidence levels f	or ADS40 spatial products	
ADS40 image quality	Issues	Confidence levels
High	-	Higher

Lindsay types	Area (hectares)	Proportion of total (%)
White Cypress Pine - Box	299	25
Western Box	109	9
Red Ironbark	767	65

NSW Vegetation classification and assessment (VCA) type	NSW TSC Act ¹	EPBC Act ²
VCA 55: Belah woodland on alluvial plains and low rises in the central NSW wheatbelt to Pilliga and Liverpool Plains regions	-	-
VCA 35: Brigalow - Belah open forest / woodland on alluvial often gilgaied clay from Pilliga Scrub to Goondiwindi, Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	yes	yes
VCA 427: Cypress pine - Tumbledown Red Gum low open woodland to grassland on rocky benches, mainly in the Nandewar Bioregion	-	-
VCA 592: Narrow-leaved Ironbark - cypress pine - White Box shrubby open forest in the Brigalow Belt South and Nandewar Bioregions	-	-
VCA 511: Queensland Bluegrass - Redleg Grass - Rats Tail Grass - spear grass - panic grass derived grassland of the Nandewar and Brigalow Belt South Bioregions	-	-
VCA 587: White Box - White Cypress Pine - Rough-barked Apple shrubby open forest in the Kaputar area of Brigalow Belt South and Nandewar Bioregions	-	-
VCA 588: White Box - White Cypress Pine shrubby hills open forest mainly in the Nandewar Bioregion	-	-

Native species recorded			Number
Flora			217
Fauna			112
Threatened species			
Scientific name	Common name	NSW TSC Act ¹	EPBC Act ²
Flora			
Lepidium aschersonii	Spiny peppercress	V	V
Fauna			
Neophema pulchella	Turquoise parrot	V	-
Climacteris picumnus victoriae	Brown treecreeper (eastern subspecies)	V	-
Chthonicola sagittata	Speckled warbler	V	-
Daphoenositta chrysoptera	Varied sittella	V	-
Phascolarctos cinereus	Koala	V	V
Nyctophilus corbeni	Corben's long-eared bat	V	V

¹NSW Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995

² Australian Government Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999

Cultural heritage - Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal	Number of sites
AHIMS registered sites	0
Heritage items or places of historic significance	1

Summary statistics - general

Current management plans	Status
Plan of management	November 2012

Located north of Boggabri, the Leard State Conservation Area (1,176 hectares) forms part of a corridor between Mount Kaputar National Park and the Pilliga forests. The plan of management aims to conserve both natural and cultural values.

Specific management directions: In addition to the general principles for the management of state conservation areas, the management of Leard State Conservation Area will focus on the protection of the significant vegetation communities and encouragement of the use of the reserve for research purposes. Major strategies to achieve these objectives are:

- the protection of natural values from weeds, feral animals and wildfire and
- research into the reserve's natural and cultural values, particularly establishing the reserve's importance as a refuge.

Fire management strategy April 2009
Regional pest management strategy Northern plains region 2012-17

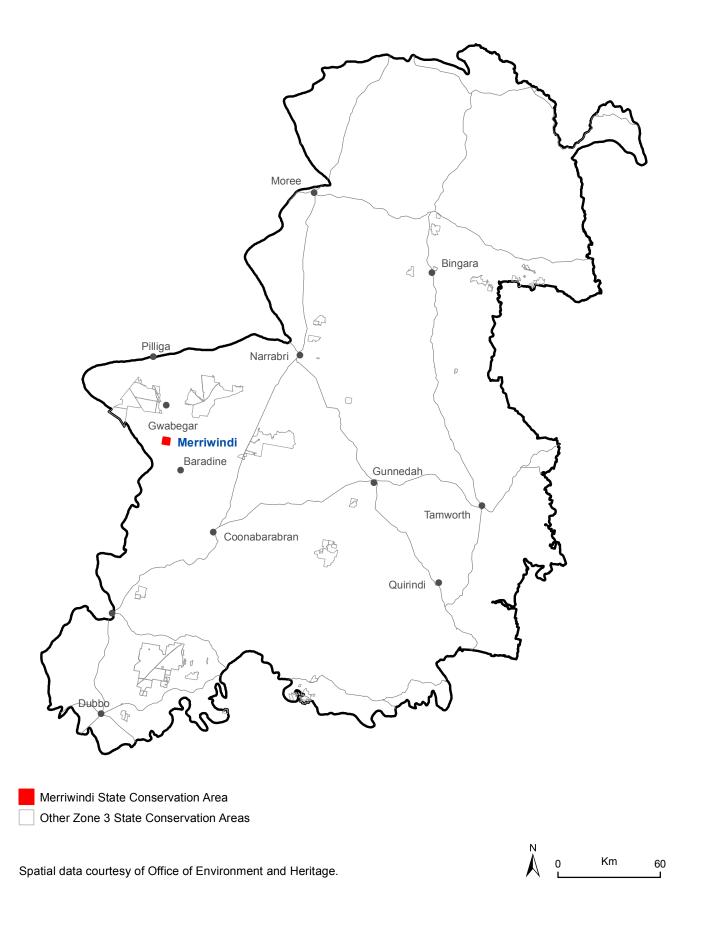
Fire history	Prescribed burn (hectares)	Wildfire (hectares)
2008-09 - 2012-13	-	-

Mining	Number of titles
Exploration	2 coal, 2 petroleum
Application	none

Apiarist sites	
None	

Merriwindi State Conservation Area (1,730 hectares)

Location



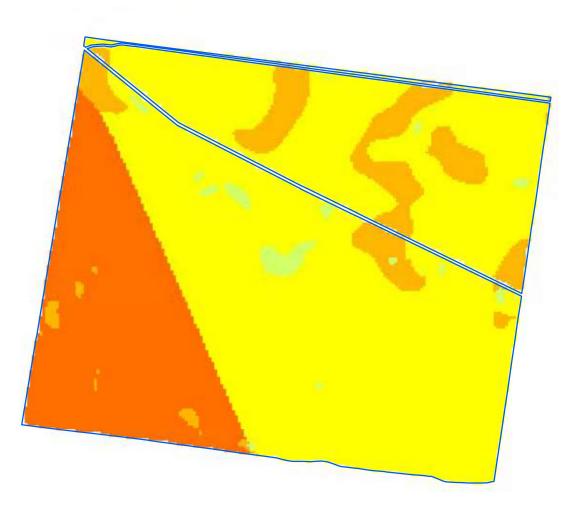
Aerial



Merriwindi State Conservation Area boundary



Predicted location - white cypress pine



Relative probability (%) of white cypress pine occurence

40 - 50 **50 - 60**

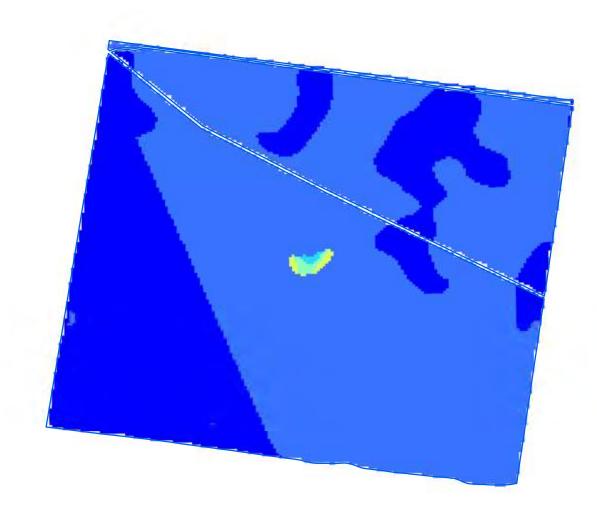
70 - 80 80 - 90

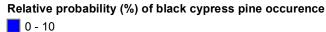
90 - 100

Merriwindi State Conservation Area boundary



Predicted location - black cypress pine





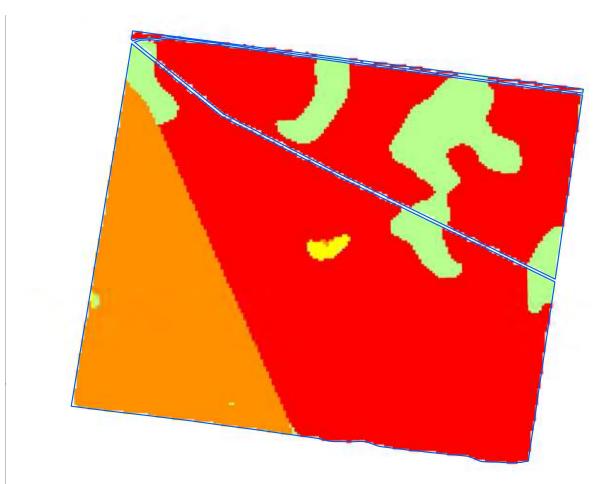
50 - 60

60 - 70 70 - 80

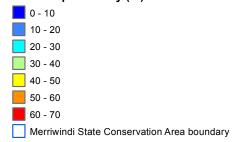
Merriwindi State Conservation Area boundary



Predicted location - bulloak

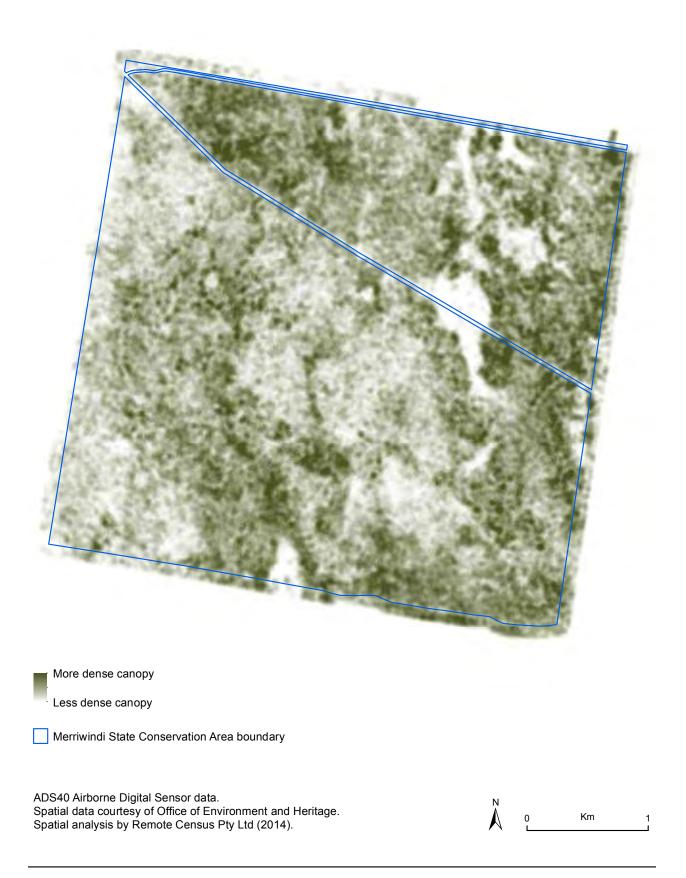


Relative probability (%) of bulloak occurence

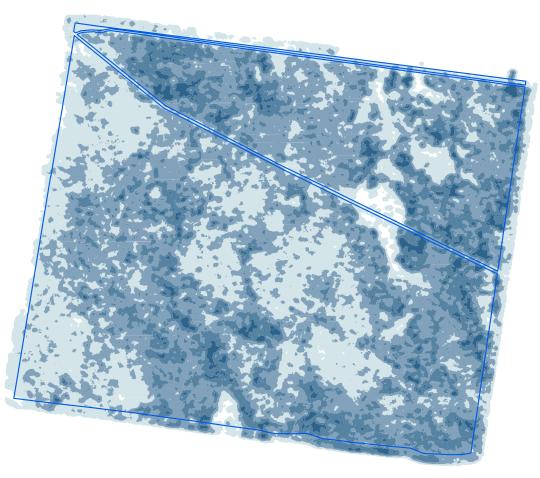




Continuous canopy density surface - cypress pine



Discrete canopy density classes - cypress pine



Canopy density classes

Class 0 (little or no cypress pine detected)

Density slice range 1 to 10

Density slice range 10 to 20

Density slice range 20 to 30

Density slice range 30 to 100

Merriwindi State Conservation Area boundary



Summary statistics - spatial analysis

Area of cypress canopy classes (excludes areas affected by wildfire since 2009)		
Class	Total (hectares)	
Class 0 (little or no cypress detected)	63	
Class 1 (1-10 percent)	600	
Class 2 (11-20 percent)	780	
Class 3 (21-30 percent)	385	
Class 4 (>31 percent)	63	

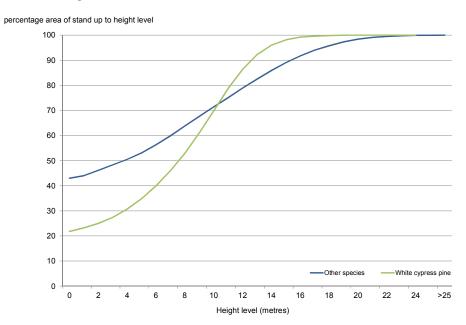
Issues and confidence levels f	or ADS40 spatial products	
ADS40 image quality	Issues	Confidence levels
High	-	Higher

Summary statistics - spatial analysis

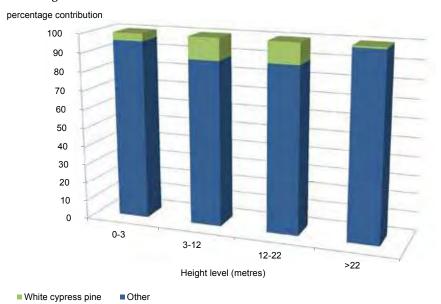
Light detection and ranging (LiDAR) data and analysis

Cumulative height and percentage cover charts show the average cumulative height for white cypress pine and other species, averaged over the State Conservation Area. The figures also show the relative proportion of white cypress pine cover and other species' cover within four height classes, averaged over the State Conservation Area.

Cumulative height chart



Percentage cover chart



Key insights include:

- Higher proportion of larger white cypress trees (note steeper part of slope is between 10 and 16 metres, which contains almost 50 percent of cypress cover). Also a higher proportion of smaller cypress.
- Relatively higher area of white cypress pine cover in the 0 3 metre height range.
- Uniform white cypress coverage in the 3 12 and 12 22 metre height range.
- Average white cypress pine cover contribution is 7.9 percent across all height classes.

.....

Lindsey types	Area (hectares)	Proportion of total (%)
Red Gum - Narrowleaf Ironbark - White Cypress Pine (Lindsay Types)	380	23
Narrowleaf Ironbark - Forest Oak - White Cypress Pine (Lindsay Types)	52	3
White Cypress Pine - Narrowleaf Ironbark - Forest Oak (Lindsay Types)	941	56
Pilliga Box - White Cypress Pine (Lindsay Types)	294	17
White Cypress Pine - Pilliga Box (Lindsay Types)	20	1

NSW Vegetation classification and assessment (VCA) type	NSW TSC Act ¹	EPBC Act ²
VCA 409: Dirty (Baradine) Gum - White Bloodwood - White Cypress Pine - Motherumbah shrubby woodland on sandy soils in the Pilliga Scrub and surrounding region, Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	-	-
VCA 398: Narrow-leaved Ironbark - White Cypress Pine - Buloke tall open forest on lower slopes and flats in the Pilliga Scrub and surrounding forests in the central north Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	-	-
VCA 88: Pilliga Box - White Cypress Pine - Buloke shrubby woodland in the Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	-	1

¹NSW Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995

² Australian Government Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999

Native species recorded			Number
Flora			48
Fauna			94
Threatened species			
Scientific name	Common name	NSW TSC Act ¹	EPBC Act ²
Flora			
-	-	-	-
Fauna			
Ephippiorhynchus asiaticus	Black-necked stork	E1	-
Ninox connivens	Barking owl	V	-
Climacteris picumnus victoriae	Brown treecreeper (eastern subspecies)	V	-
Melithreptus gularis gularis	Black-chinned honeyeater (eastern subspecies)	V	-
Pomatostomus temporalis temporalis	Grey-crowned babbler (eastern subspecies)	V	ı
Daphoenositta chrysoptera	Varied sittella	V	1
Melanodryas cucullata cucullata	Hooded robin (south-eastern form)	V	
Phascolarctos cinereus	Koala	V	V
Petaurus norfolcensis	Squirrel glider	V	-
Saccolaimus flaviventris	Yellow-bellied sheathtail-bat	V	-

Cultural heritage - Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal	Number of sites
AHIMS registered sites	1
Heritage items or places of historic significance	0

Current management plans	Status
Plan of management	no
Fire management strategy	October 2009
Regional pest management strategy	Northern plains region 2012-17

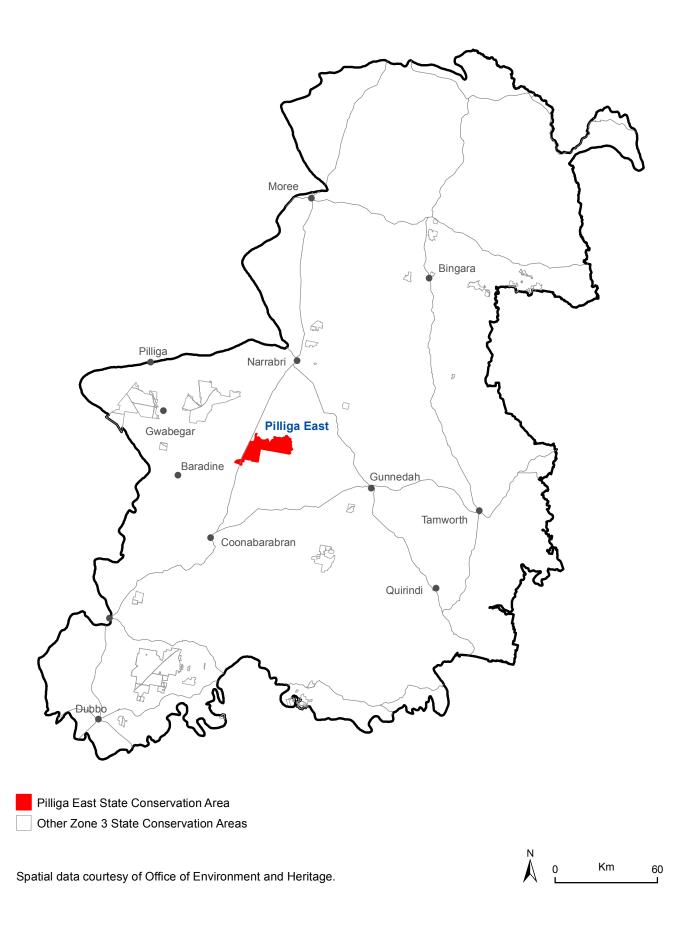
Fire history	Prescribed burn (hectares)	Wildfire (hectares)
2008-09 - 2012-13	-	-

Mining	Number of titles
Exploration	2 petroleum
Application	none

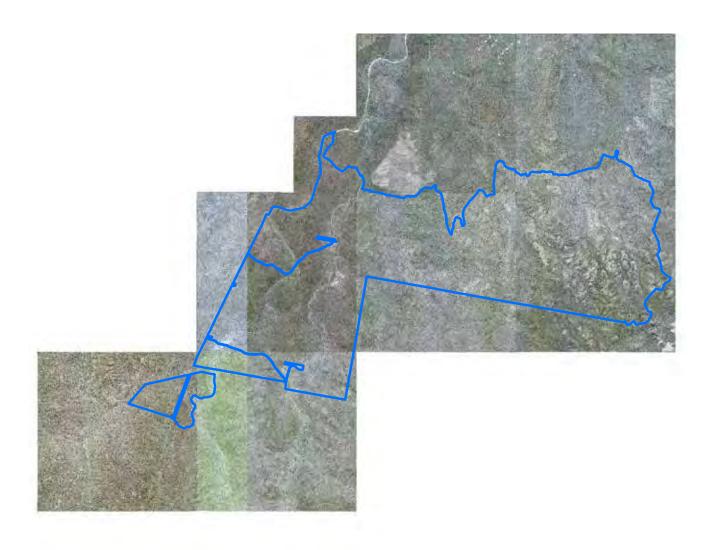
Apiarist sites	
None	

Pilliga East State Conservation Area (24,669 hectares)

Location



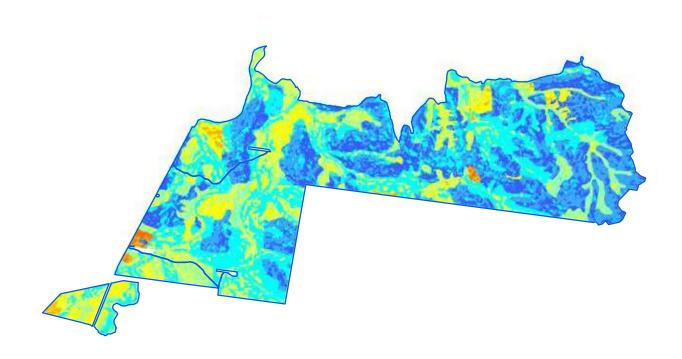
Aerial



Pilliga East State Conservation Area boundary



Predicted location - white cypress pine





0 - 10 10 - 20 20 - 30

30 - 40

40 - 50 50 - 60

60 - 70

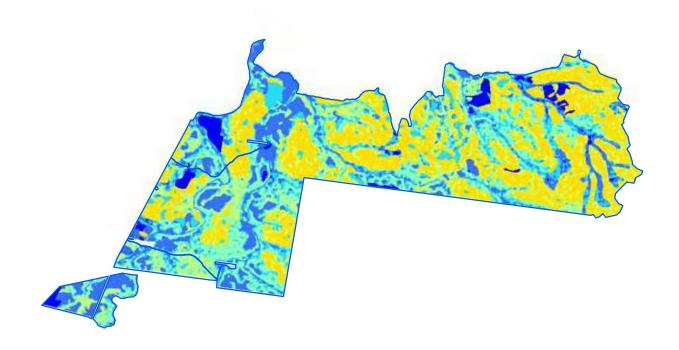
70 - 80

80 - 90 90 - 100

Pilliga East State Conservation Area boundary



Predicted location - black cypress pine



Relative probability (%) of black cypress pine occurence

0 - 10 10 - 20 20 - 30

30 - 40

40 - 50

50 - 60

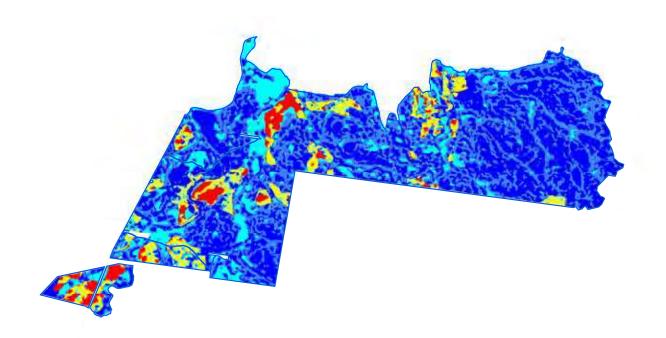
60 - 70

70 - 80

Pilliga East State Conservation Area boundary

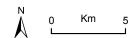


Predicted location - bulloak

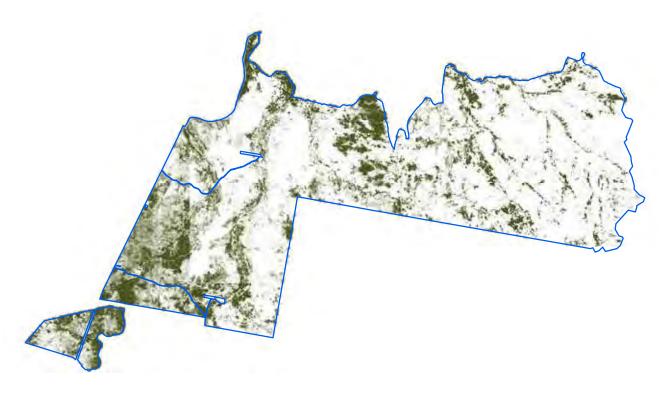


Relative probability (%) of bulloak occurence

0 - 10
10 - 20
20 - 30
30 - 40
40 - 50
50 - 60
60 - 70
Pilliga East State Conservation Area boundary



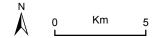
Continuous canopy density surface - cypress pine



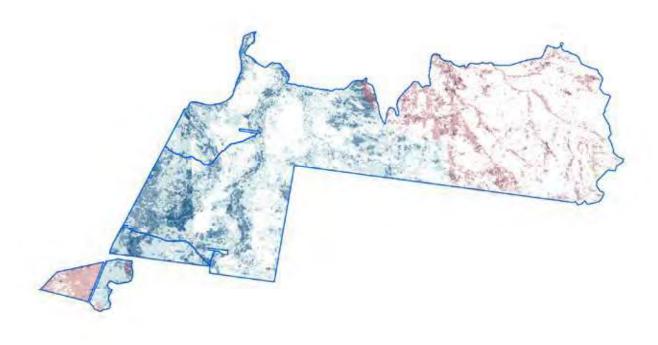
More dense canopy

Less dense canopy

Pilliga East State Conservation Area boundary



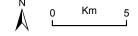
Discrete canopy density classes - cypress pine



Wildfire since 2004-05

Canopy density classes

- Class 0 (little or no cypress pine detected)
- Density slice range 1 to 10
- Density slice range 10 to 20
- Density slice range 20 to 30
- Density slice range 30 to 100
- Pilliga East State Conservation Area boundary



Summary statistics - spatial analysis

Area of cypress canopy classes (excludes areas affected by wildfire since 2009)		
Class	Total (hectares)	
Class 0 (little or no cypress detected)	5,012	
Class 1 (1-10 percent)	6,546	
Class 2 (11-20 percent)	2,423	
Class 3 (21-30 percent)	666	
Class 4 (>31 percent)	203	

Issues and confidence levels for ADS40 spatial products		
ADS40 image quality	Issues	Confidence levels
Low-high	Image classification and mapping includes other species and fire regrowth	Lower

Linsay types	Area (hectares)	Proportion of total (%)
Roughbark Apple - Red Gum (blakeyi)	17	<1
Red Gum (E. blakelyi) (Blakely's Red Gum) (Lindsay Types)	1,019	4
Red Gum - Roughbark Apple	2,235	9
Red Gum (blakeyi) - Roughbark Apple - Narrowleaf Ironbark	171	1
Red Gum - Roughbark Apple - Smoothbark Apple	136	1
Red Gum - Roughbark Apple - White Cypress Pine (Lindsay Types)	5,907	24
Red Gum - Narrowleaf Ironbark	305	1
Red Gum - Narrowleaf Ironbark - White Cypress Pine (Lindsay Types)	381	2
Red Gum - Broadleaf Ironbark	599	2
Red Gum - Broadleaf Ironbark - White Cypress Pine	391	2
Red Gum - Broadleaf Ironbark - Bloodwood	107	<1
Black Pine - Broadleaf Ironbark (Lindsay Types)	56	<1
Red Gum - Roughbark Apple	36	<1
Narrowleaf Ironbark (Lindsay Types)	12	<1
Narrowleaf Ironbark - Forest Oak - White Cypress Pine (Lindsay Types)	2,444	10
Narrowleaf Ironbark - Cypress Pine	169	1
Narrowleaf Ironbark - Bloodwood - Cypress Pine	111	<1
Broadleaf Ironbark (Lindsay Types)	144	1
Broadleaf Ironbark - Red Gum (blakeyi)	11	<1
Broadleaf Ironbark - White Cypress Pine (Lindsay Types)	415	2
Broadleaf Ironbark - Bloodwood (Lindsay Types)	8,340	34
Broadleaf Ironbark - Bloodwood - Black Pine (Lindsay Types)	706	3
Broadleaf Ironbark - Bloodwood - White Cypress Pine (Lindsay Types)	256	1
No evidence of clearing by man (Lindsay Types)	63	<1
White Cypress Pine - Red Gum	29	<1
White Cypress Pine - Red Gum - Roughbark Apple (Lindsay Types)	212	1
White Cypress Pine - Narrowleaf Ironbark	12	<1
White Cypress Pine - Narrowleaf Ironbark - Forest Oak (Lindsay Types)	119	<1
White Cypress Pine - Broadleaf Ironbark (Lindsay Types)	18	<1
Bloodwood (Lindsay Types)	5	<1
Bloodwood - Broom (Melaleuca uncinata)	81	<1
Untyped	41	<1

NSW Vegetation classification and assessment (VCA) type	NSW TSC Act ¹	EPBC Act ²
VCA 423: Blue-leaved Ironbark - Black Cypress Pine - Rough-barked Apple woodland mainly in the east Pilliga forests, Brigalow Belt South bioregion	-	-
VCA 141: Broombush - wattle very tall shrubland of the Pilliga to Goonoo regions, Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	-	-
VCA 409: Dirty (Baradine) Gum - White Bloodwood - White Cypress Pine - Motherumbah shrubby woodland on sandy soils in the Pilliga Scrub and surrounding region, Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	-	-
VCA 408: Dirty Gum (Baradine Gum) - Black Cypress Pine - White Bloodwood shrubby woodland on of the Pilliga forests and surrounding region	-	-
VCA 424: Dwyers Red Gum heathy low open woodland on sandstone ridges in the Pilliga Scrub, Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	-	-
VCA 379: Inland Scribbly Gum - White Bloodwood - Red Stringybark - Black Cypress Pine shrubby sandstone woodland mainly of the Warrumbungle NP - Pilliga region in the Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	-	-
VCA 398: Narrow-leaved Ironbark - White Cypress Pine - Buloke tall open forest on lower slopes and flats in the Pilliga Scrub and surrounding forests in the central north Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	-	-
VCA 399: Red gum - Rough-barked Apple +/- tea tree sandy creek woodland (wetland) in the Pilliga - Goonoo sandstone forests, Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	-	-
VCA 401: Rough-barked Apple - red gum - cypress pine woodland on sandy flats, mainly in the Pilliga Scrub region	-	-
VCA 422: Smooth-barked Apple - cypress pine - Narrow-leaved Ironbark - White Bloodwood tall heathy woodland of the Pilliga forests to Warialda region, Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	-	-
VCA 407: White Bloodwood - ironbark - Black Cypress Pine shrubby sandstone hill woodland of the southern Pilliga forests	-	-
VCA 406: White Bloodwood - Motherumbah - Red Ironbark shrubby sandstone hill woodland / open forest mainly in east Pilliga forests	-	-
VCA 405: White Bloodwood - Red Ironbark - cypress pine shrubby sandstone woodland of the Pilliga Scrub and surrounding regions	-	-
VCA 421: Yellow Box - White Cypress Pine alluvial terrace flats grassy woodland in the Pilliga forests to Warialda region, Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	yes	yes

 $^{^{1}\,\}mathrm{NSW}$ Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995

² Australian Government Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999

Native species recorded			Number
Flora			415
Fauna			141
Threatened species			
Scientific name	Common name	NSW TSC Act ¹	EPBC Act ²
Flora			
Rulingia procumbens		V	V
Philotheca ericifolia			1.7

Threatened species			
Scientific name	Common name	NSW TSC Act ¹	EPBC Act ²
Fauna			
Lophoictinia isura	Square-tailed kite	V	-
Calyptorhynchus lathami	Glossy black-cockatoo	V	-
Glossopsitta pusilla	Little lorikeet	V	-
Neophema pulchella	Turquoise parrot	V	-
Climacteris picumnus victoriae	Brown treecreeper (eastern subspecies)	V	-
Chthonicola sagittata	Speckled warbler	V	-
Pomatostomus temporalis temporalis	Grey-crowned babbler (eastern subspecies)	V	-
Melanodryas cucullata cucullata	Hooded robin (south-eastern form)	V	-
Stagonopleura guttata	Diamond firetail	V	-
Phascolarctos cinereus	Koala	V	V
Petaurus norfolcensis	Squirrel glider	V	-
Pseudomys pilligaensis	Pilliga mouse	V	V

Cultural heritage - Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal	Number of sites
AHIMS registered sites	12
Heritage items or places of historic significance	4

Current management plans	Status
Plan of management	no
Fire management strategy	May 2012
Regional pest management strategy	Northern plains region 2012-17

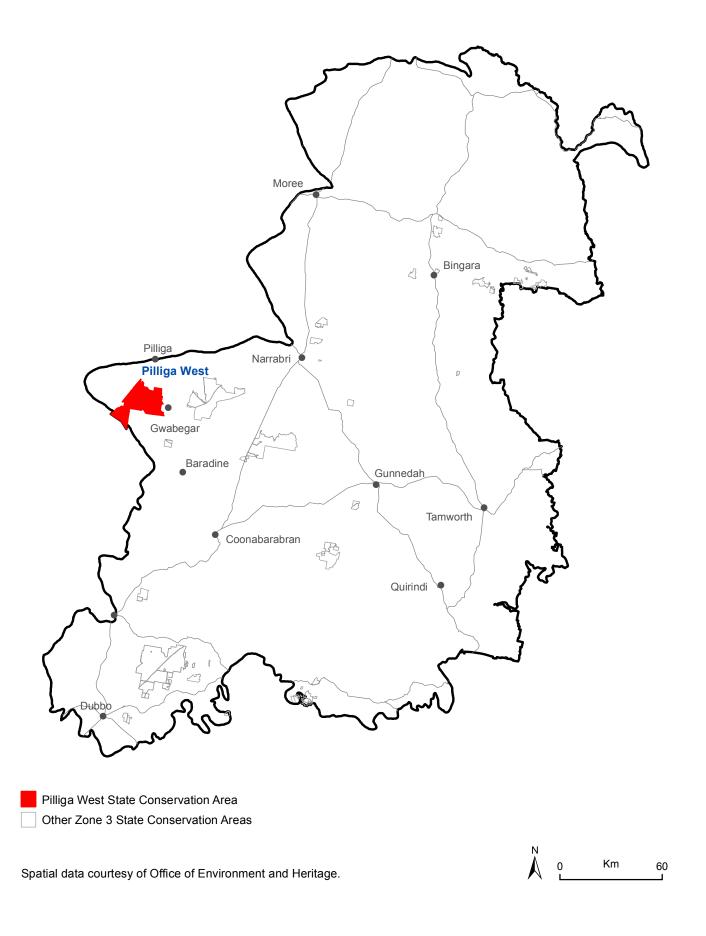
Fire history	Prescribed burn (hectares)	Wildfire (hectares)
2005-06	1,866	-
2006-07	-	10,206
2007-08	9	-
2008-09	1,993	-
2009-10	1,656	-
2010-11	3	-
2012-13	2	148

Mining	Number of titles
Exploration	1 coal, 1 petroleum
Application	none

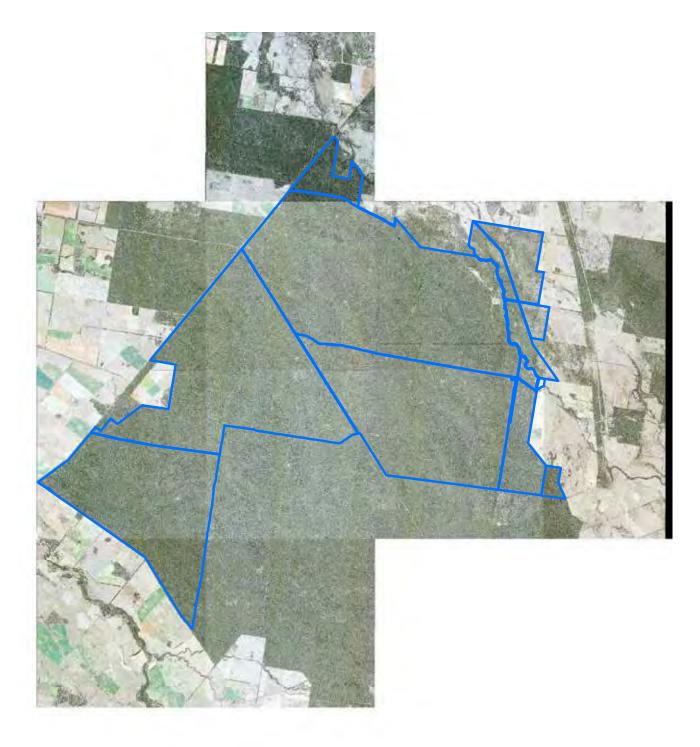
Apiarist sites		
58		

Pilliga West State Conservation Area (34,415 hectares)

Location



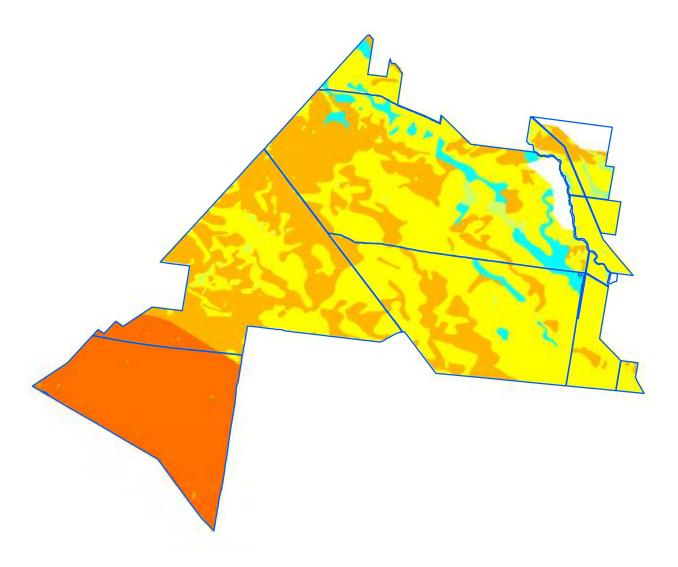
Aerial

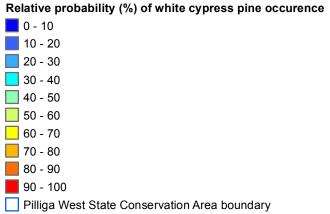


Pilliga West State Conservation Area boundary



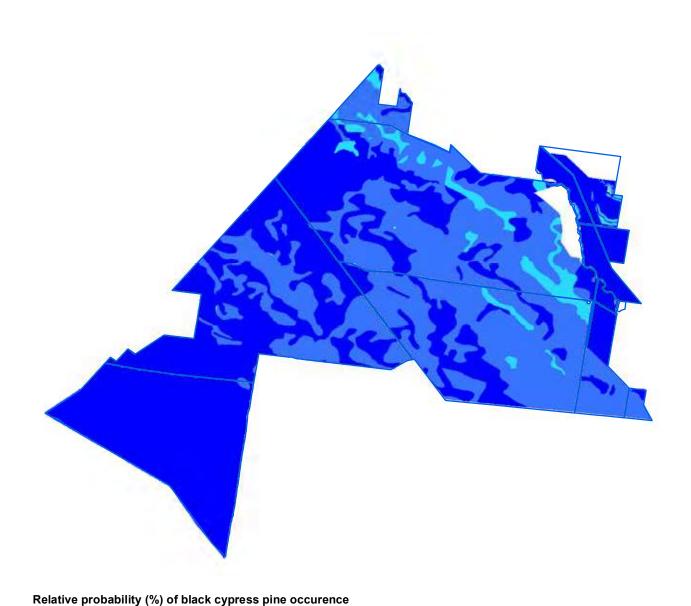
Predicted location - white cypress pine







Predicted location - black cypress pine



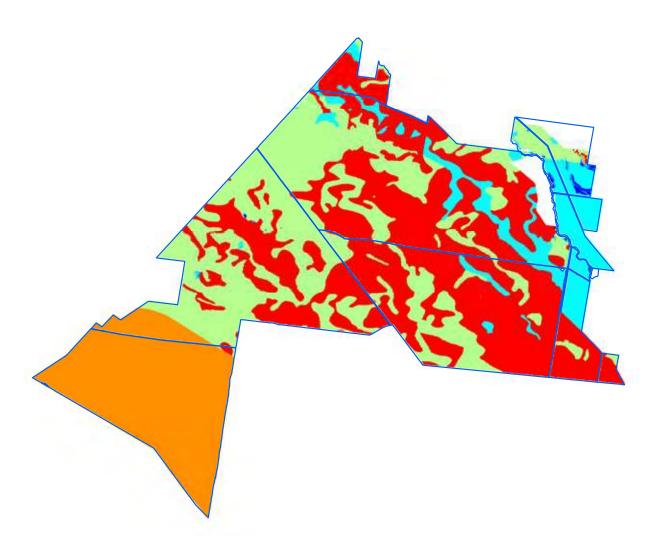
0 - 10 10 - 20 20 - 30 30 - 40 40 - 50

50 - 60 60 - 70 70 - 80

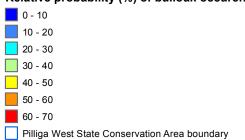
Pilliga West State Conservation Area boundary



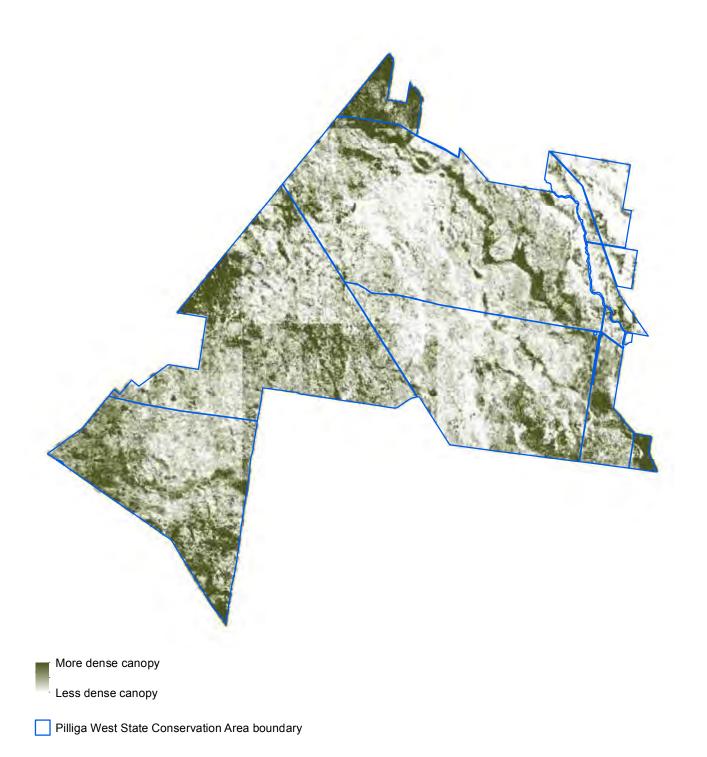
Predicted location - bulloak



Relative probability (%) of bulloak occurence

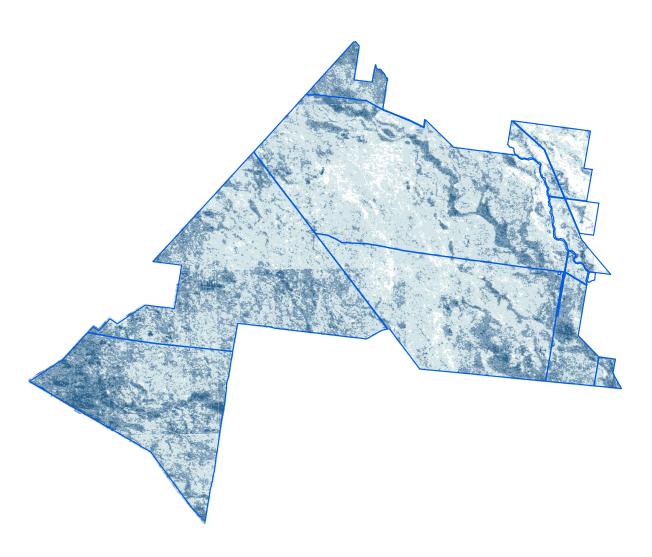


Continuous canopy density surface - cypress pine





Discrete canopy density classes - cypress pine



Canopy density classes

Class 0 (little or no cypress pine detected)

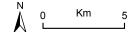
Density slice range 1 to 10

Density slice range 10 to 20

Density slice range 20 to 30

Density slice range 30 to 100

Pilliga West State Conservation Area boundary



Summary statistics - spatial analysis

Area of cypress canopy classes (excludes areas affected by wildfire since	2009)
Class	Total (hectares)
Class 0 (little or no cypress detected)	634
Class 1 (1-10 percent)	21,336
Class 2 (11-20 percent)	9,073
Class 3 (21-30 percent)	3,203
Class 4 (>31 percent)	1,102

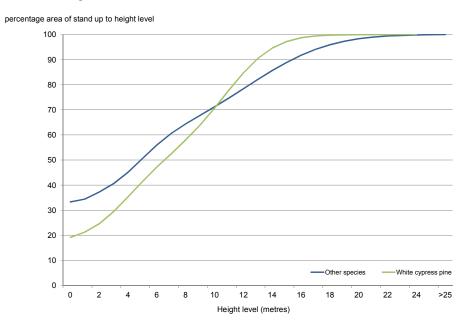
Issues and confidence levels f	or ADS40 spatial products	
ADS40 image quality	Issues	Confidence levels
High	-	Higher

Summary statistics - spatial analysis

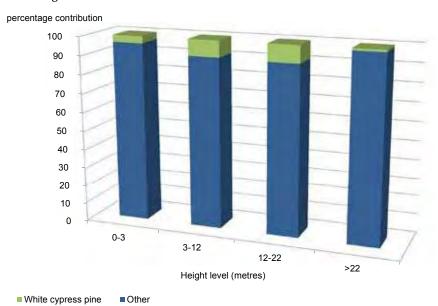
Light detection and ranging (LiDAR) data and analysis

Cumulative height and percentage cover charts show the average cumulative height for white cypress pine and other species, averaged over the State Conservation Area. The figures also show the relative proportion of white cypress pine cover and other species' cover within four height classes, averaged over the State Conservation Area.

Cumulative height chart



Percentage cover chart



Key insights include:

- More even distribution of cypress size classes given linear nature of curve.
- Relatively more area of white cypress pine cover in the 0 3 metre height range.
- Uniform white cypress coverage in the 3 12 and 12 22 metre height range.
- Average white cypress pine cover contribution is 6.7 percent across all height classes.

Lindsay types	Area (hectares)	Proportion of total (%)
Red Gum (E. blakelyi) (Blakely's Red Gum) (Lindsay Types)	12	<1
Red Gum - Narrowleaf Ironbark - White Cypress Pine (Lindsay Types)	127	<1
Belah (Lindsay Types)	10	<1
Red Gum - White Cypress Pine	190	1
Narrowleaf Ironbark - Forest Oak - White Cypress Pine (Lindsay Types)	3,695	10
White Cypress Pine - Red Gum	1,260	3
White Cypress Pine - Red Gum - Roughbark Apple (Lindsay Types)	162	<1
White Cypress Pine - Red Gum - Narrowleaf Ironbark	465	1
White Cypress Pine - Narrowleaf Ironbark - Red Gum (Lindsay Types)	1,094	3
White Cypress Pine - Narrowleaf Ironbark - Forest Oak (Lindsay Types)	10,759	29
Bimble Box (Lindsay Types)	17	<1
Bimble Box - White Cypress Pine (Lindsay Types)	2,639	7
Pilliga Box - White Cypress Pine (Lindsay Types)	3,339	9
Pilliga Box - Bimble Box	279	1
White Cypress Pine - Bimble Box (Lindsay Types)	6,278	17
White Cypress Pine - Pilliga Box (Lindsay Types)	3,638	10
Untyped	835	2
Untyped	1,703	5

NSW Vegetation classification and assessment (VCA) type	NSW TSC Act ¹	EPBC Act ²
VCA 55: Belah woodland on alluvial plains and low rises in the central NSW wheatbelt to Pilliga and Liverpool Plains regions	-	-
VCA 35: Brigalow - Belah open forest / woodland on alluvial often gilgaied clay from Pilliga Scrub to Goondiwindi, Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	yes	yes
VCA 206: Dirty Gum - White Cypress Pine tall woodland of alluvial sand (sand monkeys) in the Darling Riverine Plain and Brigalow Belt South Bioregions	-	-
VCA 398: Narrow-leaved Ironbark - White Cypress Pine - Buloke tall open forest on lower slopes and flats in the Pilliga Scrub and surrounding forests in the central north Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	-	-
VCA 88: Pilliga Box - White Cypress Pine - Buloke shrubby woodland in the Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	-	-
VCA 397: Poplar Box - White Cypress Pine shrub grass tall woodland of the Pilliga - Warialda region, Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	-	-
VCA 399: Red gum - Rough-barked Apple +/- tea tree sandy creek woodland (wetland) in the Pilliga - Goonoo sandstone forests, Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	-	-
VCA 400: Riparian sedgeland rushland wetland of the Pilliga to Goonoo sandstone forests, Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	-	-
VCA 77: Yarran shrubland of the NSW central to northern slopes and plains	nominated	-

¹NSW Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995

 $^{^{2}}$ Australian Government Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999

Native species recorded	Number
Flora	324
Fauna	170

Threatened species			
Scientific name	Common name	NSW TSC Act ¹	EPBC Act ²
Flora			
-	-	-	-
Fauna			
Hoplocephalus bitorquatus	Pale-headed snake	V	-
Botaurus poiciloptilus	Australasian bittern	E1	E
Burhinus grallarius	Bush stone-curlew	E1	-
Calyptorhynchus lathami	Glossy black-cockatoo	V	-
Neophema pulchella	Turquoise parrot	V	-
Ninox connivens	Barking owl	V	-
Tyto novaehollandiae	Masked owl	V	-
Climacteris picumnus victoriae	Brown treecreeper (eastern subspecies)	V	-
Chthonicola sagittata	Speckled warbler	V	-
Pomatostomus temporalis temporalis	Grey-crowned babbler (eastern subspecies)	V	-
Daphoenositta chrysoptera	Varied sittella	V	-
Phascolarctos cinereus	Koala	V	V
Petaurus norfolcensis	Squirrel glider	V	-
Chalinolobus picatus	Little pied bat	V	-
Nyctophilus corbeni	Corben's long-eared bat	V	V

Cultural heritage - Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal	Number of sites
AHIMS registered sites	19
Heritage items or places of historic significance	9

Current management plans	Status
Plan of management	no
Fire management strategy	June 2009
Regional pest management strategy	Northern plains region 2012-17

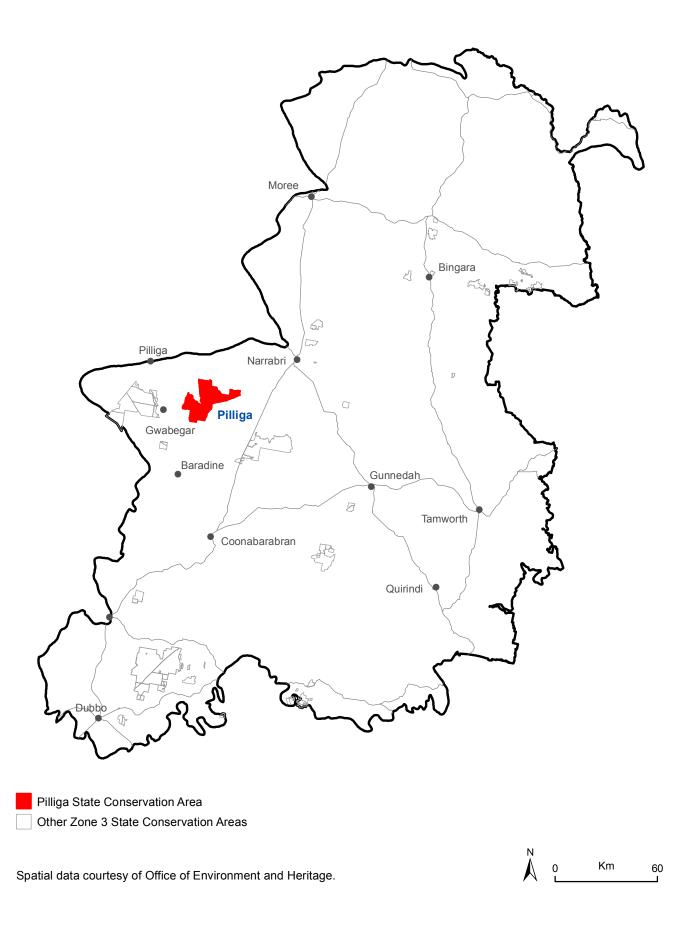
Fire history	Prescribed burn (hectares)	Wildfire (hectares)
2011-12	160	-

Mining	Number of titles
Exploration	2 petroleum
Application	1 petroleum

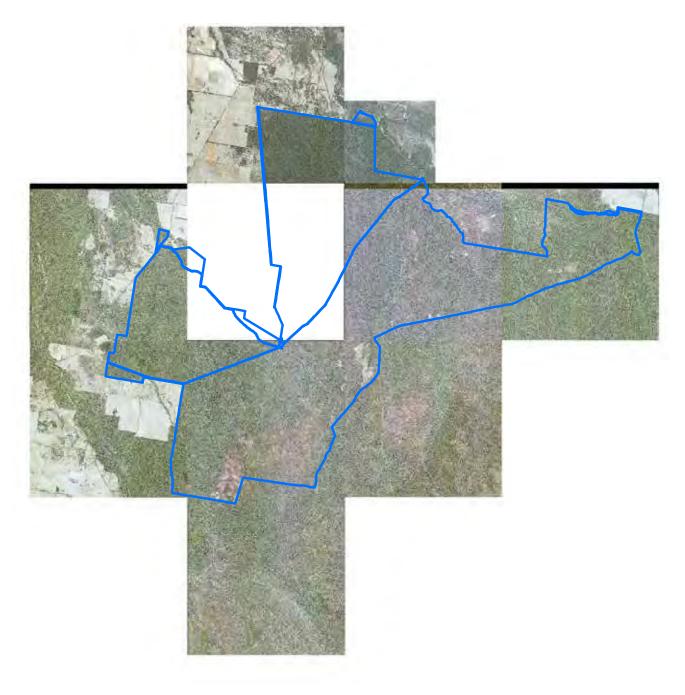
Apiarist sites	
None	

Pilliga State Conservation Area (33,386 hectares)

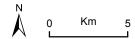
Location



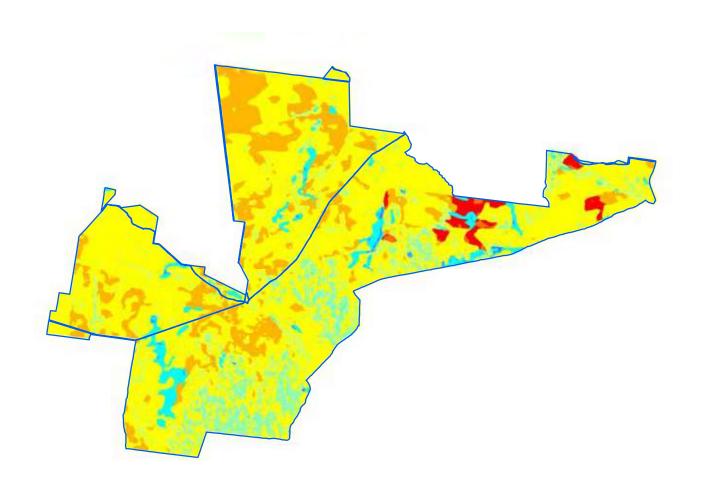
Aerial



Pilliga State Conservation Area boundary



Predicted location - white cypress pine

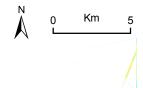


Relative probability (%) of white cypress pine occurence

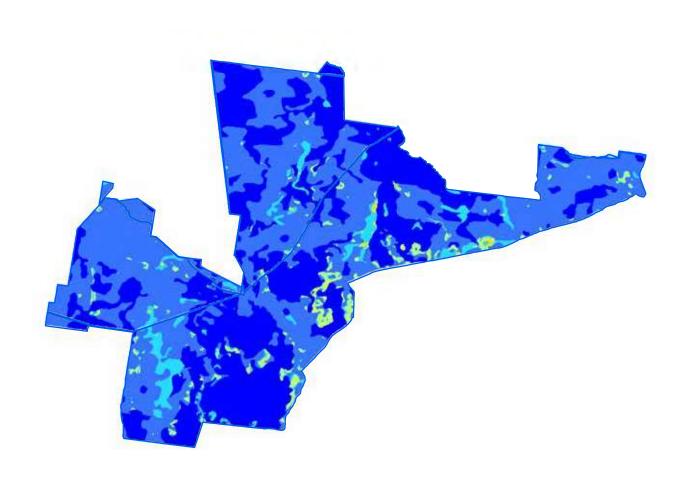
70 - 80

80 - 90 90 - 100

Pilliga State Conservation Area boundary



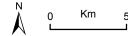
Predicted location - black cypress pine





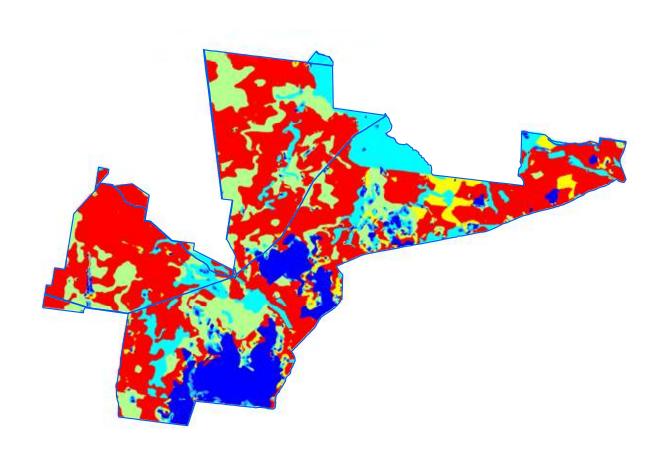
0 - 10 10 - 20 20 - 30 30 - 40 40 - 50 50 - 60 60 - 70 70 - 80

Pilliga State Conservation Area boundary





Predicted location - bulloak



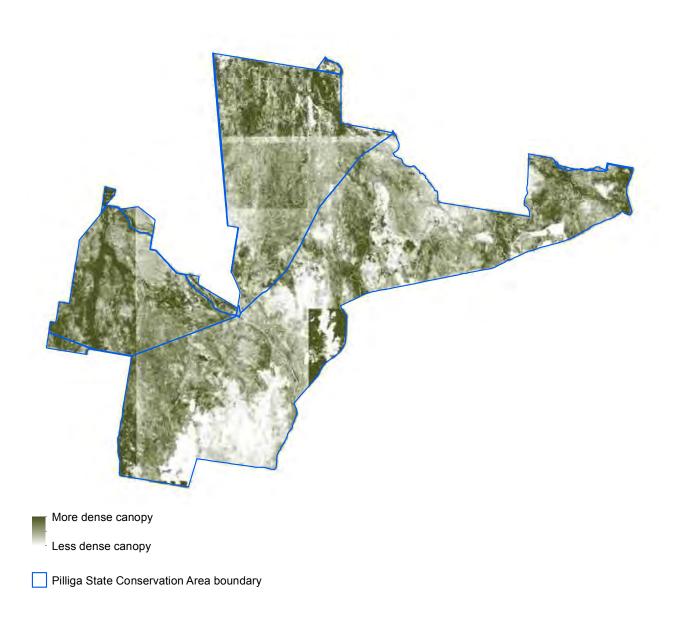
Relative probability (%) of bulloak occurence







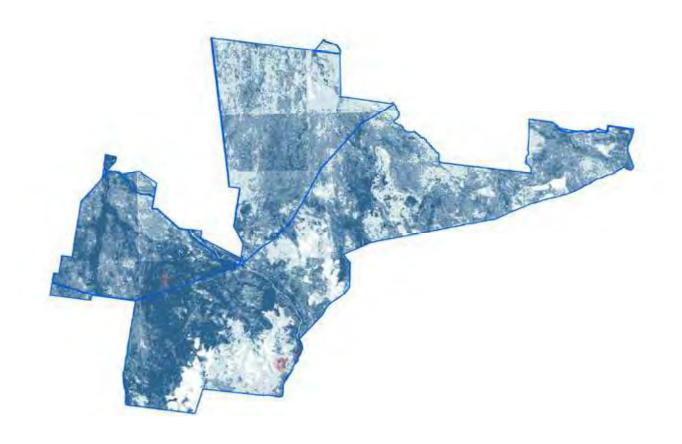
Continuous canopy density surface - cypress pine



ADS40 Airborne Digital Sensor data. Spatial data courtesy of Office of Environment and Heritage. Spatial analysis by Remote Census Pty Ltd (2014).

N 0 Km 4

Discrete canopy density classes - cypress pine

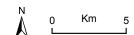


Wildfire since 2004-05

Canopy density classes

- Class 0 (little or no cypress pine detected)
- Density slice range 1 to 10
- Density slice range 10 to 20
- Density slice range 20 to 30
- Density slice range 30 to 100
- Pilliga State Conservation Area boundary

ADS40 Airborne Digital Sensor data. Spatial data courtesy of Office of Environment and Heritage. Spatial analysis by Remote Census Pty Ltd (2014).



Summary statistics - spatial analysis

Area of cypress canopy classes (excludes areas affected by wildfire since 2009)		
Class	Total (hectares)	
Class 0 (little or no cypress detected)	1,527	
Class 1 (1-10 percent)	8,612	
Class 2 (11-20 percent)	11,703	
Class 3 (21-30 percent)	7,278	
Class 4 (>31 percent)	5,106	

Issues and confidence levels for ADS40 spatial products		
ADS40 image quality	Issues	Confidence levels
High	Image classification and mapping includes other species in north eastern section	Higher

Lindsay types	Area (hectares)	Proportion of total (%)
Red Gum - Roughbark Apple - White Cypress Pine (Lindsay Types)	210	1
Red Gum - Narrowleaf Ironbark - White Cypress Pine (Lindsay Types)	54	<1
Belah (Lindsay Types)	73	<1
Red Gum - White Cypress Pine	509	2
Broom (Heath)	3,381	10
Brigalow (Lindsay Types)	29	<1
Narrowleaf Ironbark (Lindsay Types)	149	<1
Narrowleaf Ironbark - Forest Oak - White Cypress Pine (Lindsay Types)	5,150	16
Narrowleaf Ironbark - Forest Oak - Cypress Pine - (Mugga Ironbark)	144	<1
Narrowleaf Ironbark - Bloodwood	2	<1
Mallee (Lindsay Types)	19	<1
Silverleaf Ironbark (Lindsay Types)	37	<1
Broadleaf Ironbark (Lindsay Types)	1	<1
White Cypress Pine - Red Gum	1,282	4
White Cypress Pine - Red Gum - Roughbark Apple (Lindsay Types)	914	3
White Cypress Pine - Narrowleaf Ironbark - Red Gum (Lindsay Types)	839	3
White Cypress Pine - Narrowleaf Ironbark - Forest Oak (Lindsay Types)	9,872	30
Cypress Pine - Narrowleaf Ironbark - Forest Oak - (Mugga Ironbark)	19	<1
Cypress Pine - Narrowleaf Ironbark - Bloodwood - Red Gum (blakeyi)	126	<1
Bimble Box (Lindsay Types)	12	<1
Bimble Box - White Cypress Pine (Lindsay Types)	158	<1
Pilliga Box (Lindsay Types)	60	<1
Pilliga Box - White Cypress Pine (Lindsay Types)	2,790	8
White Cypress Pine - Silverleaf Ironbark (Lindsay Types)	520	2
White Cypress Pine - Bimble Box (Lindsay Types)	886	3
White Cypress Pine - Pilliga Box (Lindsay Types)	2,694	8
White Cypress Pine - Mugga Ironbark - Forest Oak	145	<1
Pine - Mugga Ironbark - Forest Oak (Pilliga Box)	183	1
White Cypress Pine - Forest Oak	682	2
White Cypress Pine - Bloodwood - Red Gum (Lindsay Types)	1	<1
Scrub	4	<1
Mugga Ironbark - Forest Oak - Cypress Pine	385	1
Mugga Ironbark - Pine	206	1
Forest Oak - White Cypress Pine + (Narrowleaf Ironbark - Forest Oak - White Cypress Pine)	11	<1
Bloodwood - Red Gum - Narrowleaf Ironbark - White Cypress Pine (Lindsay Types)	17	<1
Bloodwood - Red Gum (<i>blakeyi</i>) - Cypress Pine	68	<1
Bloodwood - Red Gum - White Cypress Pine	8	<1
Bloodwood - Narrowleaf Ironbark - Pine	21	<1
Untyped	1,506	5

NSW Vegetation classification and assessment (VCA) type	NSW TSC Act ¹	EPBC Act ²
VCA 55: Belah woodland on alluvial plains and low rises in the central NSW wheatbelt to Pilliga and Liverpool Plains regions	-	-
VCA 35: Brigalow - Belah open forest / woodland on alluvial often gilgaied clay from Pilliga Scrub to Goondiwindi, Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	yes	yes
VCA 141: Broombush - wattle very tall shrubland of the Pilliga to Goonoo regions, Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	-	-
VCA 411: Buloke - White Cypress Pine woodland on outwash plains in the Pilliga Scrub and Narrabri regions, Brigalow Belt South bioregion	-	-
VCA 409: Dirty (Baradine) Gum - White Bloodwood - White Cypress Pine - Motherumbah shrubby woodland on sandy soils in the Pilliga Scrub and surrounding region, Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	-	-
VCA 415: Fringe Myrtle shrubland of the Pilliga Scrub	-	-
VCA 256: Green Mallee tall mallee woodland on rises in the Pilliga - Goonoo regions, southern Brigalow Belt South Bioeregion	-	-
VCA 402: Mugga Ironbark - White Cypress Pine - gum tall woodland on flats in the Pilliga forests and surrounding regions, Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	-	-
VCA 398: Narrow-leaved Ironbark - White Cypress Pine - Buloke tall open forest on lower slopes and flats in the Pilliga Scrub and surrounding forests in the central north Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	-	-
VCA 416: Pilliga "tank gilgai" wetland sedgeland rushland, Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	-	-
VCA 88: Pilliga Box - White Cypress Pine - Buloke shrubby woodland in the Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	-	-
VCA 397: Poplar Box - White Cypress Pine shrub grass tall woodland of the Pilliga - Warialda region, Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	-	-
VCA 399: Red gum - Rough-barked Apple +/- tea tree sandy creek woodland (wetland) in the Pilliga - Goonoo sandstone forests, Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	-	-
VCA 404: Red Ironbark - White Bloodwood -/+ Burrows Wattle heathy woodland on sandy soil in the Pilliga forests	-	-
VCA 400: Riparian sedgeland rushland wetland of the Pilliga to Goonoo sandstone forests, Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	-	-
VCA 401: Rough-barked Apple - red gum - cypress pine woodland on sandy flats, mainly in the Pilliga Scrub region	-	-
VCA 413: Silver-leaved Ironbark - White Cypress Pine - box dry shrub grass woodland of the Pilliga Scrub - Warialda region, Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	-	-
VCA 410: Swamp Paper-bark very tall shrubland wetland on sodic soils in the Pilliga Scrub region	-	-
VCA 405: White Bloodwood - Red Ironbark - cypress pine shrubby sandstone woodland of the Pilliga Scrub and surrounding regions	-	-

 $^{^{1}\,\}mathrm{NSW}$ Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995

² Australian Government Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999

Native species recorded	Number
Flora	507
Fauna	112

Threatened species			
Scientific name	Common name	NSW TSC Act ¹	EPBC Act ²
Flora			
Cyperus conicus	-	E1	-
Diuris tricolor	Pine donkey orchid	V	-
Rulingia procumbens	-	V	V
Philotheca ericifolia	-	-	V
Fauna			
Crinia sloanei	Sloane's froglet	V	-
Leipoa ocellata	Malleefowl	E1	V
Calyptorhynchus lathami	Glossy black-cockatoo	V	-
Ninox connivens	Barking owl	V	-
Climacteris picumnus victoriae	Brown treecreeper (eastern subspecies)	V	-
Chthonicola sagittata	Speckled warbler	V	-
Pomatostomus temporalis temporalis	Grey-crowned babbler (eastern subspecies)	V	-
Phascolarctos cinereus	Koala	V	V
Aepyprymnus rufescens	Rufous bettong	V	-
Saccolaimus flaviventris	Yellow-bellied sheathtail-bat	V	-
Chalinolobus picatus	Little pied bat	V	
Vespadelus troughtoni	Eastern cave bat	V	-
Pseudomys pilligaensis	Pilliga mouse	V	V

Cultural heritage - Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal	Number of sites
AHIMS registered sites	18
Heritage items or places of historic significance	0

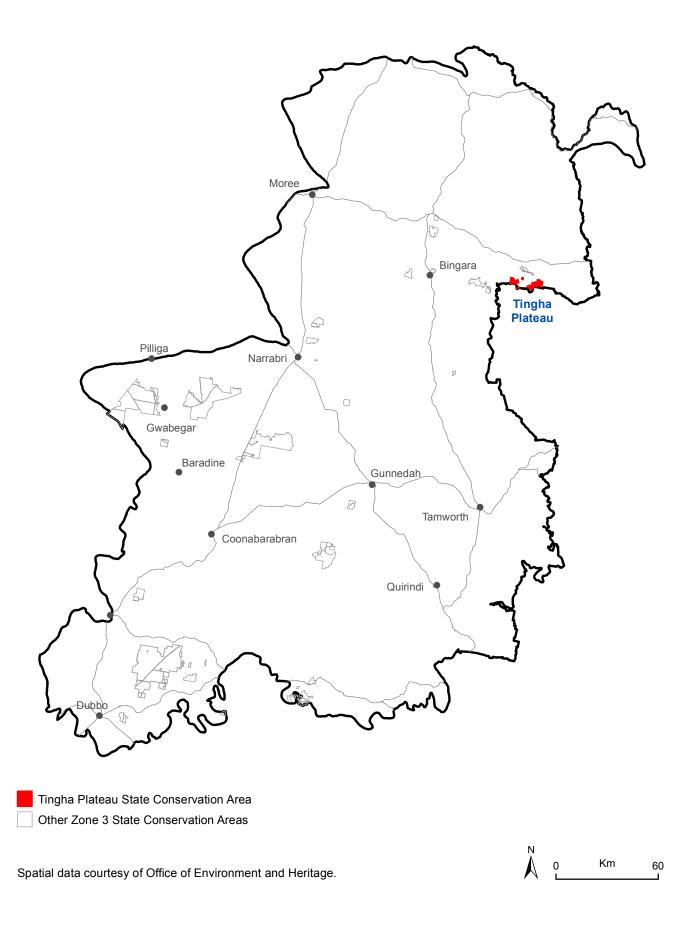
Current management plans	Status
Plan of management	no
Fire management strategy	June 2009
Regional pest management strategy	Northern plains region 2012-17

Fire history	Prescribed burn (hectares)	Wildfire (hectares)
2006-07	-	75
2008-09	-	20
2010-11	174	-
2011-12	227	-

Mining	Number of titles
Exploration	1 petroleum
Application	none

Apiarist sites	
109	

Tingha Plateau State Conservation Area (3,414 hectares) Location



Aerial



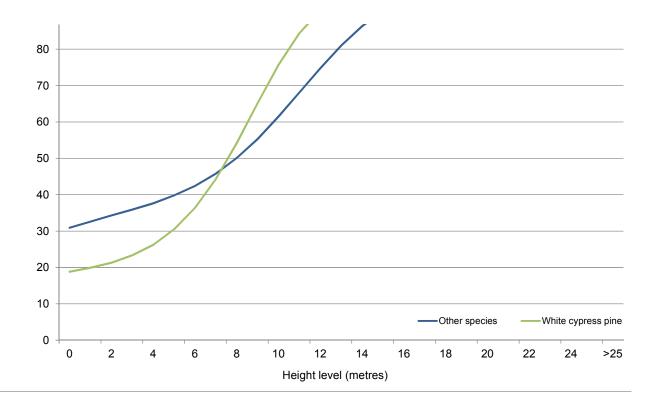


Tingha Plateau State Conservation Area boundary

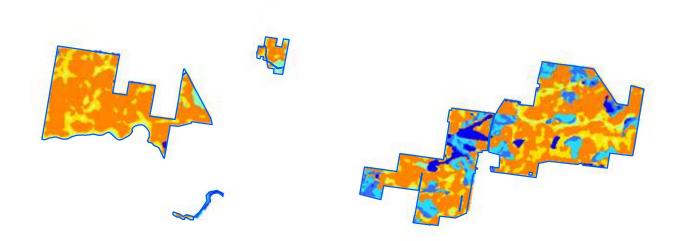
ADS40 Airborne Digital Sensor data. Spatial data courtesy of Office of Environment and Heritage. Spatial analysis by Remote Census Pty Ltd (2014).



Predicted location - white cypress pine



Predicted location - black cypress pine





0 - 10

10 - 20

20 - 30

30 - 40

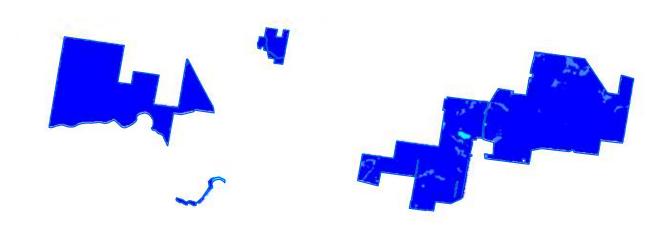
40 - 50

60 - 70 70 - 80

☐ Tingha Plateau State Conservation Area boundary



Predicted location - bulloak



Relative probability (%) of bulloak occurence



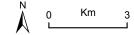
20 - 30

30 - 40

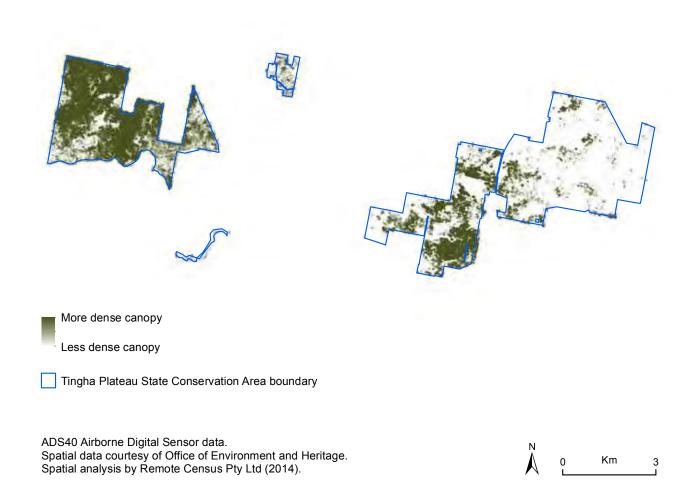
40 - 50 50 - 60

60 - 70

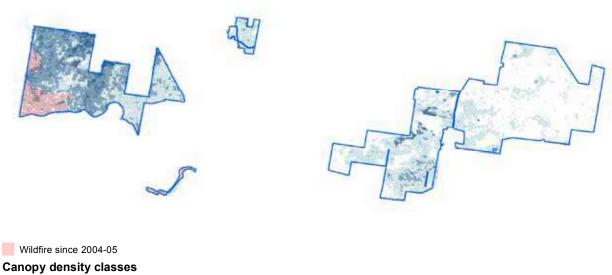
Tingha Plateau State Conservation Area boundary



Continuous canopy density surface - cypress pine



Discrete canopy density classes - cypress pine



Class 0 (little or no cypress pine detected)

Density slice range 1 to 10

Density slice range 10 to 20

Density slice range 20 to 30

Density slice range 30 to 100

Tingha Plateau State Conservation Area boundary

ADS40 Airborne Digital Sensor data. Spatial data courtesy of Office of Environment and Heritage. Spatial analysis by Remote Census Pty Ltd (2014).



Summary statistics - spatial analysis

Area of cypress canopy classes (excludes areas affected by wildfire since 2009)		
Class	Total (hectares)	
Class 0 (little or no cypress detected)	1,447	
Class 1 (1-10 percent)	1,343	
Class 2 (11-20 percent)	519	
Class 3 (21-30 percent)	132	
Class 4 (>31 percent)	21	

Issues and confidence levels f	or ADS40 spatial products	
ADS40 image quality	Issues	Confidence levels
High	-	Higher

Lindsay types	Area (hectares)	Proportion of total (%)
(Softwood Plantation) Pinus radiata	93	3
Tailing Dam (Dam used for mining purposes.)	4	<1
Untyped	3,314	97

NSW Vegetation classification and assessment (VCA) type	NSW TSC Act ¹	EPBC Act ²
VCA 504: Black Cypress Pine - Rough-barked Apple - stringybark shrubby open forest of the Nandewar and western New England Tablelands Bioregions	-	•
VCA 519: Heathy shrubland on granitic substrates in the Howell area in the New England Tablelands Bioregion	yes	1
VCA 511: Queensland Bluegrass - Redleg Grass - Rats Tail Grass - spear grass - panic grass derived grassland of the Nandewar and Brigalow Belt South Bioregions	-	-
VCA 538: Rough-barked Apple - Blakely's Red Gum open forest of the Nandewar and western New England Tablelands Bioregions	yes	yes
VCA 544: Rough-barked Apple -/+ cypress pine +/- Blakely's Red Gum riparian open forest / woodland of the Nandewar and New England Tableland Bioregions	yes	yes
VCA 578: Tumbledown Red Gum - Black Cypress Pine - Caley's Ironbark shrubby open forest of the Nandewar and western New England Tablelands Bioregions	-	-
VCA 564: White Cypress Pine - Silver-leaved Ironbark - Caley's Ironbark open forest of the central Nandewar and western New England Tablelands Bioregions	-	-

¹NSW Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995

 $^{^2\,} Australian\, Government\, \textit{Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act\, 1999}$

Native species recorded			Number
Flora			397
Fauna			153
Threatened species			
Scientific name	Common name	NSW TSC Act ¹	EPBC Act ²
Flora			
Eucalyptus mckieana	McKie's stringybark	V	V
Homoranthus prolixus	Granite homoranthus	V	V
Callistemon pungens	-	-	V
Fauna			
Hieraaetus morphnoides	Little eagle	V	-
Lophoictinia isura	Square-tailed kite	V	-
Glossopsitta pusilla	Little lorikeet	V	-
Neophema pulchella	Turquoise parrot	V	-
Ninox connivens	Barking owl	V	-
Climacteris picumnus victoriae	Brown treecreeper (eastern subspecies)	V	-
Melithreptus gularis gularis	Black-chinned honeyeater (eastern subspecies)	V	-
Daphoenositta chrysoptera	Varied sittella	V	-
Stagonopleura guttata	Diamond firetail	V	-
Phascolarctos cinereus	Koala	V	V
Petaurus norfolcensis	Squirrel glider	V	-
Nyctophilus corbeni	Corben's long-eared bat	V	V

Cultural heritage - Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal	Number of sites
AHIMS registered sites	0
Heritage items or places of historic significance	No information available

Current management plans	Status
Plan of management	no
Fire management strategy	August 2008
Regional pest management strategy	Northern tablelands region 2012-17

Fire history	Prescribed burn (hectares)	Wildfire (hectares)
2006-07	-	169
2009-10	-	22
2011-12	6	-
2012-13	157	-

Mining	Number of titles
Exploration	7 mineral
Application	none

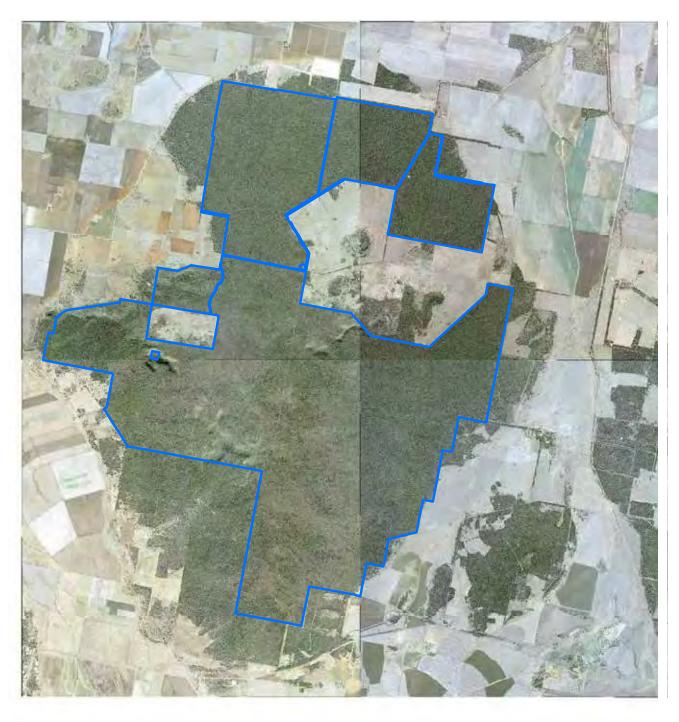
Apiarist sites	
1	

Trinkey State Conservation Area (10,229 hectares)

Location



Aerial

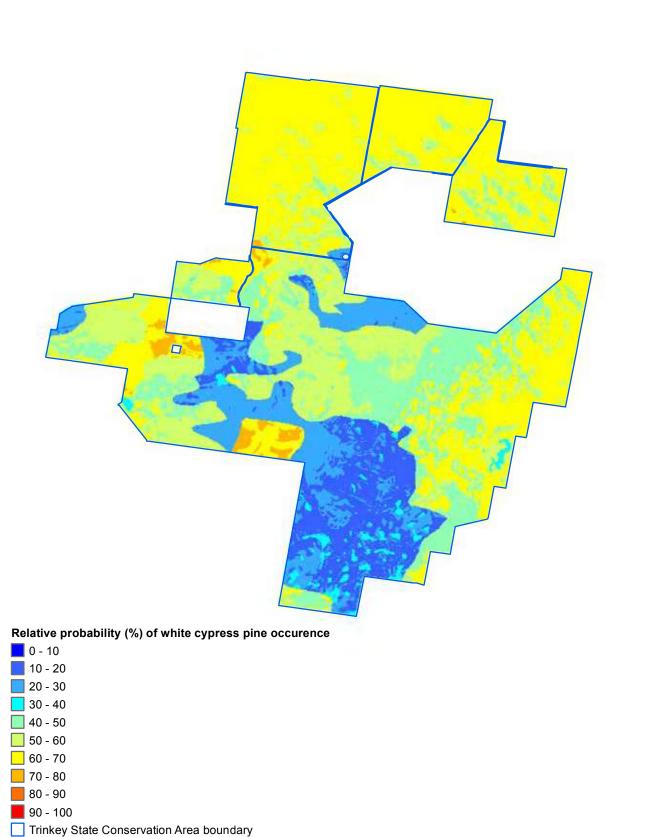


Trinkey State Conservation Area boundary

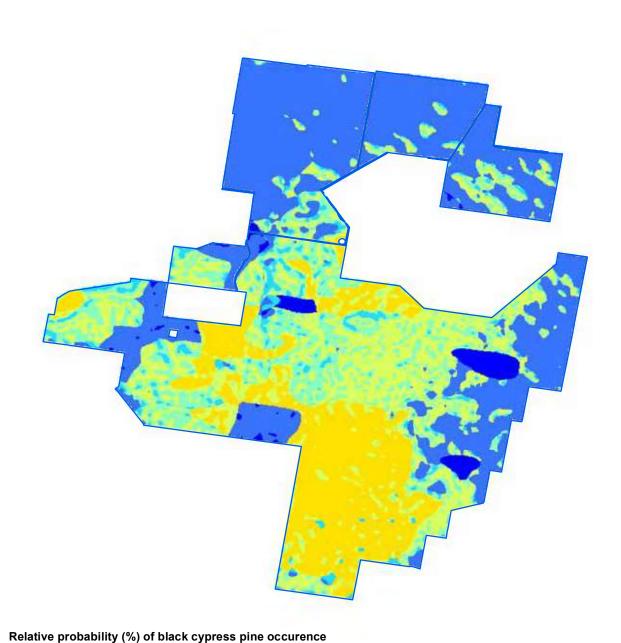
ADS40 Airborne Digital Sensor data. Spatial data courtesy of Office of Environment and Heritage. Spatial analysis by Remote Census Pty Ltd (2014).

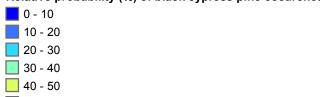


Predicted location - white cypress pine



Predicted location - black cypress pine





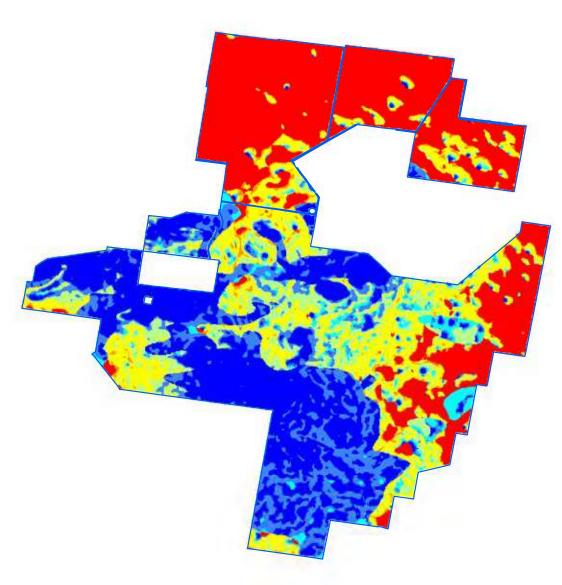
50 - 60 60 - 70

70 - 80

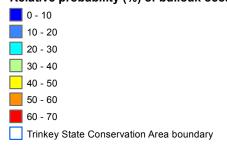
☐ Trinkey State Conservation Area boundary



Predicted location - bulloak

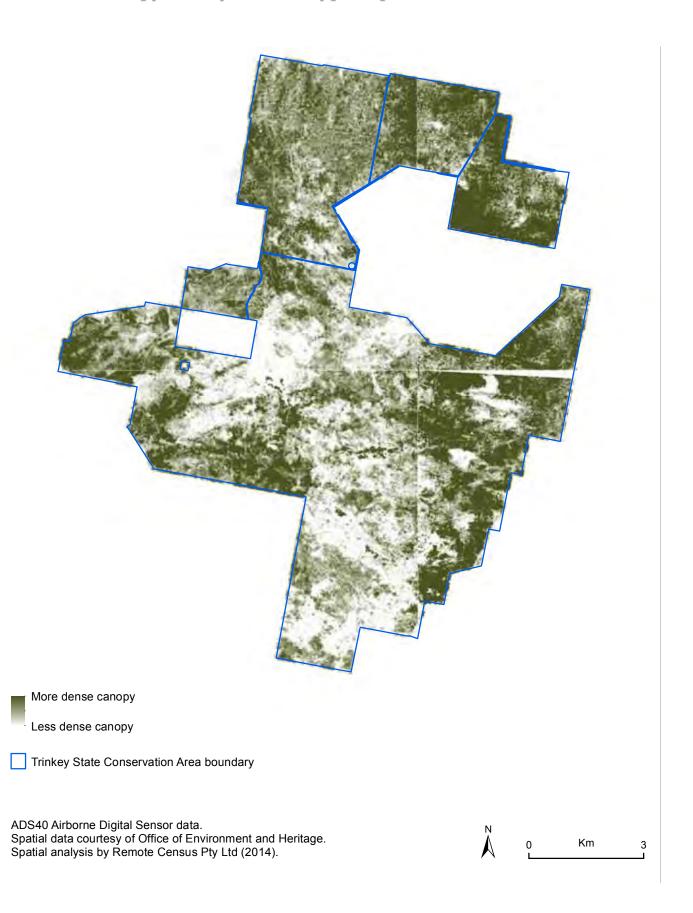


Relative probability (%) of bulloak occurence

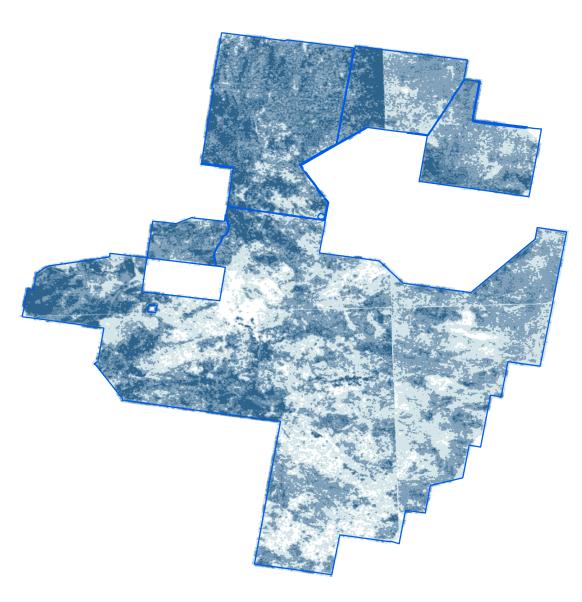




Continuous canopy density surface - cypress pine



Discrete canopy density classes - cypress pine



Canopy density classes

Class 0 (little or no cypress pine detected)

Density slice range 1 to 10

Density slice range 10 to 20

Density slice range 20 to 30

Density slice range 30 to 100

Trinkey State Conservation Area boundary

ADS40 Airborne Digital Sensor data. Spatial data courtesy of Office of Environment and Heritage. Spatial analysis by Remote Census Pty Ltd (2014).



Summary statistics - spatial analysis

Area of cypress canopy classes (excludes areas affected by wildfire since 2009)		
Class	Total (hectares)	
Class 0 (little or no cypress detected)	625	
Class 1 (1-10 percent)	3,245	
Class 2 (11-20 percent)	3,375	
Class 3 (21-30 percent)	2,074	
Class 4 (>31 percent)	1,358	

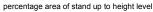
Issues and confidence levels for ADS40 spatial products		
ADS40 image quality Issues Conf		Confidence levels
High	Image classification and mapping includes other species in south western section	Higher

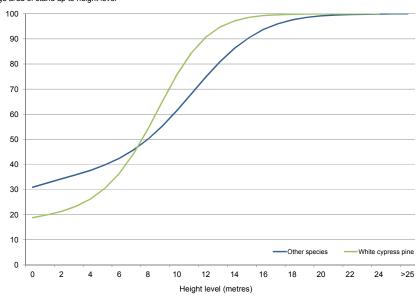
Summary statistics - spatial analysis

Light detection and ranging (LiDAR) data and analysis

Cumulative height and percentage cover charts show the average cumulative height for white cypress pine and other species, averaged over the State Conservation Area. The figures also show the relative proportion of white cypress pine cover and other species' cover within four height classes, averaged over the State Conservation Area.

Cumulative height chart





Percentage cover chart

percentage contribution 100 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 0 3-12 12-22 Height level (metres)

Key insights include:

■ White cypress pine

- High proportion of mid-size cypress, with 60 percent of cover occurring in the 8 to 14 metre range. Fewer larger cypress, but some smaller trees.
- Relatively more area of white cypress pine cover in the 0 3 metre height range.
- Most white cypress pine cover occurs in the 3 12 metre height range.
- Average white cypress pine cover contribution is 9.3 percent across all height classes.

Other

Lindsay types	Area (hectares)	Proportion of total (%)
Messmate (incl. Forest Types - 150, 151, 152 & 156) (Eden E.I.S. (1988) Area)	19	<1
Red Gum - Roughbark Apple - White Cypress Pine (Lindsay Types)	14	<1
Red Gum (blakeyi) - Roughbark Apple - White Cypress Pine - (Black Pine) (Western Region)	58	1
Narrowleaf Ironbark - Forest Oak	64	1
Narrowleaf Ironbark - Forest Oak - White Cypress Pine (Lindsay Types)	2,942	29
Narrowleaf Ironbark - Forest Oak - White Cypress Pine - (Black Pine) (Western Region)	816	8
White Box - White Cypress Pine (Lindsay Types)	63	1
Broadleaf Ironbark - Bloodwood (Lindsay Types)	1,831	18
White Cypress Pine - Red Gum - Roughbark Apple (Lindsay Types)	199	2
White Cypress Pine - Narrowleaf Ironbark - Red Gum (Lindsay Types)	147	1
White Cypress Pine - Narrowleaf Ironbark - Forest Oak (Lindsay Types)	1,190	12
White Cypress Pine - Narrowleaf Ironbark - Forest Oak - (Black Pine) (Western Region)	44	<1
Pilliga Box (Lindsay Types)	142	1
Pilliga Box - White Cypress Pine (Lindsay Types)	46	<1
White Cypress Pine - White Box (Lindsay Types)	494	5
White Cypress Pine - Broadleaf Ironbark - Red Gum (Lindsay Types)	285	3
White Cypress Pine - Broadleaf Ironbark - Bloodwood (Western Region)	14	<1
White Cypress Pine - Broadleaf Ironbark - Bloodwood -(Black Pine) (Western Region)	159	2
White Cypress Pine - Bloodwood - Narrowleaf Ironbark - Red Gum (Lindsay Types)	222	2
Bloodwood - Red Gum (blakeyi) - White Cypress Pine - (Black Pine) (Western Region)	24	<1
Bloodwood - Broadleaf Ironbark - Red Gum (blakeyi) - (Black Pine) (Western Region)	51	<1
Bloodwood - Broadleaf Ironbark - White Cypress Pine (Western Region)	27	<1
Bloodwood - Broadleaf Ironbark - White Cypress Pine - (Black Pine) (Western Region)	1,315	13

NSW Vegetation classification and assessment (VCA) type	NSW TSC Act ¹	EPBC Act ²
VCA 417: Black Cypress Pine - Narrow-leaved Ironbark - red gum +/- White Bloodwood shrubby open forest on hills of the southern Pilliga, Coonabarabran and Garawilla regions, Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	-	ı
VCA 148: Dirty Gum - Buloke - White Cypress Pine - ironbark shrubby woodland on deep sandy soils in the Liverpool Plains region of the Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	-	-
VCA 398: Narrow-leaved Ironbark - White Cypress Pine - Buloke tall open forest on lower slopes and flats in the Pilliga Scrub and surrounding forests in the central north Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	-	-
VCA 88: Pilliga Box - White Cypress Pine - Buloke shrubby woodland in the Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	-	-

NSW Vegetation classification and assessment (VCA) type	NSW TSC Act ¹	EPBC Act ²
VCA 399: Red gum - Rough-barked Apple +/- tea tree sandy creek woodland (wetland) in the Pilliga - Goonoo sandstone forests, Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	-	-
VCA 401: Rough-barked Apple - red gum - cypress pine woodland on sandy flats, mainly in the Pilliga Scrub region	-	-
VCA 145: Western Rosewood - Wilga - Wild Orange - Belah low woodland of the Brigalow Belt South and eastern Darling Riverine Plains Bioregions	-	-
VCA 457: White Bloodwood - Red Ironbark - Black Cypress Pine woodland on sandstone hills in the Garawilla - Liverpool Plains region, Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	-	1
VCA 435: White Box - White Cypress Pine shrub grass hills woodland in the Brigalow Belt South and Nandewar Bioregions	yes	yes
VCA 458: White Cypress Pine - Buloke - White Box shrubby open forest on hills in the Liverpool Plains - Dubbo region, Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	-	1
VCA 77: Yarran shrubland of the NSW central to northern slopes and plains	nominated	-

 $^{^{1}}$ NSW Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995

 $^{^2}$ Australian Government Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999

Native species recorded			Number
Flora			414
Fauna			98
Threatened species			
Scientific name	Common name	NSW TSC Act ¹	EPBC Act ²
Flora			
Tylophora linearis		V	E
Rulingia procumbens		V	V
Fauna			
Hieraaetus morphnoides	Little eagle	V	-
Burhinus grallarius	Bush stone-curlew	E1	-
Calyptorhynchus lathami	Glossy black-cockatoo	V	-
Glossopsitta pusilla	Little lorikeet	V	-
Neophema pulchella	Turquoise parrot	V	-
Climacteris picumnus victoriae	Brown treecreeper (eastern subspecies)	V	-
Chthonicola sagittata	Speckled warbler	V	-
Pomatostomus temporalis temporalis	Grey-crowned babbler (eastern subspecies)	V	-
Daphoenositta chrysoptera	Varied sittella	V	-
Phascolarctos cinereus	Koala	V	V
Chalinolobus picatus	Little pied bat	V	-

Cultural heritage - Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal	Number of sites
AHIMS registered sites	30
Heritage items or places of historic significance	2

Summary statistics - general

Current management plans Status Plan of management Draft - February 2012

In the long term it is intended for Trinkey State Conservation Area to become a national park, therefore management of the state conservation area will also be guided by the management principles for national parks as far as possible.

Specific management directions - In addition to the general principles for the management of state conservation areas, the management of Trinkey State Conservation Area will focus on the protection of the significant vegetation communities and threatened native animal species and the protection of Aboriginal heritage sites. Major strategies to achieve these objectives are:

- on-going fire management so that people and property are protected from wildfire, and park values are maintained;
- on-going control of pest species to minimise their impact on park values, in particular the weed mother of millions;
- protection of cultural heritage places with community involvement, in particular from members of the local Aboriginal community; and
- maintenance of information and regulatory signage.

Fire management strategy	September 2013
Regional pest management strategy	Northern plains region 2012-17

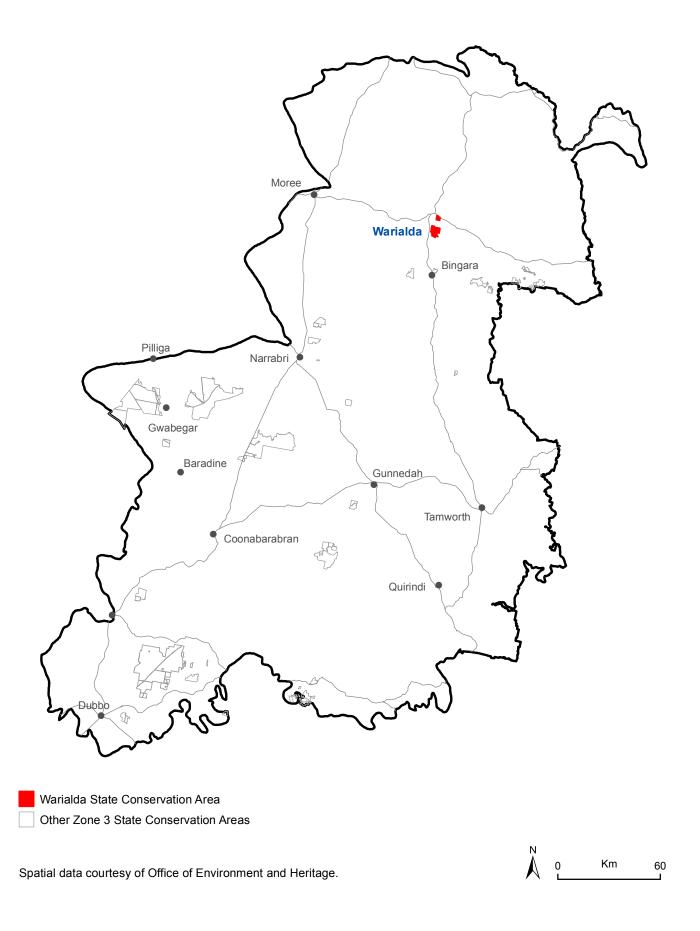
Fire history	Prescribed burn (hectares)	Wildfire (hectares)
2005-06	57	5
2010-11	689	-
2011-12	301	-

Mining	Number of titles
Exploration	2 petroleum
Application	none

Apiarist sites	
6 (44 currently unused but can be reactivated)	

Warialda State Conservation Area (2,913 hectares)

Location



Aerial



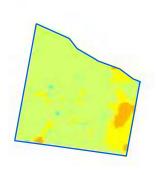


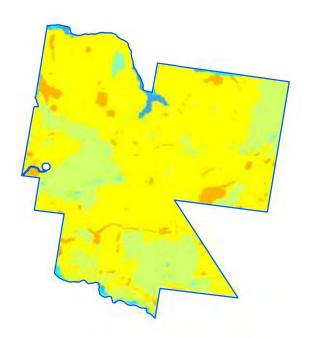
Warialda State Conservation Area boundary

ADS40 Airborne Digital Sensor data. Spatial data courtesy of Office of Environment and Heritage. Spatial analysis by Remote Census Pty Ltd (2014).



Predicted location - white cypress pine





Relative probability (%) of white cypress pine occurence

0 - 10

10 - 20

20 - 30

30 - 40

40 - 50

50 - 60

60 - 70

70 - 80

80 - 90

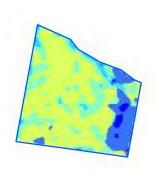
90 - 100

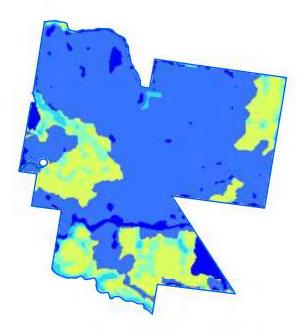
Warialda State Conservation Area boundary

Spatial data courtesy of Office of Environment and Heritage.

M ∩ Km

Predicted location - black cypress pine





Relative probability (%) of black cypress pine occurence

0 - 10 10 - 20 20 - 30

30 - 40 40 - 50

50 - 60

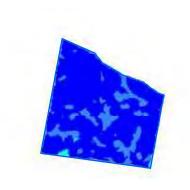
60 - 70

70 - 80

Warialda State Conservation Area boundary

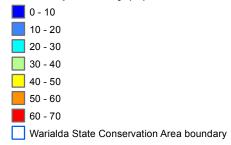


Predicted location - bulloak





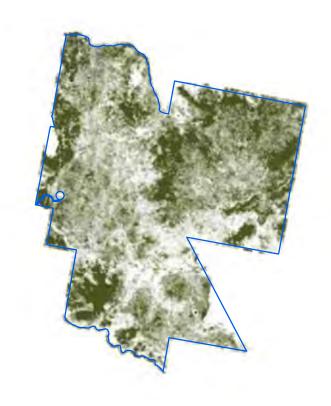
Relative probability (%) of bulloak occurence





Continuous canopy density surface - cypress pine





More dense canopy

Less dense canopy

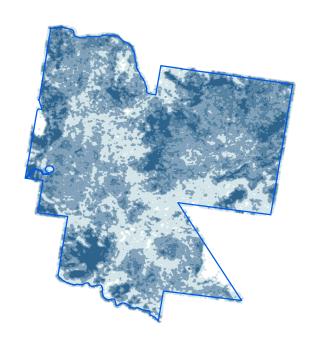
Warialda State Conservation Area boundary

ADS40 Airborne Digital Sensor data. Spatial data courtesy of Office of Environment and Heritage. Spatial analysis by Remote Census Pty Ltd (2014).



Discrete canopy density classes - cypress pine





Canopy density classes

Class 0 (little or no cypress pine detected)

Density slice range 1 to 10

Density slice range 10 to 20

Density slice range 20 to 30

Density slice range 30 to 100

Warialda State Conservation Area boundary

ADS40 Airborne Digital Sensor data. Spatial data courtesy of Office of Environment and Heritage. Spatial analysis by Remote Census Pty Ltd (2014).



Warialda State Conservation Area

Summary statistics - spatial analysis

Area of cypress canopy classes (excludes areas affected by wildfire since 2009)		
Class	Total (hectares)	
Class 0 (little or no cypress detected)	76	
Class 1 (1-10 percent)	1,087	
Class 2 (11-20 percent)	1,080	
Class 3 (21-30 percent)	579	
Class 4 (>31 percent)	295	

Issues and confidence levels for ADS40 spatial products		
ADS40 image quality	Issues	Confidence levels
Medium-high	Image classification and mapping includes other species	Lower

Warialda State Conservation Area

Lindsay types	Area (hectares)	Proportion of total (%)
Evidence of clearing by man (Lindsay types)	289	10
Black Pine - Roughbark Apple (Western Region)	1,111	38
Western Red Box - Red Gum - White Cypress Pine (Western Region)	508	17
Yellow Box mix - White Cypress Pine (Western Region)	377	13
White Cypress Pine - Silverleaf Ironbark (Lindsay Types)	93	3
Untyped	528	18

NSW Vegetation classification and assessment (VCA) type	NSW TSC Act ¹	EPBC Act ²
VCA 112: Black Tea-tree - River Oak - Wilga riparian low forest/shrubland wetland of rich soil depressions in the Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	-	-
VCA 544: Rough-barked Apple -/+ cypress pine +/- Blakely's Red Gum riparian open forest / woodland of the Nandewar and New England Tableland Bioregions	yes	yes
VCA 598: Silver-leaved Ironbark - White Box - White Cypress Pine viney scrub woodland in the Nandewar and Brigalow Belt South Bioregions	-	-
VCA 594: Silver-leaved Ironbark - White Cypress Pine shrubby open forest of Brigalow Belt South and Nandewar Bioregions	-	-
VCA 448: Smooth-barked Apple - Black Cypress Pine - Red Stringybark sandstone open forest in the Warialda to Arakoola region of the Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	-	-
VCA 562: Tumbledown Red Gum - White Cypress Pine - Caley's Ironbark shrubby open forest of the Nandewar and western New England Tablelands Bioregions	-	-
VCA 372: Wattle low woodland/ tall shrubland on sandstone ridges in the northern NSW Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	-	-
VCA 597: White Box - cypress pine - Silver-leaved Ironbark shrub grass open forest / woodland of the northern Brigalow Belt South and Nandewar Bioregions	-	-

¹NSW Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995

² Australian Government Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999

Native species recorded			Number
Flora			495
Fauna			152
Threatened species			
Scientific name	Common name	NSW TSC Act ¹	EPBC Act ²
Flora			
-	-	-	-
Fauna			
Alectura lathami	Australian brush-turkey population in the Nandewar and Brigalow Belt South Bioregions	E2	-
Glossopsitta pusilla	Little lorikeet	V	-
Neophema pulchella	Turquoise parrot	V	-
Tyto novaehollandiae	Masked owl	V	1
Climacteris picumnus victoriae	Brown treecreeper (eastern subspecies)	V	1
Chthonicola sagittata	Speckled warbler	V	-
Melithreptus gularis gularis	Black-chinned honeyeater (eastern subspecies)	V	-

Warialda State Conservation Area

Threatened species			
Scientific name	Common name	NSW TSC Act ¹	EPBC Act ²
Fauna			
Pomatostomus temporalis temporalis	Grey-crowned babbler (eastern subspecies)	V	ı
Daphoenositta chrysoptera	Varied sittella	V	-
Petaurus norfolcensis	Squirrel glider	V	-
Saccolaimus flaviventris	Yellow-bellied sheathtail-bat	V	-
Chalinolobus picatus	Little pied bat	V	-
Nyctophilus corbeni	Corben's long-eared bat	V	V

Cultural heritage - Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal	Number of sites
AHIMS registered sites	1
Heritage items or places of historic significance	4

Current management plans	Status
Plan of management	no
Fire management strategy	June 2008
Regional pest management strategy	Northern tablelands region 2012-17

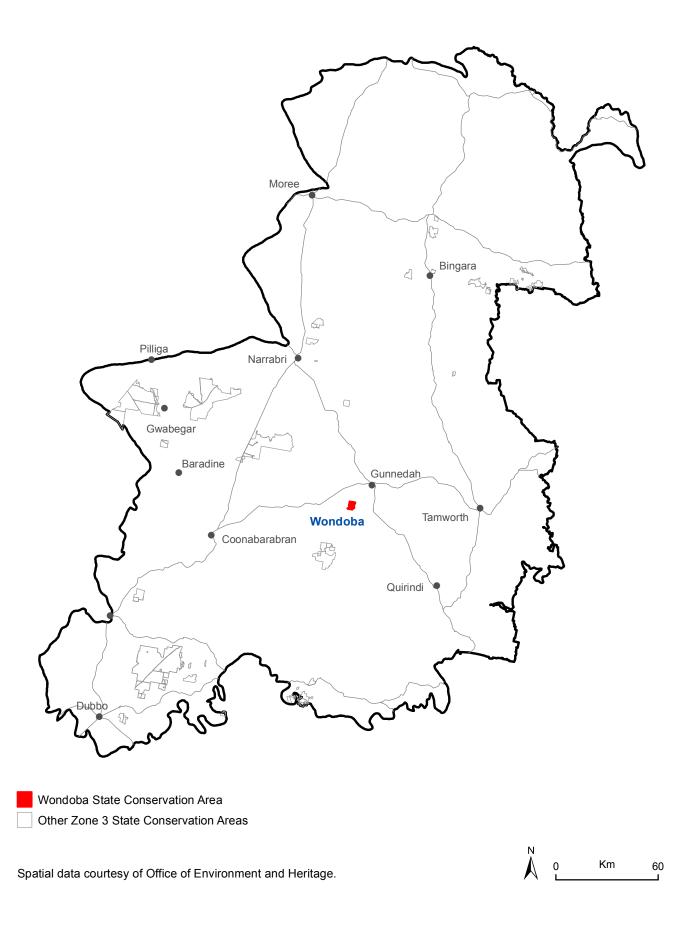
Fire history	Prescribed burn (hectares)	Wildfire (hectares)
2008-09 - 2012-13	-	

Mining	Number of titles
Exploration	1 petroleum, 2 mineral
Application	1 mineral

Apiarist sites	
4	

Wondoba State Conservation Area (1,663 hectares)

Location



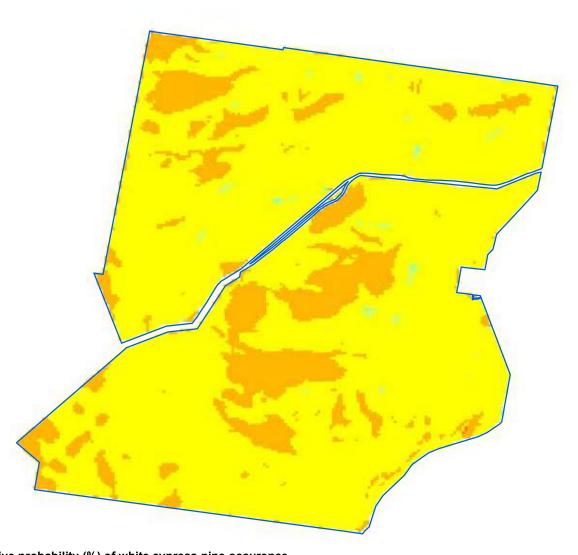
Aerial

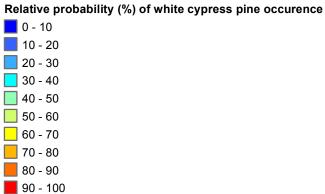


Wondoba State Conservation Area boundary



Predicted location - white cypress pine



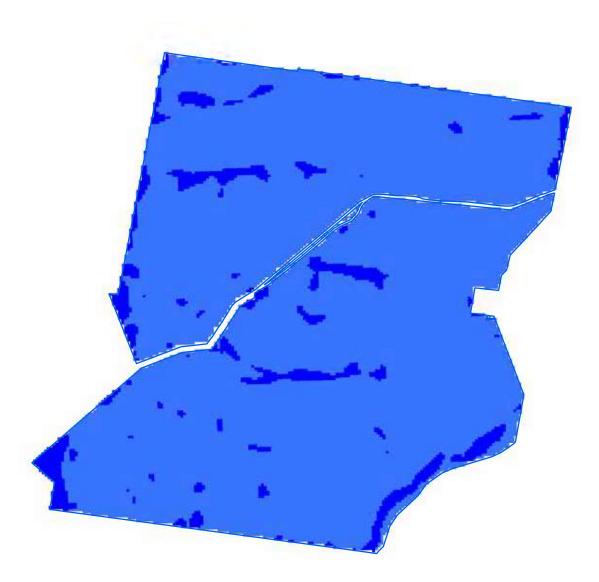


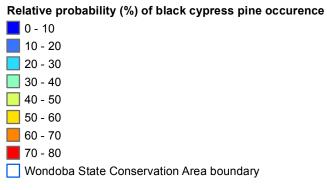
Spatial data courtesy of Office of Environment and Heritage. Spatial analysis by Eco Logical Australia Pty Ltd.

Wondoba State Conservation Area boundary



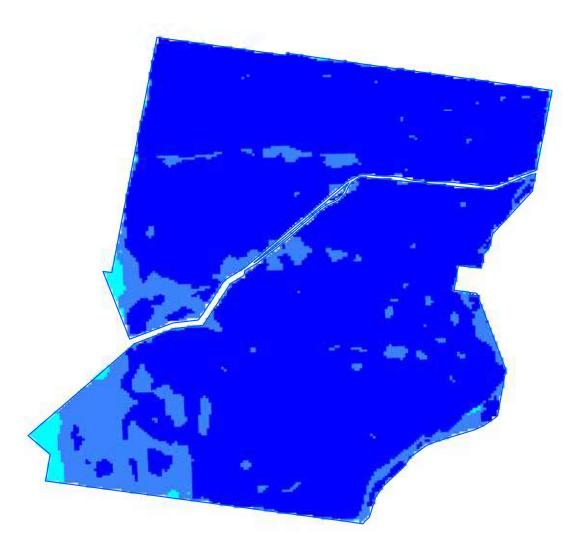
Predicted location - black cypress pine







Predicted location - bulloak



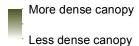
Relative probability (%) of bulloak occurence



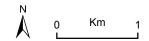


Continuous canopy density surface - cypress pine

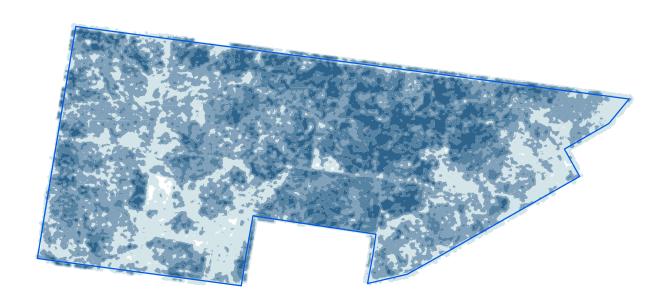




Killarney State Conservation Area boundary



Discrete canopy density classes - cypress pine



Canopy density classes

Class 0 (little or no cypress pine detected)

Density slice range 1 to 10

Density slice range 10 to 20

Density slice range 20 to 30

Density slice range 30 to 100

Killarney State Conservation Area boundary



Summary statistics - spatial analysis

Area of cypress canopy classes (excludes areas affected by wildfire since 2009)		
Class	Total (hectares)	
Class 0 (little or no cypress detected)	41	
Class 1 (1-10 percent)	709	
Class 2 (11-20 percent)	639	
Class 3 (21-30 percent)	286	
Class 4 (>31 percent)	102	

Issues and confidence levels f	or ADS40 spatial products	
ADS40 image quality	Issues	Confidence levels
High	-	Higher

Lindsay types	Area (hectares)	Proportion of total (%)
Untyped	1,654	-

NSW Vegetation classification and assessment (VCA) type	NSW TSC Act ¹	EPBC Act ²
VCA 417: Black Cypress Pine - Narrow-leaved Ironbark - red gum +/- White Bloodwood shrubby open forest on hills of the southern Pilliga, Coonabarabran and Garawilla regions, Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	-	-
VCA 459: Narrow-leaved Ironbark - cypress pine - White Box shrubby woodland in sedimentary hills of the Gunnedah region, Brigalow Belt South Bioregion	-	-
VCA 435: White Box - White Cypress Pine shrub grass hills woodland in the Brigalow Belt South and Nandewar Bioregions	yes	yes

 $^{^{1}\,\}mathrm{NSW}$ Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995

 $^{^2}$ Australian Government Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999

Native species recorded			Number
Flora			275
Fauna			86
Threatened species			
Scientific name	Common name	NSW TSC Act ¹	EPBC Act ²
Flora			
-	-	-	-
Fauna			
Glossopsitta pusilla	Little lorikeet	V	-
Climacteris picumnus victoriae	Brown treecreeper (eastern subspecies)	V	-
Chthonicola sagittata	Speckled warbler	V	-
Pomatostomus temporalis temporalis	Grey-crowned babbler (eastern subspecies)	V	-
Daphoenositta chrysoptera	Varied sittella	V	-
Phascolarctos cinereus	Koala	V	V
Nyctophilus corbeni	Corben's long-eared bat	V	V

Cultural heritage - Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal	Number of sites
AHIMS registered sites	15
Heritage items or places of historic significance	3

Summary statistics - general

Current management plans Status Plan of management Draft - February 2012

In the long term it is intended for Wondoba State Conservation Area to become a national park, therefore management of the State conservation area will also be guided by the management principles for national parks as far as possible.

Specific management directions: In addition to the general principles for the management of state conservation areas, the management of Wondoba State Conservation Area will focus on the protection of the significant vegetation communities, threatened native animal species and Aboriginal heritage sites.

Major strategies to achieve these objectives are:

- on-going fire management so that people and property are protected from wildfire, and park values are maintained;
- on-going control of pest species to minimise their impact on park values, particularly the impact of Coolatai grass (Hyparrhenia hirta);
- protection of cultural heritage places with community involvement, in particular from members of the local Aboriginal community;
- maintain signage; and
- provision of opportunities for recreation activities that are consistent with the protection of the natural and cultural values of the reserve."

Fire management strategy	September 2013	
Regional pest management strategy	Northern plains region 2012-17	

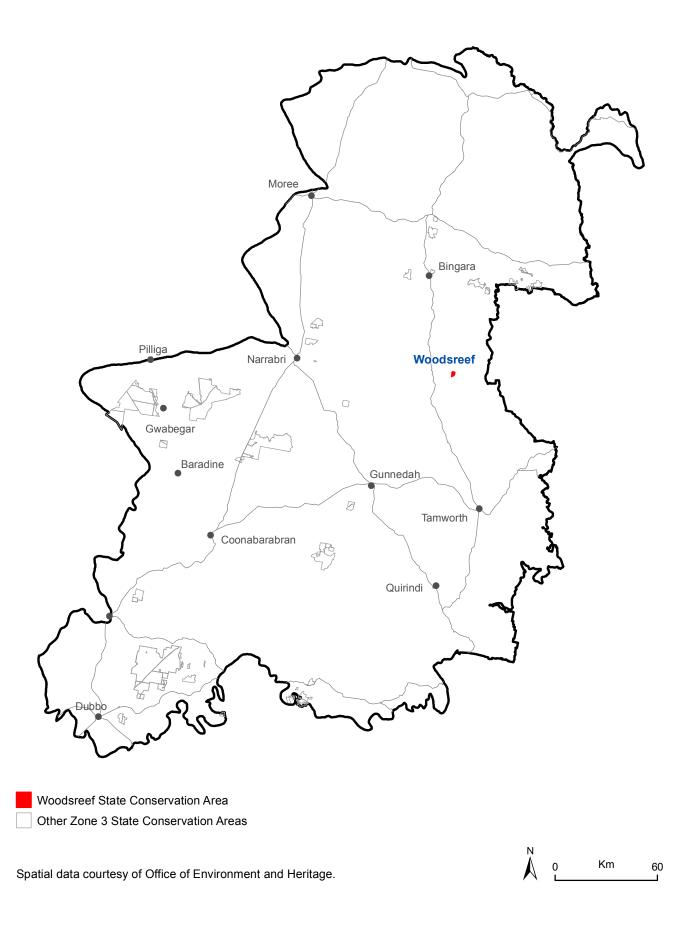
Fire history	Prescribed burn (hectares)	Wildfire (hectares)
2009-10	14	-
2010-11	3	-

Mining	Number of titles
Exploration	1 coal, 1 petroleum
Application	none

Apiarist sites	
None (6 unused licences that can be reactivated)	

Woodsreef State Conservation Area (331 hectares)

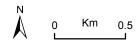
Location



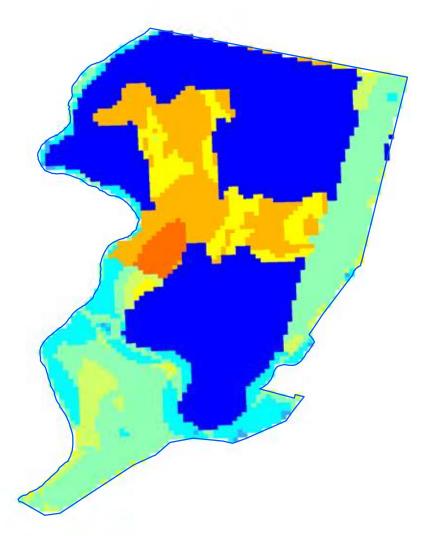
Aerial



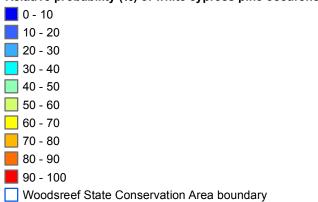
Woodsreef State Conservation Area boundary



Predicted location - white cypress pine

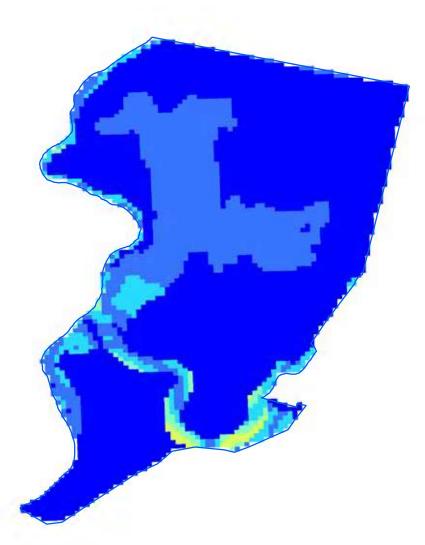


Relative probability (%) of white cypress pine occurence

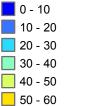




Predicted location - black cypress pine







60 - 70 70 - 80

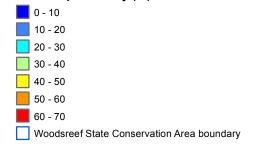
■ Woodsreef State Conservation Area boundary



Predicted location - bulloak

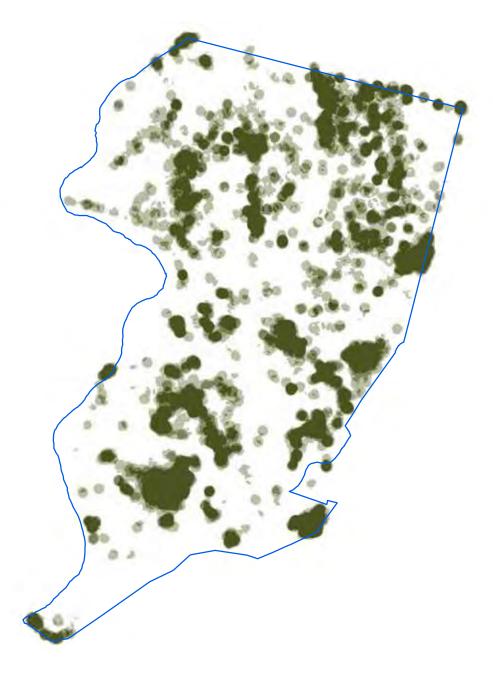


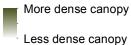
Relative probability (%) of bulloak occurence





Continuous canopy density surface - cypress pine

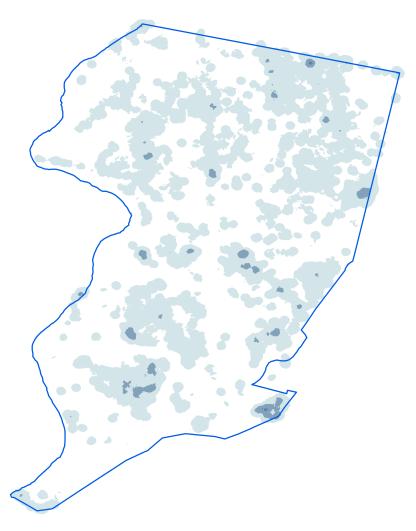




Woodsreef State Conservation Area boundary



Discrete canopy density classes - cypress pine



Canopy density classes

Class 0 (little or no cypress pine detected)

Density slice range 1 to 10

Density slice range 10 to 20

Density slice range 20 to 30

Density slice range 30 to 100

Woodsreef State Conservation Area boundary



Summary statistics - spatial analysis

Area of cypress canopy classes (excludes areas affected by wildfire since 20	09)
Class	Total (hectares)
Class 0 (little or no cypress detected)	200
Class 1 (1-10 percent)	131
Class 2 (11-20 percent)	5
Class 3 (21-30 percent)	0
Class 4 (>31 percent)	0

Issues and confidence levels for ADS40 spatial products		
ADS40 image quality	Issues	Confidence levels
High	Image classification and mapping includes other species	Lower

Lindsay types	Area (hectares)	Proportion of total (%)
Untyped	331	-

NSW Vegetation classification and assessment (VCA) type	NSW TSC Act ¹	EPBC Act ²
VCA 588: White Box - White Cypress Pine shrubby hills open forest mainly in the Nandewar Bioregion	-	1
VCA 511: Queensland Bluegrass - Redleg Grass - Rats Tail Grass - spear grass - panic grass derived grassland of the Nandewar and Brigalow Belt South Bioregions	-	-
VCA 84: River Oak - Rough-barked Apple - red gum - box riparian tall woodland (wetland) of the Brigalow Belt South and Nandewar Bioregions	-	-
VCA 544: Rough-barked Apple -/+ cypress pine +/- Blakely's Red Gum riparian open forest / woodland of the Nandewar and New England Tableland Bioregions	yes	yes
VCA 594: Silver-leaved Ironbark - White Cypress Pine shrubby open forest of Brigalow Belt South and Nandewar Bioregions	-	-
VCA 542: Stringybark - Rough-barked Apple - cypress pine shrubby open forest of the eastern Nandewar and western New England Tablelands Bioregions	-	-

 $^{^{1}\,\}mathrm{NSW}$ Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995

 $^{^2}$ Australian Government Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999

Native species recorded			Number
Flora			198
Fauna			118
Threatened species			
Scientific name	Common name	NSW TSC Act ¹	EPBC Act ²
Flora			
Boronia ruppii	Rupp's boronia	E1	•
Callistemon pungens	-	-	V
Fauna			
Glossopsitta pusilla	Little lorikeet	V	-
Neophema pulchella	Turquoise parrot	V	-
Climacteris picumnus victoriae	Brown treecreeper (eastern subspecies)	V	-
Chthonicola sagittata	Speckled warbler	V	-
Daphoenositta chrysoptera	Varied sittella	V	-
Melanodryas cucullata cucullata	Hooded robin (south-eastern form)	V	-
Stagonopleura guttata	Diamond firetail	V	-
Petaurus norfolcensis	Squirrel glider	V	-
Chalinolobus dwyeri	Large-eared pied bat	V	V

Cultural heritage - Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal	Number of sites
AHIMS registered sites	1
Heritage items or places of historic significance	No information available

Current management plans	Status
Plan of management	no
Fire management strategy	August 2012
Regional pest management strategy	Northern tablelands region 2012-17

Fire history	Prescribed burn (hectares)	Wildfire (hectares)
2008-09 - 2012-13	-	-

Mining	Number of titles
Exploration	none
Application	1 mineral

Apiarist sites	
None	

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